

Prospectus

May 1, 2020

Share class (Symbol): A (WABAX), C (WABCX), C1 (LWACX), FI (WAPIX), R (WABRX), I (WATFX), IS (WACSX)

WESTERN ASSET CORE BOND FUND

Beginning in January 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the fund intends to no longer mail paper copies of the fund's shareholder reports, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the fund or from your Service Agent or financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank). Instead, the reports will be made available on a website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically ("e-delivery"), you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. If you have not already elected e-delivery, you may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the fund electronically by contacting your Service Agent or, if you are a direct shareholder with the fund, by calling 1-877-721-1926.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a Service Agent, you can contact your Service Agent to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your shareholder reports. That election will apply to all Legg Mason funds held in your account at that Service Agent. If you are a direct shareholder with the fund, you can call the fund at 1-877-721-1926, or write to the fund by regular mail at Legg Mason Funds, P.O. Box 9699, Providence, RI 02940-9699 or by express, certified or registered mail to Legg Mason Funds, 4400 Computer Drive, Westborough, MA 01581 to let the fund know you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports. That election will apply to all Legg Mason Funds held in your account held directly with the fund complex.



The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or determined whether this Prospectus is accurate or complete. Any statement to the contrary is a crime.



ACTIVESHARES® ETF TRUST
LEGG MASON ETF INVESTMENT TRUST
LEGG MASON PARTNERS EQUITY TRUST
LEGG MASON GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT TRUST
LEGG MASON PARTNERS INCOME TRUST
LEGG MASON PARTNERS INSTITUTIONAL TRUST
LEGG MASON PARTNERS MONEY MARKET TRUST
LEGG MASON PARTNERS PREMIUM MONEY MARKET TRUST
WESTERN ASSET FUNDS, INC.
SUPPLEMENT DATED JULY 31, 2020
TO THE SUMMARY PROSPECTUSES, PROSPECTUSES, AND
STATEMENTS OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ("SAI")
OF THE FUNDS LISTED IN SCHEDULES A, B, AND C

For each Fund listed in Schedule A, the following disclosure replaces and supersedes the corresponding information included in the "Management" section of each Fund's Summary Prospectus (as applicable) and Prospectus, the "More on fund management" section of each Fund's Prospectus, and the "Investment Management and Service Provider Information" section of each Fund's SAI:

On July 31, 2020, Franklin Resources, Inc. ("Franklin Resources") acquired Legg Mason, Inc. ("Legg Mason") in an all-cash transaction. As a result of the transaction, Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC ("LMPFA") and the subadviser(s) became indirect, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Franklin Resources. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), consummation of the transaction automatically terminated the management and subadvisory agreements that were in place for the fund prior to the transaction. The fund's manager and subadviser(s) continue to provide uninterrupted services with respect to the fund pursuant to either new management and subadvisory agreements that were approved by fund shareholders or interim management and subadvisory agreements that were approved by the fund's board for use while the fund continues to seek shareholder approval of the new agreements.

Franklin Resources, whose principal executive offices are at One Franklin Parkway, San Mateo, California 94403, is a global investment management organization operating, together with its subsidiaries, as Franklin Templeton. As of June 30, 2020, after giving effect to the transaction described above, Franklin Templeton's asset management operations had aggregate assets under management of approximately \$1.4 trillion.

For each Fund listed in <u>Schedule B</u>, the following disclosure replaces and supersedes the corresponding information included in the "Management" section of each Fund's Summary Prospectus and Prospectus, the "More on fund management" section of each Fund's Prospectus, and the "Investment Management and Service Provider Information" section of each Fund's SAI:

On July 31, 2020, Franklin Resources, Inc. ("Franklin Resources") acquired Legg Mason, Inc. ("Legg Mason") in an all-cash transaction. As a result of the transaction, ClearBridge Investments, LLC ("ClearBridge"), Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC ("LMPFA"), and Western Asset Management Company, LLC ("Western Asset") became indirect, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Franklin Resources. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), consummation of the transaction automatically terminated the management, sub-administration and subadvisory agreements that were in place for the fund prior to the transaction. The fund's manager and subadviser(s) continue to provide uninterrupted services with respect to the fund pursuant to new management and subadvisory agreements that were approved by fund shareholders.

Franklin Resources, whose principal executive offices are at One Franklin Parkway, San Mateo, California 94403, is a global investment management organization operating, together with its subsidiaries, as Franklin Templeton. As of June 30, 2020, after giving effect to the transaction described above, Franklin Templeton's asset management operations had aggregate assets under management of approximately \$1.4 trillion.

For the Fund listed in <u>Schedule C</u>, the following disclosure replaces and supersedes the corresponding information included in the "Management" section of the Fund's Summary Prospectus and Prospectus, the "More on fund management" section of the Fund's Prospectus, and the "Investment Management and Service Provider Information" section of the Fund's SAI:

On July 31, 2020, Franklin Resources, Inc. ("Franklin Resources") acquired Legg Mason, Inc. ("Legg Mason") in an all-cash transaction. As a result of the transaction, Royce & Associates, LP ("Royce"), Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC ("LMPFA"), and Western Asset Management Company, LLC ("Western Asset") became subsidiaries of Franklin Resources. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), consummation of the transaction automatically terminated the management and subadvisory agreements that were in place for the fund prior to the transaction. The fund's manager and subadviser(s) continue to provide uninterrupted services with respect to the fund pursuant to new management and subadvisory agreements that were approved by fund shareholders.

Franklin Resources, whose principal executive offices are at One Franklin Parkway, San Mateo, California 94403, is a global investment management organization operating, together with its subsidiaries, as Franklin Templeton. As of June 30, 2020, after giving effect to the transaction described above, Franklin Templeton's asset management operations had aggregate assets under management of approximately \$1.4 trillion.

For each Fund listed in <u>Schedules A and B</u>, the following disclosure replaces and supersedes the corresponding information included in the "Distribution" subsection of the "More on fund management" section of each Fund's Prospectus:

Legg Mason Investor Services, LLC ("LMIS"), an indirect, wholly-owned broker/dealer subsidiary of Franklin Resources, serves as the fund's sole and exclusive distributor.

For each Fund listed in <u>Schedules A, B, and C,</u> the following disclosure replaces and supersedes the corresponding information included in the "Distributor" section of each Fund's SAI:

Legg Mason Investor Services, LLC, an indirect, wholly-owned broker-dealer subsidiary of Franklin Resources, located at 100 International Drive, Baltimore, Maryland 21202, serves as the sole and exclusive distributor of the Fund pursuant to a written agreement (as amended, the "Distribution Agreement").

SCHEDULE A

Fund	Prospectus, Prospectus, and SAI
ACTIVESHARES® ETF TRUST	
ClearBridge Focus Value ETF	April 9, 2020
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LEGG MASON ETF INVESTMENT TRUST	Manala 4, 0000 aa
Legg Mason Global Infrastructure ETF	March 1, 2020, as revised July 1, 2020
Legg Mason International Low Volatility High Dividend ETF	March 1, 2020, as
20gg macon monational zon volatim, mgn zimaona zin inininini	revised July 1, 2020
Legg Mason Low Volatility High Dividend ETF	March 1, 2020, as
	revised July 1, 2020
ClearBridge All Cap Growth ETF	February 1, 2020, as
Clear Pridge Dividend Strategy ESC ETE	revised July 1, 2020 March 31, 2020, as
ClearBridge Dividend Strategy ESG ETF	revised July 1, 2020
ClearBridge Large Cap Growth ESG ETF	March 31, 2020 as
2	revised July 1, 2020
Western Asset Short Duration Income ETF	November 29, 2019, as
	revised July 1, 2020
Western Asset Total Return ETF	May 1, 2020, as
	revised July 1, 2020
LEGG MASON GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT TRUST	
ClearBridge Global Infrastructure Income Fund	February 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Alternative Credit Fund	March 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Diversified US Large Cap Value Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – Dynamic US Large Cap Value Fund	February 1, 2020 February 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Bynamic OS Large Cap value i did	May 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global High Yield Fund	February 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Opportunities Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Opportunities Bond Fund (USD Hedged)	May 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Unconstrained Bond Fund	March 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – International Opportunities Bond Fund	May 1, 2020 February 1, 2020
Martin Currie International Unconstrained Equity Fund	September 30, 2019
Martin Currie SMASh Series EM Fund	November 29, 2019
QS Global Market Neutral Fund	February 1, 2020
QS International Equity Fund	February 1, 2020
QS Strategic Real Return Fund	February 1, 2020
QS U.S. Small Capitalization Equity Fund	May 1, 2020
LEGG MASON PARTNERS EQUITY TRUST	
ClearBridge Aggressive Growth Fund	December 27, 2019
ClearBridge All Cap Value Fund	February 1, 2020
ClearBridge Appreciation Fund	March 1, 2020 May 1, 2020
ClearBridge International Small Cap Fund	February 1, 2020
ClearBridge International Value Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Large Cap Growth Fund	March 31, 2020
ClearBridge Large Cap Value Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Mid Cap Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Mid Cap Growth Fund	March 1, 2020 March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Small Cap Growth Fund	March 1, 2020
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Date of Summary

Prospectus, and **Fund** SAI ClearBridge Small Cap Value Fund February 1, 2020 ClearBridge Sustainability Leaders Fund March 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 QS Conservative Growth Fund June 1, 2020 QS Defensive Growth Fund June 1, 2020 QS Global Dividend Fund February 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 QS Growth Fund June 1, 2020 June 1, 2020 QS Moderate Growth Fund February 1, 2020 QS U.S. Large Cap Equity Fund March 31, 2020 LEGG MASON PARTNERS INCOME TRUST Western Asset California Municipals Fund June 30, 2020 May 1, 2020 Western Asset Corporate Bond Fund June 30, 2020 Western Asset Global High Yield Bond Fund May 1, 2020 Western Asset Income Fund November 29, 2019 March 31, 2020 Western Asset Intermediate Maturity New York Municipals Fund March 31, 2020 Western Asset Intermediate-Term Municipals Fund August 1, 2019 Western Asset Managed Municipals Fund June 30, 2020 Western Asset Massachusetts Municipals Fund March 31, 2020 May 1, 2020 Western Asset Municipal High Income Fund November 29, 2019 Western Asset New Jersey Municipals Fund August 1, 2019 August 1, 2019 August 30, 2019 August 1, 2019 Western Asset Short Duration High Income Fund November 29, 2019 Western Asset Short Duration Municipal Income Fund June 30, 2020 Western Asset Short-Term Bond Fund May 1, 2020 September 30, 2019 LEGG MASON PARTNERS INSTITUTIONAL TRUST Western Asset Institutional Government Reserves December 27, 2019 December 27, 2019 Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Money Market Fund . . . December 27, 2019 Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves December 27, 2019 Western Asset Premier Institutional Government Reserves October 28, 2019 October 28, 2019 October 28, 2019 Western Asset Select Tax Free Reserves December 27, 2019 Western Asset SMASh Series EC Fund June 30, 2020 Western Asset SMASh Series C Fund June 30, 2020 Western Asset SMASh Series M Fund June 30, 2020 Western Asset SMASh Series TF Fund June 30, 2020 LEGG MASON PARTNERS MONEY MARKET TRUST Western Asset Government Reserves December 27, 2019 December 27, 2019 Western Asset Tax Free Reserves December 27, 2019 December 27, 2019 Western Asset U.S. Treasury Reserves

Date of Summary Prospectus,

Fund	Date of Summary Prospectus, Prospectus, and SAI
LEGG MASON PARTNERS PREMIUM MONEY MARKET TRUST	
Western Asset Premium Liquid Reserves	December 27, 2019 December 27, 2019
WESTERN ASSET FUNDS, INC.	
Western Asset Core Bond Fund Western Asset Core Plus Bond Fund Western Asset High Yield Fund Western Asset Inflation Indexed Plus Bond Fund Western Asset Intermediate Bond Fund Western Asset Macro Opportunities Fund Western Asset Total Return Unconstrained Fund	May 1, 2020 May 1, 2020 September 30, 2019 May 1, 2020 September 30, 2019 March 1, 2020 September 30, 2019
SCHEDULE B	
Fund	Date of Summary Prospectus, Prospectus, and SAI
LEGG MASON GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT TRUST	
ClearBridge International Growth Fund ClearBridge Small Cap Fund ClearBridge Value Trust	March 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 March 1, 2020
SCHEDULE C	
<u>Fund</u>	Date of Summary Prospectus, Prospectus, and SAI
LEGG MASON ETF INVESTMENT TRUST	
Legg Mason Small-Cap Quality Value ETF	November 29, 2019, as revised July 1, 2020

Please retain this supplement for future reference.



LEGG MASON GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT TRUST LEGG MASON PARTNERS EQUITY TRUST LEGG MASON PARTNERS INCOME TRUST WESTERN ASSET FUNDS, INC. SUPPLEMENT DATED JULY 1, 2020 TO THE PROSPECTUSES OF EACH FUND LISTED IN SCHEDULE A

1a) For each of the funds listed in <u>Schedule A</u>, the following disclosure is added to each fund's Prospectus in the appendix titled "Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents":

Waivers Specific to Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated ("Stifel")

Effective July 1, 2020, shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Stifel platform or account or who own shares for which Stifel or an affiliate is the broker-dealer of record are eligible for the following additional sales charge waiver.

Front-end Sales Load Waiver on Class A Shares

 Class C shares that have been held for more than seven (7) years will be converted to Class A shares of the same Fund pursuant to Stifel's policies and procedures. All other sales charge waivers and reductions described elsewhere in the fund's prospectus or statement of additional information ("SAI") still apply.

SCHEDULE A

Fund	Date of Prospectus
LEGG MASON GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT TRUST	
BrandywineGLOBAL – Alternative Credit Fund	March 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Diversified US Large Cap Value Fund	February 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Dynamic US Large Cap Value Fund	February 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Flexible Income Fund	May 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global High Yield Fund	February 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Opportunities Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Opportunities Bond Fund (USD Hedged)	May 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Unconstrained Bond Fund	March 1, 2020
BrandywineGLOBAL – International Opportunities Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
ClearBridge Global Infrastructure Income Fund	February 1, 2020
ClearBridge International Growth Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Small Cap Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Value Trust	March 1, 2020
Martin Currie Emerging Markets Fund	February 1, 2020
Martin Currie International Unconstrained Equity Fund	September 30, 2019
QS Global Market Neutral Fund	February 1, 2020
QS International Equity Fund	February 1, 2020
QS Strategic Real Return Fund	February 1, 2020
QS U.S. Small Capitalization Equity Fund	May 1, 2020
LEGG MASON PARTNERS EQUITY TRUST	
ClearBridge Aggressive Growth Fund	December 27, 2019
ClearBridge All Cap Value Fund	February 1, 2020
ClearBridge Appreciation Fund	March 1, 2020

Fund	Date of Prospectus
ClearBridge Dividend Strategy Fund	May 1, 2020
ClearBridge International Small Cap Fund	February 1, 2020
ClearBridge International Value Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Large Cap Growth Fund	March 31, 2020
ClearBridge Large Cap Value Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Mid Cap Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Mid Cap Growth Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Select Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Small Cap Growth Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Small Cap Value Fund	February 1, 2020
ClearBridge Sustainability Leaders Fund	March 1, 2020
ClearBridge Tactical Dividend Income Fund	March 1, 2020 June 1, 2020
QS Conservative Growth Fund	June 1, 2020
QS Global Dividend Fund	February 1, 2020
QS Global Equity Fund	March 1, 2020
QS Growth Fund	June 1, 2020
QS Moderate Growth Fund	June 1, 2020
QS U.S. Large Cap Equity Fund	March 31, 2020
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LEGG MASON PARTNERS INCOME TRUST	
Western Asset California Municipals Fund	June 30, 2020
Western Asset Corporate Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Emerging Markets Debt Fund	June 30, 2020
Western Asset Global High Yield Bond Fund	May 1, 2020 November 29, 2019
Western Asset Intermediate Maturity California Municipals Fund	March 31, 2020
Western Asset Intermediate Maturity New York Municipals Fund	March 31, 2020
Western Asset Intermediate-Term Municipals Fund	August 1, 2019
Western Asset Managed Municipals Fund	June 30, 2020
Western Asset Massachusetts Municipals Fund	March 31, 2020
Western Asset Mortgage Total Return Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Municipal High Income Fund	November 29, 2019
Western Asset New Jersey Municipals Fund	August 1, 2019
Western Asset New York Municipals Fund	August 1, 2019
Western Asset Oregon Municipals Fund	August 30, 2019
Western Asset Pennsylvania Municipals Fund	August 1, 2019
Western Asset Short Duration High Income Fund	November 29, 2019
Western Asset Short Duration Municipal Income Fund	June 30, 2020
Western Asset Short-Term Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Ultra-Short Income Fund	September 30, 2019
WESTERN ASSET FUNDS, INC.	
Western Asset Core Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Core Plus Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset High Yield Fund	September 30, 2019
Western Asset Inflation Indexed Plus Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Intermediate Bond Fund	September 30, 2019
Western Asset Macro Opportunities Fund	March 1, 2020
Western Asset Total Return Unconstrained Fund	September 30, 2019

Please retain this supplement for future reference.



LEGG MASON GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT TRUST LEGG MASON PARTNERS EQUITY TRUST LEGG MASON PARTNERS INCOME TRUST WESTERN ASSET FUNDS, INC. SUPPLEMENT DATED MAY 15, 2020 TO THE PROSPECTUSES OF EACH FUND LISTED IN SCHEDULE A

For each of the funds listed in Schedule A, the following disclosure is added to each fund's Prospectus in the appendix titled "Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents":

OPPENHEIMER & CO. INC.

Effective May 15th, 2020, shareholders purchasing Fund shares through an Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. ("OPCO") platform or account are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's prospectus or SAI.

Front-end Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at OPCO

- Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan
- Shares purchased by or through a 529 Plan
- Shares purchased through a OPCO affiliated investment advisory program
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family)
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Restatement).
- A shareholder in the Fund's Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of OPCO
- Employees and registered representatives of OPCO or its affiliates and their family members
- Directors or Trustees of the Fund, and employees of the Fund's investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in this prospectus

CDSC Waivers on A, B and C Shares available at OPCO

- Death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's prospectus
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the prospectus
- Shares sold to pay OPCO fees but only if the transaction is initiated by OPCO
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement

Front-end load Discounts Available at OPCO: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.
- Rights of Accumulation (ROA) which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be
 automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts
 within the purchaser's household at OPCO. Eligible fund family assets not held at OPCO may be
 included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about
 such assets.

BAIRD

Effective June 15, 2020, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Baird platform or account will only be eligible for the following sales charge waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and CDSC waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this prospectus or the SAI

Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Class A shares Available at Baird

- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund
- Shares purchased by employees and registered representatives of Baird or its affiliate and their family members as designated by Baird
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions from another Legg Mason-sponsored fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same accounts, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge (known as rights of reinstatement)
- A shareholder in the funds' Class C Shares will have their share converted at net asset value to Class A shares of the fund if the shares are no longer subject to CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Baird
- Employer-sponsored retirement plans or charitable accounts in a transactional brokerage account at Baird, including 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans. For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or SAR-SEPs

CDSC Waivers on Class A and C shares Available at Baird

- Shares sold due to death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the Fund's Prospectus
- · Shares bought due to returns of excess contributions from an IRA Account
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable Internal Revenue Service regulations as described in the Fund's prospectus
- Shares sold to pay Baird fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Baird
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement

Front-End Sales Charge Discounts Available at Baird: Breakpoints and/or Rights of Accumulations

- · Breakpoints as described in this prospectus
- Rights of accumulations which entitles shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically
 calculated based on the aggregated holding of Legg Mason-sponsored fund assets held by
 accounts within the purchaser's household at Baird. Eligible Legg Mason-sponsored fund assets
 not held at Baird may be included in the rights of accumulations calculation only if the shareholder
 notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets
- Letters of Intent (LOI) allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases of Legg Mason-sponsored funds through Baird, over a 13-month period of time

SCHEDULE A

Fund	Date of Prospectus
LEGG MASON GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT TRUST	
ClearBridge International Growth Fund ClearBridge Global Infrastructure Income Fund ClearBridge Small Cap Fund ClearBridge Value Trust BrandywineGLOBAL – Alternative Credit Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – Diversified US Large Cap Value Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – Dynamic US Large Cap Value Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Flexible Income Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – Global High Yield Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Opportunities Bond Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Opportunities Bond Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – Global Unconstrained Bond Fund BrandywineGLOBAL – International Opportunities Bond Fund Martin Currie Emerging Markets Fund Martin Currie International Unconstrained Equity Fund QS Global Market Neutral Fund QS International Equity Fund QS Strategic Real Return Fund QS U.S. Small Capitalization Equity Fund	March 1, 2020 February 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 February 1, 2020 February 1, 2020 February 1, 2020 May 1, 2020 May 1, 2020 May 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 May 1, 2020 February 1, 2020 May 1, 2020
LEGG MASON PARTNERS EQUITY TRUST	•
ClearBridge Aggressive Growth Fund ClearBridge All Cap Value Fund ClearBridge Appreciation Fund ClearBridge Dividend Strategy Fund ClearBridge International Small Cap Fund ClearBridge International Value Fund ClearBridge Large Cap Growth Fund ClearBridge Large Cap Value Fund ClearBridge Mid Cap Fund ClearBridge Mid Cap Fund ClearBridge Mid Cap Growth Fund ClearBridge Select Fund ClearBridge Small Cap Growth Fund ClearBridge Small Cap Walue Fund ClearBridge Small Cap Value Fund ClearBridge Small Cap Value Fund ClearBridge Small Cap Value Fund ClearBridge Sustainability Leaders Fund ClearBridge Tactical Dividend Income Fund QS Conservative Growth Fund QS Conservative Growth Fund QS Global Dividend Fund QS Global Equity Fund QS Growth Fund QS Growth Fund QS Moderate Growth Fund QS Moderate Growth Fund	December 27, 2019 February 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 May 1, 2020 February 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 March 31, 2020 March 1, 2020 February 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 June 1, 2019 June 1, 2019 February 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 June 1, 2019 February 1, 2020 March 1, 2020 June 1, 2019 June 1, 2019 June 1, 2019 March 31, 2020
LEGG MASON PARTNERS INCOME TRUST	
Western Asset California Municipals Fund Western Asset Corporate Bond Fund Western Asset Emerging Markets Debt Fund Western Asset Global High Yield Bond Fund Western Asset Income Fund Western Asset Intermediate Maturity California Municipals Fund Western Asset Intermediate Maturity New York Municipals Fund Western Asset Intermediate-Term Municipals Fund	June 28, 2019 May 1, 2020 June 28, 2019 May 1, 2020 November 29, 2019 March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 August 1, 2019

Fund	Date of Prospectus
Western Asset Managed Municipals Fund	June 28, 2019
Western Asset Massachusetts Municipals Fund	March 31, 2020
Western Asset Mortgage Total Return Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Municipal High Income Fund	November 29, 2019
Western Asset New Jersey Municipals Fund	August 1, 2019
Western Asset New York Municipals Fund	August 1, 2019
Western Asset Oregon Municipals Fund	August 30, 2019
Western Asset Pennsylvania Municipals Fund	August 1, 2019
Western Asset Short Duration High Income Fund	November 29, 2019
Western Asset Short Duration Municipal Income Fund	June 28, 2019
Western Asset Short-Term Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Ultra-Short Income Fund (formerly, Western Asset Adjustable	
Rate Income Fund)	September 30, 2019
WESTERN ASSET FUNDS, INC.	
Western Asset Core Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Core Plus Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset High Yield Fund	September 30, 2019
Western Asset Inflation Indexed Plus Bond Fund	May 1, 2020
Western Asset Intermediate Bond Fund	September 30, 2019
Western Asset Macro Opportunities Fund	March 1, 2020
Western Asset Total Return Unconstrained Fund	September 30, 2019

Please retain this supplement for future reference.

Investment objective

Maximize total return, consistent with prudent investment management and liquidity needs, by investing to obtain the average duration specified below.

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Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents	A-1

Fees and expenses of the fund

The accompanying table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the fund.

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$100,000 in funds distributed through Legg Mason Investor Services, LLC ("LMIS"), the fund's distributor. More information about these and other discounts is available from your Service Agent, in the fund's Prospectus on page 30 under the heading "Sales charges," in the appendix titled "Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents" on page A-1 of the fund's Prospectus and in the fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") on page 87 under the heading "Sales Charge Waivers and Reductions for Class A and Class A2 Shares." "Service Agents" include banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, investment advisers, financial consultants or advisers, mutual fund supermarkets and other financial intermediaries that have entered into an agreement with LMIS to sell shares of the fund.

If you purchase Class I shares or Class IS shares through a Service Agent acting solely as an agent on behalf of its customers, that Service Agent may charge you a commission. Such commissions, if any, are not charged by the fund and are not reflected in the fee table or expense example below.

Shareholder fees

	Class A	Class C	Class C1	Class FI	Class R	Class I	Class IS
Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases (as a % of offering price)	4.25 ^{1,2}	None	None	None	None	None	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load) (as a % of the lower of net asset value at purchase or redemption) ³	None ⁴	1.00	1.00	None	None	None	None
Small account fee ⁵	\$15	\$15	\$15	None	None	None	None

Annual fund operating expenses (%)

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class C1	Class FI	Class R	Class I	Class IS
Management fees	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees	0.25	1.00	0.70	0.25	0.50	None	None
Other expenses	0.18^{6}	0.12	0.09	0.16	0.23	0.14	0.03
Total annual fund operating expenses	0.83	1.52	1.19	0.81	1.13	0.54	0.43
Fees waived and/or expenses reimbursed ⁷	(0.01)	_	_	_	_	(0.09)	(0.01)
Total annual fund operating expenses after waiving fees and/or reimbursing expenses	0.82	1.52	1.19	0.81	1.13	0.45	0.42

¹ The sales charge is waived for shareholders purchasing Class A shares through accounts where LMIS is the broker-dealer of record ("LMIS Accounts").

² Shareholders purchasing Class A shares through certain Service Agents or in certain types of accounts may be eligible for a waiver of the sales charge. For additional information, see "Sales charges" in the Prospectus.

³ Maximum deferred sales charge (load) may be reduced over time.

⁴ You may buy Class A shares in amounts of \$1,000,000 or more at net asset value (without an initial sales charge), but if you redeem those shares within 18 months of their purchase, you will pay a contingent deferred sales charge of 1.00%.

⁵ If the value of your account is below \$1,000 (\$250 for retirement plans that are not employer-sponsored), the fund may charge you a fee of \$3.75 per account that is determined and assessed quarterly by the fund or your Service Agent (with an annual maximum of \$15.00 per account). Please contact your Service Agent or the fund for more information.

- ⁶ "Other expenses" for Class A shares have been restated to exclude fees recaptured pursuant to the fund's expense limitation arrangements. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, amounts recaptured totaled 0.01% for Class A shares.
- ⁷ The manager has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse operating expenses (other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses), so that the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses will not exceed 0.82% for Class A shares, 1.65% for Class C shares, 1.42% for Class C1 shares, 0.85% for Class FI shares, 1.15% for Class R shares, 0.45% for Class I shares and 0.42% for Class IS shares, subject to recapture as described below. In addition, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses for Class IS shares will not exceed the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses for Class I shares, subject to recapture as described below. These arrangements cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2021 without the Board's consent. The manager is permitted to recapture amounts waived and/or reimbursed to a class within two years after the fiscal year in which the manager earned the fee or incurred the expense if the class' total annual fund operating expenses have fallen to a level below the limits described above. In no case will the manager recapture any amount that would result, on any particular business day of the fund, in the class' total annual fund operating expenses exceeding the applicable limits described above or any other lower limit then in effect. In addition, the manager has agreed to waive the fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund. This management fee waiver is not subject to the recapture provision discussed above.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes:

- You invest \$10,000 in the fund for the time periods indicated
- Your investment has a 5% return each year and the fund's operating expenses remain the same (except that any applicable fee waiver or expense reimbursement is reflected only through its expiration date)
- You reinvest all distributions and dividends without a sales charge

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Number of years you own your shares (\$)				
	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Class A (with or without redemption at end of period)	505	678	866	1,408
Class C (with redemption at end of period)	255	481	829	1,811
Class C (without redemption at end of period)	155	481	829	1,811
Class C1 (with redemption at end of period)	221	378	655	1,445
Class C1 (without redemption at end of period)	121	378	655	1,445
Class FI (with or without redemption at end of period)	83	259	450	1,003
Class R (with or without redemption at end of period)	115	359	622	1,374
Class I (with or without redemption at end of period)	46	164	293	669
Class IS (with or without redemption at end of period)	43	137	240	542

Portfolio turnover. The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 125% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal investment strategies

The fund invests in a portfolio of fixed income securities of various maturities and, under normal market conditions, will invest at least 80% of its net assets, including the amount of borrowing for investment purposes, if any, in debt and fixed income securities. Although the fund may invest in debt and fixed income securities of any maturity, under normal market conditions the target dollar-weighted average effective duration for the fund is expected to range within 20% of the average duration of the domestic bond market as a whole as estimated by the fund's subadviser. Effective duration seeks to measure the expected sensitivity of market price to changes in interest rates, taking into account the anticipated effects of structural complexities (for example, some bonds can be prepaid by the issuer).

The fund presently intends to limit its investments to U.S. dollar denominated securities and currently anticipates that it will generally only purchase debt securities that are rated in the Baa or BBB categories or above at the time of purchase by one or more Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations ("NRSROs") or unrated securities of comparable quality at the time of purchase (as determined by the subadviser). These securities are known as "investment grade securities." The fund may invest up to 25% of its total assets in the securities of non-U.S. issuers. The fund may invest a substantial portion of its assets in mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities.

The fund may also enter into various exchange-traded and over-the-counter derivative transactions for both hedging and non-hedging purposes, including for purposes of enhancing returns. These derivative transactions include, but are not limited to, futures, options and swaps.

In particular, the fund may use interest rate swaps, credit default swaps (including buying and selling credit default swaps on individual securities and/or baskets of securities), options (including options on credit default swaps) and futures contracts to a significant extent, although the amounts invested in these instruments may change from time to time. Other instruments may also be used to a significant extent from time to time.

Principal risks

Risk is inherent in all investing. The value of your investment in the fund, as well as the amount of return you receive on your investment, may fluctuate significantly. You may lose part or all of your investment in the fund or your investment may not perform as well as other similar investments. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by any bank or government agency. The following is a summary description of certain risks of investing in the fund.

Market and interest rate risk. The market prices of the fund's securities may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions, tariffs and trade disruptions, inflation, changes in interest rates, lack of liquidity in the bond markets or adverse investor sentiment. If the market prices of the fund's securities fall, the value of your investment will decline. The value of your investment will generally go down when interest rates rise. A rise in rates tends to have a greater impact on the prices of longer term or duration securities. A general rise in interest rates may cause investors to move out of fixed income securities on a large scale, which could adversely affect the price and liquidity of fixed income securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the fund.

The maturity of a security may be significantly longer than its duration. A security's maturity and other features may be more relevant than its duration in determining the security's sensitivity to other factors affecting the issuer or markets generally such as changes in credit quality or in the yield premium that the market may establish for certain types of securities.

Credit risk. If an issuer or guarantor of a security held by the fund or a counterparty to a financial contract with the fund defaults or its credit is downgraded, or is perceived to be less creditworthy, or if the value of the assets underlying a security declines, the value of your investment will typically decline. The fund could be delayed or hindered in its enforcement of rights against an issuer, guarantor or counterparty.

Derivatives risk. Using derivatives can increase fund losses and reduce opportunities for gains when market prices, interest rates, currencies, or the derivatives themselves behave in a way not anticipated by the fund. Using derivatives also can have a leveraging effect and increase fund volatility. Certain derivatives have the potential for unlimited loss, regardless of the size of the initial investment. Derivatives may not be available at the time or price desired, may be difficult to sell, unwind or value, and the counterparty may default on its obligations to the fund. Derivatives are generally subject to the risks applicable to the assets, rates, indices or other indicators underlying the derivative. The value of a derivative may fluctuate more than the underlying assets, rates, indices or other indicators to which it relates. Use of derivatives may have different tax consequences for the fund than an investment in the underlying security, and those differences may affect the amount, timing and character of income distributed to shareholders. The U.S. government and foreign governments are in the process of adopting and implementing regulations governing derivatives markets, including mandatory clearing of certain derivatives, margin and reporting requirements. The ultimate impact of the regulations remains unclear. Additional regulation of derivatives may make derivatives more costly, limit their availability or utility, otherwise adversely affect their performance or disrupt markets.

Credit default swap contracts involve heightened risks and may result in losses to the fund. Credit default swaps may be illiquid and difficult to value. When the fund sells credit protection via a credit default swap, credit risk increases since the fund has exposure to both the issuer whose credit is the subject of the swap and the counterparty to the swap.

Leverage risk. The value of your investment may be more volatile if the fund borrows or uses instruments, such as derivatives, that have a leveraging effect on the fund's portfolio. Other risks described in the Prospectus also will be compounded because leverage generally magnifies the effect of a change in the value of an asset and creates a risk of loss of value on a larger pool of assets than the fund would otherwise have had. The fund may also have to sell assets at inopportune times to satisfy its obligations. The use of leverage is considered to be a speculative investment practice and may result in the loss of a substantial amount, and possibly all, of the fund's assets. In addition, the fund's portfolio will be leveraged if it exercises its right to delay payment on a redemption, and losses will result if the value of the fund's assets declines between the time a redemption request is deemed to be received by the fund and the time the fund liquidates assets to meet redemption requests.

Illiquidity risk. Some assets held by the fund may be impossible or difficult to sell and some assets that the fund wants to invest in may be impossible or difficult to purchase, particularly during times of market turmoil or due to adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer. These illiquid assets may also be difficult to value. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers or sellers or when dealers are unwilling or unable to make a market for certain securities. As a general matter, dealers recently have been less willing to make markets for fixed income securities. Recent federal banking regulations may also cause certain dealers to reduce their inventories of certain securities, which may further decrease the fund's ability to buy or sell such securities. If the fund is forced to sell an illiquid asset to meet redemption requests or other cash needs, the fund may be forced to sell at a loss. The fund may not receive its proceeds from the sale of certain securities for an extended period (for example, several weeks or even longer).

Foreign investments and emerging markets risk. The fund's investments in securities of foreign issuers or issuers with significant exposure to foreign markets involve additional risk as compared to investments in U.S. securities or issuers with predominantly domestic exposure, such as less liquid, less transparent, less regulated and more volatile markets. The value of the fund's investments may decline because of factors affecting the particular issuer as well as foreign markets and issuers generally, such as unfavorable or unsuccessful government actions, reduction of government or central bank support, inadequate accounting standards, lack of information and political, economic, financial or social instability.

The value of investments in securities denominated in foreign currencies increases or decreases as the rates of exchange between those currencies and the U.S. dollar change. Currency conversion costs and currency fluctuations could erase investment gains or add to investment losses. Currency

exchange rates can be volatile, and are affected by factors such as general economic conditions, the actions of the U.S. and foreign governments or central banks, the imposition of currency controls and speculation. The fund may be unable or may choose not to hedge its foreign currency exposure.

Less developed markets are more likely to experience problems with the clearing and settling of trades and the holding of securities by local banks, agents and depositories. Settlement of trades in these markets can take longer than in other markets and the fund may not receive its proceeds from the sale of certain securities for an extended period (possibly several weeks or even longer).

The risks of foreign investments are heightened when investing in issuers in emerging market countries. Emerging market countries tend to have economic, political and legal systems that are less developed and are less stable than those of more developed countries. They are often particularly sensitive to market movements because their market prices tend to reflect speculative expectations. Low trading volumes may result in a lack of liquidity and in extreme price volatility.

Prepayment or call risk. Many issuers have a right to prepay their fixed income securities. Issuers may be more likely to prepay their securities if interest rates fall. If this happens, the fund will not benefit from the rise in the market price of the securities that normally accompanies a decline in interest rates, and will be forced to reinvest prepayment proceeds at a time when yields on securities available in the market are lower than the yield on prepaid securities. The fund may also lose any premium it paid to purchase the securities.

Extension risk. When interest rates rise, repayments of fixed income securities, particularly asset- and mortgage-backed securities, may occur more slowly than anticipated, extending the effective duration of these fixed income securities at below market interest rates and causing their market prices to decline more than they would have declined due to the rise in interest rates alone. This may cause the fund's share price to be more volatile.

Risk of investing in fewer issuers. To the extent the fund invests its assets in a small number of issuers, or in issuers in related businesses or that are subject to related operating risks, the fund will be more susceptible to negative events affecting those issuers.

Valuation risk. The sales price the fund could receive for any particular portfolio investment may differ from the fund's valuation of the investment, particularly for securities that trade in thin or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. Investors who purchase or redeem fund shares on days when the fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive fewer or more shares or lower or higher redemption proceeds than they would have received if the fund had not fair-valued securities or had used a different valuation methodology. The fund's ability to value its investments may be impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third party service providers. The valuation of the fund's investments involves subjective judgment.

Market events risk. The market values of securities or other assets will fluctuate, sometimes sharply and unpredictably, due to changes in general market conditions, overall economic trends or events, governmental actions or intervention, actions taken by the U.S. Federal Reserve or foreign central banks, market disruptions caused by trade disputes or other factors, political developments, investor sentiment, the global and domestic effects of a pandemic, and other factors that may or may not be related to the issuer of the security or other asset. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are increasingly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, public health events, terrorism, natural disasters and other circumstances in one country or region could have profound impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries directly affected, the value and liquidity of the fund's investments may be negatively affected.

The rapid and global spread of a highly contagious novel coronavirus respiratory disease, designated COVID-19, first detected in China in December 2019, has resulted in extreme volatility in the financial markets and severe losses; reduced liquidity of many instruments; restrictions on international and, in some cases, local travel; significant disruptions to business operations (including business closures); strained healthcare systems; disruptions to supply chains, consumer demand and employee availability; and widespread uncertainty regarding the duration and long-term effects of this pandemic. Some sectors of the economy and individual issuers have experienced particularly large losses. In addition, the COVID-19 pandemic may result in a sustained economic downturn or a global recession, domestic and foreign political and social instability, damage to diplomatic and international trade relations and increased volatility and/or decreased liquidity in the securities markets. The ultimate economic fallout from the pandemic, and the long-term impact on economies, markets, industries and individual issuers, are not known. The U.S. government and the Federal Reserve, as well as certain foreign governments and central banks, are taking extraordinary actions to support local and global economies and the financial markets in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, including by pushing interest rates to very low levels. This and other government intervention into the economy and financial markets to address the COVID-19 pandemic may not work as intended, particularly if the efforts are perceived by investors as being unlikely to achieve the desired results. The COVID-19 pandemic could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the fund's investments, impair the fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the fund's performance. In addition, the outbreak of COVID-19, and measures taken to mitigate its effects, could result in disruptions to the services provided to the fund by its service providers

LIBOR risk. The fund's investments, payment obligations, and financing terms may be based on floating rates, such as the London Interbank Offered Rate, or "LIBOR," which is the offered rate for short-term Eurodollar deposits between major international banks. Plans are underway to phase out the use of LIBOR by the end of 2021. There remains uncertainty regarding the nature of any replacement rate and the impact of the transition from LIBOR on the fund's transactions and the financial markets generally. As such, the potential effect of a transition away from LIBOR on the fund's investments cannot yet be determined.

Hedging risk. There can be no assurance that the fund will engage in hedging transactions at any given time, even under volatile market conditions, or that any hedging transactions the fund engages in will be successful. Hedging transactions involve costs and may reduce gains or result in losses.

Cash management and defensive investing risk. The value of the investments held by the fund for cash management or defensive investing purposes can fluctuate. Like other fixed income securities, they are subject to risk, including market, interest rate and credit risk. If the fund holds cash uninvested, the cash will be subject to the credit risk of the depository institution holding the cash and the fund will not earn income on the cash. If a significant amount of the fund's assets is used for cash management or defensive investing purposes, the fund will be less likely to achieve its investment objective. Defensive investing may not work as intended and the value of an investment in the fund may still decline.

Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities risk. When market interest rates increase, the market values of mortgage-backed securities decline. At the same time, mortgage refinancings and prepayments slow, which lengthens the effective duration of these securities. As a result, the negative effect of the interest rate increase on the market value of mortgage-backed securities is usually more pronounced than it is for other types of fixed income securities, potentially increasing the volatility of the fund. Conversely, when market interest rates decline, while the value of mortgage-backed securities may increase, the rate of prepayment of the underlying mortgages also tends to increase, which shortens the effective duration of these securities. Mortgage-backed securities are also subject to the risk that underlying borrowers will be unable to meet their obligations and the value of property that secures the mortgage may decline in value and be insufficient, upon foreclosure, to repay the associated loan. Investments in asset-backed securities are subject to similar risks.

Portfolio management risk. The value of your investment may decrease if the subadvisers' judgment about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, or about interest rates, is incorrect or does not produce the desired results, or if there are imperfections, errors or limitations in the models, tools and data used by the subadvisers. In addition, the fund's investment strategies or policies may change from time to time. Those changes may not lead to the results intended by the subadvisers and could have an adverse effect on the value or performance of the fund.

Portfolio turnover risk. Active and frequent trading may increase a shareholder's tax liability and the fund's transaction costs, which could detract from fund performance.

Redemption risk. The fund may experience heavy redemptions that could cause the fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or unfavorable prices or increase or accelerate taxable gains or transaction costs and may negatively affect the fund's NAV, performance, or ability to satisfy redemptions in a timely manner, which could cause the value of your investment to decline.

Cybersecurity risk. Cybersecurity incidents, both intentional and unintentional, may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to fund assets, fund or customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, cause the fund, the manager, the subadvisers and/or their service providers (including, but not limited to, fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality or prevent fund investors from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares or receiving distributions. The fund, the manager, and the subadvisers have limited ability to prevent or mitigate cybersecurity incidents affecting third party service providers, and such third party service providers may have limited indemnification obligations to the fund or the manager. Cybersecurity incidents may result in financial losses to the fund and its shareholders, and substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any future cybersecurity incidents. Issuers of securities in which the fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cybersecurity incidents.

These and other risks are discussed in more detail in the Prospectus or in the Statement of Additional Information.

Performance

The accompanying bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the fund. The bar chart shows changes in the fund's performance from year to year for Class I shares. The table shows the average annual total returns of each class of the fund that has been in operation for at least one full calendar year and also compares the fund's performance with the average annual total returns of an index or other benchmark. Performance for classes other than those shown may vary from the performance shown to the extent the expenses for those classes differ. The fund makes updated performance information, including its current net asset value, available at www.leggmason.com/mutualfunds (select fund and share class), or by calling the fund at 1-877-721-1926.

The fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the fund will perform in the future.

Sales charges are not reflected in the accompanying bar chart, and if those charges were included, returns would be less than those shown.

Total returns (%)

Before taxes



Best Quarter (03/31/2010): 4.62 **Worst Quarter** (12/31/2016): (2.75)

Average annual total returns (%)

(for periods ended December 31, 2019)

Class I	1 year	5 years	10 years	Since inception	Inception date
Return before taxes	10.44	4.00	5.17		
Return after taxes on distributions	8.86	2.79	3.92		
Return after taxes on distributions and sale of fund shares	6.21	2.53	3.51		
Other Classes (Return before taxes only)					
Class A	5.38	2.70	N/A	2.87	04/30/2012
Class C	8.27	2.87	N/A	2.72	04/30/2012
Class C1	8.73	3.22	N/A	2.77	10/03/2012
Class FI	10.13	3.63	4.86		
Class R	9.68	3.29	N/A	3.16	04/30/2012
Class IS	10.55	4.02	5.22		
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes) ¹	8.72	3.05	3.75		

¹ For Class A, Class C, Class C1 and Class R shares, for the period from the class' inception date to December 31, 2019, the average annual total return of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index was 2.84%, 2.84%, 2.64% and 2.84%, respectively.

The after-tax returns are shown only for Class I shares, are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns for classes other than Class I will vary from returns shown for Class I.

Management

Investment manager: Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC ("LMPFA")

Subadvisers: Western Asset Management Company, LLC ("Western Asset") and Western Asset Management Company Limited in London ("Western Asset London"). References to the "subadviser" include each applicable subadviser.

On February 18, 2020, Franklin Resources, Inc. ("Franklin Resources") and Legg Mason, Inc. ("Legg Mason") announced that they have entered into a definitive agreement for Franklin Resources to acquire Legg Mason in an all-cash transaction. As part of this transaction, LMPFA and the subadviser(s), each currently a wholly owned subsidiary of Legg Mason, would become a wholly owned subsidiary of Franklin Resources. The transaction is subject to approval by Legg Mason's shareholders and customary closing conditions, including receipt of applicable regulatory approvals. Subject to such approvals and the satisfaction of the other conditions, the transaction is expected to be consummated in the latter part of 2020. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), consummation of the transaction will result in the automatic termination of the management and subadvisory agreements. Therefore, the fund's Board of Directors has approved new management and subadvisory agreements that will be presented to the shareholders of the fund for their approval. Additional informational materials will be mailed to shareholders.

Investment professionals: Primary responsibility for the day-to-day management of the fund lies with the following investment professionals. These investment professionals, all of whom are employed by Western Asset, work together with a broader investment management team.

Investment professional	Title	Investment professional of the fund since
S. Kenneth Leech	Chief Investment Officer	2013*
John Bellows	Portfolio Manager and Research Analyst	2018
Mark S. Lindbloom	Portfolio Manager	2006
Frederick R. Marki	Portfolio Manager	2018
Julien A. Scholnick	Portfolio Manager	2016

^{*} In addition, Mr. Leech had previously served as a member of the portfolio management team of the fund.

Purchase and sale of fund shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the fund each day the New York Stock Exchange is open, at the fund's net asset value determined after receipt of your request in good order, subject to any applicable sales charge.

The fund's initial and subsequent investment minimums generally are set forth in the accompanying table:

Investment minimum initial/additio	nal investme	nt (\$)					
	Class A	Class C ¹	Class C1 ²	Class Fl ³	Class R	Class I	Class IS
General	1,000/50	1,000/50	1,000/50	N/A	N/A	1 million/ None ⁴	N/A
Uniform Gifts or Transfers to Minor Accounts	1,000/50	1,000/50	1,000/50	N/A	N/A	1 million/ None ⁴	N/A
IRAs	250/50	250/50	250/50	N/A	N/A	1 million/ None ^{4,5}	N/A ⁵
SIMPLE IRAs	None/ None	None/ None	None/ None	N/A	N/A	1 million/ None ⁴	N/A
Systematic Investment Plans	50/50	50/50	50/50	N/A	N/A	1 million/ None ^{4,6}	N/A ⁶
Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries	None/ None	N/A	N/A	None/ None	None/ None	None/ None ⁷	None/ None ⁷
Eligible Investment Programs	None/ None	N/A	N/A	None/ None	None/ None	None/ None	None/ None
Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund and certain rollover IRAs	None/ None	None/ None	N/A	None/ None	None/ None	None/ None	None/ None
Other Retirement Plans	None/ None	None/ None	N/A	N/A	N/A	1 million/ None ⁴	N/A
Institutional Investors	1,000/50	1,000/50	1,000/50	N/A	N/A	1 million/ None	1 million/ None

Initial investments in Class C shares may be combined with existing investment amounts in Class C1 shares for the purposes of satisfying the initial investment minimums of Class C shares. Class C shares are not available for purchase through LMIS Accounts.

- Class FI shares are not available for purchase through LMIS Accounts.
- Available to investors investing directly with the fund.
- IRA accountholders who purchase Class I or Class IS shares through a Service Agent acting as agent on behalf of its customers are subject to the initial and subsequent minimums of \$250/\$50. If a Service Agent does not have this arrangement in place with LMIS, the initial and subsequent minimums listed in the table apply. Please contact your Service Agent for more information
- Investors investing through a Systematic Investment Plan who purchase Class I or Class IS shares through a Service Agent acting as agent on behalf of its customers are subject to the initial and subsequent minimums of \$50/\$50. If a Service Agent does not have this arrangement in place with LMIS, the initial and subsequent minimums listed in the table apply. Please contact your Service Agent for more information.
- Individual investors who purchase Class I shares or Class IS shares through a Service Agent acting as agent on behalf of its customers are subject to the initial and subsequent minimums of \$1,000/\$50. If a Service Agent does not have this arrangement in place with LMIS, the initial and subsequent minimums listed in the table apply. Please contact your Service Agent for more information.

Your Service Agent may impose higher or lower investment minimums, or may impose no minimum investment requirement.

For more information about how to purchase, redeem or exchange shares, and to learn which classes of shares are available to you, you should contact your Service Agent, or, if you hold your shares or plan to purchase shares through the fund, you should contact the fund by phone at 1-877-721-1926, by regular mail at Legg Mason Funds, P.O. Box 9699, Providence, RI 02940-9699 or by express, certified or registered mail at Legg Mason Funds, 4400 Computer Drive, Westborough, MA 01581.

Tax information

The fund's distributions are generally taxable as ordinary income or capital gains.

Payments to broker/dealers and other financial intermediaries

The fund's related companies pay Service Agents for the sale of fund shares, shareholder services and other purposes. These payments create a conflict of interest by influencing your Service Agent or its employees or associated persons to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your financial adviser or salesperson or visit your Service Agent's or salesperson's website for more information.

² Class C1 shares are not available for purchase by new or existing investors (except for certain retirement plan programs authorized by LMIS prior to August 1, 2012). Class C1 shares will continue to be available for dividend reinvestment and incoming exchanges.

More on the fund's investment strategies, investments and risks

Important information

The fund seeks to maximize total return, consistent with prudent investment management and liquidity needs, by investing to obtain the average duration specified below.

There is no assurance that the fund will meet its investment objective.

The fund will consider an issuer to be a "non-U.S. issuer" if the issuer is a non-U.S. government (including any sub-division, agency or instrumentality of a non-U.S. government), a supranational entity or any other issuer (including corporate issuers) organized under the laws of a country outside of the United States and having a principal place of business outside of the United States. The fund will consider all other issuers to be "U.S. issuers."

The fund invests in a portfolio of fixed income securities of various maturities and, under normal market conditions, will invest at least 80% of its net assets in debt and fixed income securities.

The fund's 80% investment policy may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval upon 60 days' prior notice to shareholders.

The fund's other investment strategies and policies may be changed from time to time without shareholder approval, unless specifically stated otherwise in this Prospectus or in the SAI.

Maturity and duration

The fund may invest in securities of any maturity. The maturity of a fixed income security is a measure of the time remaining until the final payment on the security is due. Under normal market conditions the target dollar-weighted average effective duration for the fund is expected to range within 20% of the average duration of the domestic bond market as a whole as estimated by the fund's subadviser. The dollar-weighted average effective duration of the fund may fall outside of its expected range due to market movements. If this happens, the fund's subadviser will take action to bring the fund's dollar-weighted average effective duration back within its expected range within a reasonable period of time.

Effective duration seeks to measure the expected sensitivity of market price to changes in interest rates, taking into account the anticipated effects of particular features of a security (for example, some bonds can be prepaid by the issuer). The assumptions that are made about a security's features and options when calculating effective duration may prove to be incorrect. As a result, investors should be aware that effective duration is not an exact measurement and may not reliably predict a security's price sensitivity to changes in yield or interest rates.

Generally, the longer a fund's effective duration, the more sensitive it will be to changes in interest rates. For example, if interest rates rise by 1%, a fund with a two year effective duration would expect the value of its portfolio to decrease by 2% and a fund with a ten year effective duration would expect the value of its portfolio to decrease by 10%, all other factors being equal.

The maturity of a security may be significantly longer than its effective duration. A security's maturity may be more relevant than its effective duration in determining the security's sensitivity to other factors such as changes in credit quality or in the difference in yield between U.S. Treasuries and certain other types of securities.

Credit quality

The fund currently anticipates that it will generally only purchase debt securities that are rated in the Baa or BBB categories or above at the time of purchase by one or more NRSROs or unrated securities of comparable quality at the time of purchase (as determined by the subadviser). These securities are known as "investment grade securities." The continued holding of a security downgraded below its rating at the time of purchase will be evaluated on a case by case basis. As a result, the fund may from time to time hold debt securities that are rated below investment grade in excess of the amounts described in its investment limitations. Securities rated below investment grade are commonly referred to as "junk" bonds or "high yield securities." High yield bonds are those rated below investment grade (that is, securities rated below the Baa/BBB categories) or, if unrated, determined to be of comparable credit quality by the subadviser. If a security is rated by multiple nationally recognized statistical rating organizations ("NRSROs") and receives different ratings, the fund will treat the security as being rated in the highest rating category received from an NRSRO. Rating categories may include sub-categories or gradations indicating relative standing.

Derivatives

The fund may engage in a variety of transactions using derivatives, such as futures, options (including options on credit default swaps), swaps (including interest rate swaps and buying and selling credit default swaps), forwards, warrants and other synthetic instruments. Derivatives are financial instruments whose value depends upon, or is derived from, the value of something else, such as one or more underlying investments, indexes or currencies. Derivatives may be used by the fund for any of the following purposes:

- As a hedging technique in an attempt to manage risk in the fund's portfolio
- As a substitute for buying or selling securities
- As a means of changing investment characteristics of the fund's portfolio
- · As a cash flow management technique
- · As a means of attempting to enhance returns

• As a means of providing additional exposure to types of investments or market factors

The fund from time to time may sell protection on debt securities by entering into credit default swaps. In these transactions, the fund is generally required to pay the par (or other agreed-upon) value of a referenced debt security to the counterparty in the event of a default on or downgrade of the debt security and/or a similar credit event. In return, the fund receives from the counterparty a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract. If no default occurs, the fund keeps the stream of payments and has no payment obligations. As the seller, the fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to its net assets, the fund would be subject to loss on the par (or other agreed-upon) value it had undertaken to pay. Credit default swaps may also be structured based on an index or the debt of a basket of issuers, rather than a single issuer, and may be customized with respect to the default event that triggers purchase or other factors (for example, a particular number of defaults within a basket, or defaults by a particular combination of issuers within the basket, may trigger a payment obligation).

The fund may buy credit default swaps to hedge against the risk of default of debt securities held in its portfolio or for other reasons. As the buyer of a credit default swap, the fund would make the stream of payments described in the preceding paragraph to the seller of the credit default swap and would expect to receive from the seller a payment in the event of a default on the underlying debt security or other specified event.

Using derivatives, especially for non-hedging purposes, may involve greater risks to the fund than investing directly in securities, particularly as these instruments may be very complex and may not behave in the manner anticipated by the fund. Certain derivative transactions may have a leveraging effect on the fund

Use of derivatives or similar instruments may have different tax consequences for the fund than an investment in the underlying security, and those differences may affect the amount, timing and character of income distributed to shareholders.

When the fund enters into derivative transactions, it may be required to segregate assets, or enter into offsetting positions, in accordance with applicable regulations. Such segregation will not limit the fund's exposure to loss, however, and the fund will have investment risk with respect to both the derivative itself and the assets that have been segregated to cover the fund's derivative exposure. If the segregated assets represent a large portion of the fund's portfolio, this may impede portfolio management or the fund's ability to meet redemption requests or other current obligations.

Instead of, and/or in addition to, investing directly in particular securities, the fund may use derivatives and other synthetic instruments that are intended to provide economic exposure to securities, issuers or other measures of market or economic value. The fund may use one or more types of these instruments to the extent consistent with its 80% policy. The fund's investments in derivatives and other synthetic instruments that the subadviser believes have economic characteristics similar to those securities described in the fund's 80% investment policy will be counted towards satisfaction of that investment policy.

The fund's subadvisers may choose not to make use of derivatives.

Fixed income securities

Fixed income securities represent obligations of corporations, governments and other entities to repay money borrowed, usually at the maturity of the security. These securities may pay fixed, variable or floating rates of interest. However, some fixed income securities, such as zero coupon bonds, do not pay current interest but are issued at a discount from their face values. Other debt instruments, such as certain mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities, make periodic payments of interest and/or principal. Some debt instruments are partially or fully secured by collateral supporting the payment of interest and principal. "Fixed income securities" are commonly referred to as "notes," "loans," "debt," "debt obligations," "debt securities," "corporate debt," "bonds" and "corporate bonds," and these terms are used in this Prospectus interchangeably, and, where used, are not intended to be limiting. Fixed income securities also include certain hybrid securities, such as preferred stock.

Variable and floating rate securities

Variable rate securities reset at specified intervals, while floating rate securities reset whenever there is a change in a specified index rate. In most cases, these reset provisions reduce the impact of changes in market interest rates on the value of the security. However, the value of these securities may decline if their interest rates do not rise as much, or as quickly, as other interest rates. Conversely, these securities will not generally increase in value if interest rates decline. The fund may also invest in inverse floating rate debt instruments ("inverse floaters"). Interest payments on inverse floaters vary inversely with changes in interest rates. Inverse floaters pay higher interest (and therefore generally increase in value) when interest rates decline, and vice versa. An inverse floater may exhibit greater price volatility than a fixed rate obligation of similar credit quality.

Stripped securities

Certain fixed income securities, called stripped securities, represent the right to receive either payments of principal ("POs") or payments of interest ("IOs") on underlying pools of mortgages or on government securities. The value of these types of instruments may change more drastically during periods of changing interest rates than debt securities that pay both principal and interest. Interest-only and principal-only mortgage-backed securities are especially sensitive to interest rate changes, which can affect not only their prices but can also change the prepayment assumptions about those investments and income flows the fund receives from them.

Corporate debt

Corporate debt securities are fixed income securities usually issued by businesses to finance their operations. Various types of business entities may issue these securities, including corporations, trusts, limited partnerships, limited liability companies and other types of non-governmental legal entities. Notes, bonds, debentures and commercial paper are the most common types of corporate debt securities, with the primary difference being their maturities and secured or unsecured status. Commercial paper has the shortest term and is usually unsecured. The broad category of corporate debt securities includes debt issued by U.S. or non-U.S. companies of all kinds, including those with small, mid and large capitalizations. Corporate debt may carry variable or floating rates of interest.

Loans

The primary risk in an investment in loans is that borrowers may be unable to meet their interest and/or principal payment obligations. Loans in which the fund invests may be made to finance highly leveraged borrowers which may make such loans especially vulnerable to adverse changes in economic or market conditions. Loans in which the fund may invest may be either collateralized or uncollateralized and senior or subordinate. Investments in uncollateralized and/or subordinate loans entail a greater risk of nonpayment than do investments in loans that hold a more senior position in the borrower's capital structure and/or are secured with collateral. In addition, loans are generally subject to illiquidity risk. The fund may acquire an interest in loans by purchasing participations in and/or assignments of portions of loans from third parties or by investing in pools of loans, such as collateralized debt obligations as further described under "Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities." Transactions in loans may settle on a delayed basis. As a result, the proceeds from the sale of a loan may not be available to make additional investments or to meet the fund's redemption obligations. Bank loans may not be considered securities and therefore, the fund may not have the protections afforded by U.S. federal securities laws with respect to such investments.

U.S. government obligations

U.S. government obligations include U.S. Treasury obligations and other obligations of, or guaranteed by, the U.S. government, its agencies or government-sponsored entities. Although the U.S. government guarantees principal and interest payments on securities issued by the U.S. government and some of its agencies, such as securities issued by the U.S. Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), this guarantee does not apply to losses resulting from declines in the market value of these securities. U.S. government obligations include zero coupon securities that make payments of interest and principal only upon maturity and which therefore tend to be subject to greater volatility than interest bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Some of the U.S. government securities that the fund may hold are not guaranteed or backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, such as those issued by Fannie Mae (formally known as the Federal National Mortgage Association) and Freddie Mac (formally known as the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation). The maximum potential liability of the issuers of some U.S. government obligations may greatly exceed their current resources, including any legal right to support from the U.S. government.

Sovereign debt

The fund may invest in sovereign debt, including emerging market sovereign debt. Sovereign debt securities may include:

- · Fixed income securities issued or guaranteed by governments, governmental agencies or instrumentalities and their political subdivisions
- Fixed income securities issued by government-owned, controlled or sponsored entities
- Interests issued for the purpose of restructuring the investment characteristics of instruments issued by any of the above issuers
- Brady Bonds, which are debt securities issued under the framework of the Brady Plan as a means for debtor nations to restructure their outstanding external indebtedness
- Participations in loans between governments and financial institutions
- Fixed income securities issued by supranational entities such as the World Bank. A supranational entity is a bank, commission or company established or financially supported by the national governments of one or more countries to promote reconstruction or development

Sovereign government and supranational debt involve many of the risks of foreign and emerging markets investments as well as the risk of debt moratorium, repudiation or renegotiation and the fund may be unable to enforce its rights against the issuers.

Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities

Mortgage-backed securities may be issued by private issuers, by U.S. government-sponsored entities such as Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac or by agencies of the U.S. government, such as Ginnie Mae. Mortgage-backed securities represent direct or indirect participations in, or are collateralized by and payable from, mortgage loans secured by real property.

Unlike mortgage-backed securities issued or guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. government or government-sponsored entities, mortgage-backed securities issued by private issuers do not have a government or government-sponsored entity guarantee (but may have other credit enhancement), and may, and frequently do, have less favorable collateral, credit risk or other underwriting characteristics.

Residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS") are comprised of a pool of mortgage loans created by banks and other financial institutions. Commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") are a type of mortgage-backed security backed by commercial mortgages rather than residential real estate.

Asset-backed securities represent participations in, or are secured by and payable from, assets such as installment sales or loan contracts, leases, credit card receivables and other categories of receivables.

Collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs") are debt obligations collateralized by mortgage loans or mortgage pass-through securities. CMOs are a type of mortgage-backed security. Typically, CMOs are collateralized by Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac Certificates, but may also be collateralized by whole loans or private pass-throughs (referred to as "Mortgage Assets"). Payments of principal and of interest on the Mortgage Assets, and any reinvestment income thereon, provide the issuer with income to pay debt service on the CMOs. In a CMO, a series of bonds or certificates is issued in multiple classes. Each class of CMOs, often referred to as a "tranche," is issued at a specified fixed or floating coupon rate and has a stated maturity or final distribution date. Principal prepayments on the Mortgage Assets may cause the CMOs to be retired substantially earlier than their stated maturities or final distribution dates. Interest is paid or accrues on all classes of the CMOs on a monthly, quarterly or semi-annual basis. The principal of and interest on the Mortgage Assets may be allocated among the several classes of a series of a CMO in innumerable ways. As market conditions change, and particularly during periods of rapid or unanticipated changes in market interest rates, the attractiveness of the CMO classes and the ability of the structure to provide the anticipated investment characteristics may be significantly reduced. Such changes can result in volatility in the market value, and in some instances reduced liquidity, of the CMO class.

Collateralized debt obligations ("CDOs") are a type of asset-backed security. CDOs include collateralized bond obligations ("CBOs"), collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs") and other similarly structured securities. A CBO is a trust or other special purpose entity which is typically backed by a diversified pool of fixed income securities (which may include high risk, below investment grade securities). A CLO is a trust or other special purpose entity that is typically collateralized by a pool of loans, which may also include, among others, domestic and non-U.S. senior secured loans, senior unsecured loans, and subordinated corporate loans, including loans that may be rated below investment grade or equivalent unrated loans. Like CMOs, CDOs generally issue separate series or "tranches" which vary with respect to risk and yield. These tranches can experience substantial losses due to actual defaults, increased sensitivity to defaults due to collateral default and disappearance of subordinate tranches, market anticipation of defaults, as well as investor aversion to CDO securities as a class. Interest on certain tranches of a CDO may be paid in kind (paid in the form of obligations of the same type rather than cash), which involves continued exposure to default risk with respect to such payments.

Municipal securities

Municipal securities include debt obligations issued by any of the 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia or their political subdivisions, agencies and public authorities, certain other U.S. governmental issuers (such as Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and Guam) and other qualifying issuers, participation or other interests in these securities and other structured securities. Although municipal securities are issued by qualifying issuers, payments of principal and interest on municipal securities may be derived solely from revenues from certain facilities, mortgages or private industries, and may not be backed by the issuers themselves. These securities include participation or other interests in municipal securities issued or backed by banks, insurance companies and other financial institutions.

Municipal securities include general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, housing authority bonds, private activity bonds, industrial development bonds, residual interest bonds, tender option bonds, tax and revenue anticipation notes, bond anticipation notes, tax-exempt commercial paper, municipal leases, participation certificates and custodial receipts. General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the issuing entity. Revenue bonds are typically used to fund public works projects, such as toll roads, airports and transportation facilities, that are expected to produce income sufficient to make the payments on the bonds, since they are not backed by the full taxing power of the municipality. Housing authority bonds are used primarily to fund low to middle income residential projects and may be backed by the payments made on the underlying mortgages. Tax and revenue anticipation notes are generally issued in order to finance short-term cash needs or, occasionally, to finance construction. Tax and revenue anticipation notes are expected to be repaid from taxes or designated revenues in the related fiscal period, and they may or may not be general obligations of the issuing entity. Bond anticipation notes are issued with the expectation that their principal and interest will be paid out of proceeds from renewal notes or bonds and may be issued to finance such items as land acquisition, facility acquisition and/or construction and capital improvement projects.

Municipal securities include municipal lease obligations, which are undivided interests issued by a state or municipality in a lease or installment purchase contract which generally relates to equipment or facilities. In some cases, payments under municipal leases do not have to be made unless money is specifically approved for that purpose by an appropriate legislative body.

Foreign and emerging markets securities

The fund may invest its assets in securities of foreign issuers, including mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed securities issued by foreign entities. The value of the fund's foreign securities may decline because of unfavorable government actions, political instability or the more limited availability of accurate information about foreign issuers, as well as factors affecting the particular issuers. The fund may invest in foreign securities issued by issuers located in emerging market countries. The fund considers a country to be an emerging market country, if, at the time of investment, it is represented in the J.P. Morgan Emerging Market Bond Index Global or the J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Market Bond Index Broad or categorized by the World Bank in its annual categorization as middle- or low-income. To the extent the fund invests in these securities, the risks associated with investment in foreign issuers will generally be more pronounced.

Preferred stock and convertible securities

The fund may invest in preferred stock and convertible securities, including contingent convertible securities ("CoCos"). Preferred stock represents equity ownership of an issuer that generally entitles the holder to receive, in preference to the holders of common stock, dividends and a fixed share of the proceeds resulting from a liquidation of the company. Preferred stocks may pay dividends at fixed or variable rates. Convertible fixed income securities convert into shares of common stock of their issuer. Preferred stock and convertible fixed income securities share investment characteristics of both fixed income and equity securities. However, the value of these securities tends to vary more with fluctuations in the underlying common stock and less with fluctuations in interest rates and tends to exhibit greater volatility.

Equity securities

Although the fund invests principally in fixed income securities and related investments, the fund may from time to time invest in or receive equity securities and equity-like securities, which may include warrants, rights, exchange traded and over-the-counter common stocks, preferred stock, depositary receipts, trust certificates, limited partnership interests and shares of other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, and real estate investment trusts. The fund may invest in or receive equity securities for which there exists no private or public market.

Equity securities represent an ownership interest in the issuing company. Holders of equity securities are not creditors of the company, and in the event of the liquidation of the company, would be entitled to their pro rata share of the company's assets, if any, after creditors, including the holders of fixed income securities, and holders of any senior equity securities are paid. Equity securities typically fluctuate in price more than fixed income securities.

Warrants and rights permit, but do not obligate, their holders to subscribe for other securities. Warrants and rights are subject to the same market risks as stocks, but may be more volatile in price. An investment in warrants or rights may be considered speculative. In addition, the value of a warrant or right does not necessarily change with the value of the underlying securities and a warrant or right ceases to have value if it is not exercised prior to its expiration date.

Securities of other investment companies

The fund may invest in securities of other investment companies to the extent permitted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules thereunder (the "1940 Act"). The return on investments in other registered investment companies will be reduced by the operating expenses, including investment advisory expenses, of such companies, and by any sales loads or other distribution and/or service fees or charges incurred in purchasing or selling shares of such companies, in addition to the fund's own fees and expenses. As such, there is a layering of fees and expenses.

Credit downgrades and other credit events

Credit rating or credit quality of a security is determined at the time of purchase. If, after purchase, the credit rating on a security is downgraded or the credit quality deteriorates, or if the duration of a security is extended, the subadvisers will decide whether the security should be held or sold. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events or defaults on a security held by the fund, or if an obligor of such a security has difficulty meeting its obligations, the fund may obtain a new or restructured security or underlying assets. In that case, the fund may become the holder of securities or other assets that it could not purchase or might not otherwise hold (for example, because they are of lower quality or are subordinated to other obligations of the issuer) at a time when those assets may be difficult to sell or can be sold only at a loss. In addition, the fund may incur expenses in an effort to protect the fund's interest in securities experiencing these events.

Zero coupon, pay-in-kind and deferred interest securities

Zero coupon, pay-in-kind and deferred interest securities may be used by issuers to manage cash flow and maintain liquidity. Zero coupon securities pay no interest during the life of the obligation but are issued at prices below their stated maturity value. Because zero coupon securities pay no interest until maturity, their prices may fluctuate more than other types of securities with the same maturity in the secondary market. However, zero coupon bonds are useful as a tool for managing duration.

Pay-in-kind securities have a stated coupon, but the interest is generally paid in the form of obligations of the same type as the underlying pay-in-kind securities (e.g., bonds) rather than in cash. These securities are more sensitive to the credit quality of the underlying issuer and their secondary market prices may fluctuate more than other types of securities with the same maturity.

Deferred interest securities are obligations that generally provide for a period of delay before the regular payment of interest begins and are issued at a significant discount from face value.

Certain zero coupon, pay-in-kind and deferred interest securities are subject to tax rules applicable to debt obligations acquired with "original issue discount." The fund would generally have to accrue income on these securities for federal income tax purposes before it receives corresponding cash payments. Because the fund intends to make sufficient annual distributions of its taxable income, including accrued non-cash income, in order to maintain its federal income tax status and avoid fund-level income and excise taxes, the fund might be required to liquidate portfolio securities at a disadvantageous time, or borrow cash, to make these distributions. The fund also accrues income on these securities prior to receipt for accounting purposes. To the extent it is deemed collectible, accrued income is taken into account when calculating the value of these securities and the fund's net asset value per share, in accordance with the fund's valuation policies.

When-issued securities, delayed delivery, to be announced and forward commitment transactions

Securities purchased in when-issued, delayed delivery, to be announced or forward commitment transactions will not be delivered or paid for immediately. The fund will set aside assets to pay for these securities at the time of the agreement. Such transactions involve a risk of loss, for example, if the value of the securities declines prior to the settlement date or if the assets set aside to pay for these securities decline in value prior to the settlement date. Therefore, these transactions may have a leveraging effect on the fund, making the value of an investment in the fund more volatile and increasing the fund's overall investment exposure. Typically, no income accrues on securities the fund has committed to purchase prior to the time delivery of the securities is made, although the fund may earn income on securities it has set aside to cover these positions. Recently finalized rules of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") impose mandatory margin requirements for certain types of when-issued, to be announced or forward commitment transactions, with limited exceptions. Such transactions historically have not been required to be collateralized, and mandatory collateralization could increase the cost of such transactions and impose added operational complexity.

Forward roll transactions

In a forward roll transaction (also referred to as a mortgage dollar roll), the fund sells a mortgage-backed security while simultaneously agreeing to purchase a similar security from the same party (the counterparty) on a specified future date at a lower fixed price. During the roll period, the fund forgoes principal and interest paid on the securities. The fund is compensated by the difference between the current sales price and the forward price for the future purchase as well as by the interest earned on the cash proceeds of the initial sale. The fund may enter into a forward roll transaction with the intention of entering into an offsetting transaction whereby, rather than accepting delivery of the security on the specified date, the fund sells the security and agrees to repurchase a similar security at a later time.

Investments in forward roll transactions involve a risk of loss if the value of the securities that the fund is obligated to purchase declines below the purchase price prior to the repurchase date. Forward roll transactions may have a leveraging effect on the fund (see "When-issued securities, delayed delivery, to be announced and forward commitment transactions").

Short-term investments

The fund may invest, directly or indirectly, in cash, money market instruments and short-term securities, including repurchase agreements, U.S. government securities, bank obligations and commercial paper. Bank obligations include bank notes, certificates of deposit, time deposits, banker's acceptances and other similar obligations. A repurchase agreement is a transaction in which the fund purchases a security from a seller, subject to the obligation of the seller to repurchase that security from the fund at a higher price. The repurchase agreement thereby determines the yield during the fund's holding period, while the seller's obligation to repurchase is secured by the value of the underlying security held by the fund. The fund may also invest in money market funds, which may or may not be registered under the 1940 Act and/or affiliated with the fund's manager or the subadvisers. The return on investment in these money market funds may be reduced by such money market funds' operating expenses in addition to the fund's own fees and expenses. As such, there is a layering of fees and expenses.

Borrowings and reverse repurchase agreements

The fund may enter into borrowing transactions. Borrowing may make the value of an investment in the fund more volatile and increase the fund's overall investment exposure. The fund may be required to liquidate portfolio securities at a time when it would be disadvantageous to do so in order to make payments with respect to any borrowings. Interest on any borrowings will be a fund expense and will reduce the value of the fund's shares.

The fund may enter into reverse repurchase agreements, which have characteristics like borrowings. In a reverse repurchase agreement, the fund sells securities to a counterparty, in return for cash, and the fund agrees to repurchase the securities at a later date and for a higher price, representing the cost to the fund for the cash received.

Restricted and illiquid securities

Restricted securities are securities subject to legal or contractual restrictions on their resale. An "illiquid security" is any security which the fund reasonably expects cannot be sold or disposed of in current market conditions in seven calendar days or less without the sale or disposition significantly changing the market value of the security. Such conditions might prevent the sale of such securities at a time when the sale would otherwise be desirable. The fund will not acquire "illiquid securities" if such acquisition would cause the aggregate value of illiquid securities to exceed 15% of the fund's net assets. The fund may determine that some restricted securities can be more readily sold, for example to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to SEC Rule 144A, and therefore may treat certain such securities as "liquid" for purposes of limitations on the amount of illiquid securities it may own. Investing in these restricted securities could have the effect of increasing the fund's illiquidity if qualified buyers become, for a time, uninterested in buying these securities. These securities may be difficult to value, and the fund may have difficulty disposing of such securities promptly. The fund does not consider non-U.S. securities to be restricted if they can be freely sold in the principal markets in which they are traded, even if they are not registered for sale in the United States.

Structured instruments

The fund may invest in various types of structured instruments, including securities that have demand, tender or put features, or interest rate reset features. These may include instruments issued by structured investment or special purpose vehicles or conduits, and may be asset-backed or mortgage-backed securities. Structured instruments may take the form of participation interests or receipts in underlying securities or other assets, and in some cases are backed by a financial institution serving as a liquidity provider. The interest rate or principal amount payable at maturity on a

structured instrument may vary based on changes in one or more specified reference factors, such as currencies, interest rates, commodities, indices or other financial indicators. Changes in the underlying reference factors may result in disproportionate changes in amounts payable under a structured instrument. Some of these instruments may have an interest rate swap feature which substitutes a floating or variable interest rate for the fixed interest rate on an underlying asset or index. Structured instruments are a type of derivative instrument and the payment and credit qualities of these instruments derive from the assets embedded in the structure. For structured securities that have embedded leverage features, small changes in interest or prepayment rates may cause large and sudden price movements. Structured instruments are often subject to heightened illiquidity risk.

Inflation-indexed, inflation-protected and related securities

Inflation-indexed and inflation-protected securities are fixed income securities that are structured to provide protection against inflation and whose principal value or coupon (interest payment) is periodically adjusted according to the rate of inflation. If the index measuring inflation falls, the principal value or coupon of these securities will be adjusted downward. Consequently, the interest payable on these securities will be reduced. Also, if the principal value of these securities is adjusted according to the rate of inflation, the adjusted principal value repaid at maturity may be less than the original principal.

Inflation-protected securities denominated in the U.S. dollar include U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities ("U.S. TIPS"), as well as other bonds issued by U.S. and non-U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities or corporations and derivatives related to these securities. U.S. TIPS are inflation-protected securities issued by the U.S. Department of the Treasury the principal amounts of which are adjusted daily based upon changes in the rate of inflation (as currently represented by the non-seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, calculated with a three-month lag). U.S. TIPS pay interest semiannually, equal to a fixed percentage of the inflation-adjusted principal amount. The interest rate on these bonds is fixed at issuance, but over the life of the bond, this interest may be paid on an increasing or decreasing principal amount that has been adjusted for inflation. The current market value of U.S. TIPS is not guaranteed and will fluctuate.

The value of inflation-indexed and inflation-protected securities held by the fund fluctuates in response to changes in real interest rates. In addition, if nominal interest rates increase at a faster rate than inflation, causing real interest rates to rise, it will lead to a decrease in the value of inflation-indexed or inflation-protected securities.

The fund may invest in other fixed-income securities that, in the belief of the fund's subadvisers, will provide protection against inflation, including floating rate and other short duration securities. Floating rate securities bear interest at rates that are not fixed but vary with changes in specified market rates or indices, such as the prime rate, and at specified intervals.

Defensive investing

The fund may depart from its principal investment strategies in response to adverse market, economic or political conditions by taking temporary defensive positions, including by investing in any type of money market instruments and short-term debt securities or holding cash without regard to any percentage limitations. Although the subadvisers have the ability to take defensive positions, they may choose not to do so for a variety of reasons, even during volatile market conditions.

Other investments

The fund may also use other strategies and invest in other investments that are described, along with their risks, in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"). However, the fund might not use all of the strategies and techniques or invest in all of the types of investments described in this Prospectus or in the SAI. New types of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, derivative instruments, hedging instruments and other securities or instruments are developed and marketed from time to time. Consistent with its investment limitations, the fund may invest in new types of securities and instruments.

Percentage and other limitations

For purposes of the fund's limitations expressed as a percentage of assets or net assets, the term "assets" or "net assets," as applicable, means net assets plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes. The fund's compliance with its investment limitations and requirements described in this Prospectus is usually determined at the time of investment. If such a percentage limitation is complied with at the time of an investment, any subsequent change in percentage resulting from a change in asset values or characteristics, a sale of securities or a change in credit quality will not constitute a violation of that limitation.

More on risks of investing in the fund

Following is more information on the principal risks summarized above and additional risks of investing in the fund.

Market and interest rate risk. The market prices of the fund's securities may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. If the market prices of the fund's securities fall, the value of your investment in the fund will decline. The market price of a security may fall due to general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions, tariffs and trade disruptions, inflation, changes in interest or currency rates, lack of liquidity in the bond markets or adverse investor sentiment. Changes in market conditions will not typically have the same impact on all types of securities. The market price of a security may also fall due to specific conditions that affect a particular sector of the securities market or a particular issuer. Your fund shares at any point in time may be worth less than what you invested, even after taking into account the reinvestment of fund dividends and distributions.

The market prices of securities may fluctuate significantly when interest rates change. When interest rates rise, the value of fixed income securities, and therefore the value of your investment in the fund, generally goes down. Generally, the longer the maturity or duration of a fixed income security, the greater the impact of a rise in interest rates on the security's market price. However, calculations of duration and maturity may be based on estimates and may not reliably predict a security's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. Moreover, securities can change in value in response to other factors, such as credit risk. In addition, different interest rate measures (such as short- and long-term interest rates and U.S. and non-U.S. interest rates), or interest rates on different types of securities or securities of different issuers, may not necessarily change in the same amount or in the same direction. When interest rates go down, the fund's yield will decline. Also, when interest rates decline, investments made by the fund may pay a lower interest rate, which would reduce the income received by the fund.

Credit risk. The value of your investment in the fund could decline if the issuer of a security held by the fund or another obligor for that security (such as a party offering credit enhancement) fails to pay, otherwise defaults, is perceived to be less creditworthy, becomes insolvent or files for bankruptcy. The value of your investment in the fund could also decline if the credit rating of a security held by the fund is downgraded or the credit quality or value of any assets underlying the security declines. If the fund enters into financial contracts (such as certain derivatives, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, and when-issued, delayed delivery and forward commitment transactions), the fund will be subject to the credit risk presented by the counterparty. In addition, the fund may incur expenses in an effort to protect the fund's interests or to enforce its rights against an issuer, guarantor or counterparty or may be hindered or delayed in exercising those rights. Credit risk is broadly gauged by the credit ratings of the securities in which the fund invests. However, ratings are only the opinions of the companies issuing them and are not guarantees as to quality. Securities rated in the lowest category of investment grade (Baa/BBB) may possess certain speculative characteristics. Credit risk is typically greatest for the fund's high yield debt securities, which are rated below the Baa/BBB categories or unrated securities of comparable quality ("junk" bonds).

Derivatives risk. Derivatives involve special risks and costs and may result in losses to the fund, even when used for hedging purposes. Using derivatives can increase losses and reduce opportunities for gains when market prices, interest rates, currencies, or the derivatives themselves behave in a way not anticipated by the fund, especially in abnormal market conditions. Using derivatives also can have a leveraging effect which may increase investment losses and increase the fund's volatility, which is the degree to which the fund's share price may fluctuate within a short time period. Certain derivatives have the potential for unlimited loss, regardless of the size of the initial investment. The other parties to certain derivatives transactions present the same types of credit risk as issuers of fixed income securities.

The fund's counterparty to a derivative transaction may not honor its obligations in respect to the transaction. In certain cases, the fund may be hindered or delayed in exercising remedies against or closing out derivative instruments with a counterparty, which may result in additional losses.

Derivatives also tend to involve greater illiquidity risk and they may be difficult to value. The fund may be unable to terminate or sell its derivative positions. In fact, many over-the-counter derivatives will not have liquidity except through the counterparty to the instrument. Derivatives are generally subject to the risks applicable to the assets, rates, indices or other indicators underlying the derivative. The value of a derivative may fluctuate more than the underlying assets, rates, indices or other indicators to which it relates. Use of derivatives or similar instruments may have different tax consequences for the fund than an investment in the underlying security, and those differences may affect the amount, timing and character of income distributed to shareholders. The fund's use of derivatives may also increase the amount of taxes payable by shareholders. The U.S. government and foreign governments are in the process of adopting and implementing regulations governing derivatives markets, including mandatory clearing of certain derivatives, margin, and reporting requirements. The ultimate impact of the regulations remains unclear. Additional regulation of derivatives may make derivatives more costly, limit their availability or utility, otherwise adversely affect their performance or disrupt markets. The fund may be exposed to additional risks as a result of the additional regulations. The extent and impact of the additional regulations are not yet fully known and may not be for some time.

Investments by the fund in structured securities, a type of derivative, raise certain tax, legal, regulatory and accounting issues that may not be presented by direct investments in securities. These issues could be resolved in a manner that could hurt the performance of the fund.

Swap agreements tend to shift the fund's investment exposure from one type of investment to another. For example, the fund may enter into interest rate swaps, which involve the exchange of interest payments by the fund with another party, such as an exchange of floating rate payments for fixed interest rate payments with respect to a notional amount of principal. If an interest rate swap intended to be used as a hedge negates a favorable interest rate movement, the investment performance of the fund would be less than what it would have been if the fund had not entered into the interest rate swap.

Credit default swap contracts involve heightened risks and may result in losses to the fund. Credit default swaps may be illiquid and difficult to value. If the fund buys a credit default swap, it will be subject to the risk that the credit default swap may expire worthless, as the credit default swap would only generate income in the event of a default on the underlying debt security or other specified event. As a buyer, the fund would also be subject to credit risk relating to the seller's payment of its obligations in the event of a default (or similar event). If the fund sells a credit default swap, it will be exposed to the credit risk of the issuer of the obligation to which the credit default swap relates. As a seller, the fund would also be subject to leverage risk, because it would be liable for the full notional amount of the swap in the event of a default (or similar event). The fund would also be subject to the risk of loss on any securities segregated to cover the fund's expenses under the swap.

The absence of a central exchange or market for over-the-counter swap transactions may lead, in some instances, to difficulties in trading and valuation, especially in the event of market disruptions. Recent legislation requires certain swaps to be executed through a centralized exchange or

regulated facility and be cleared through a regulated clearinghouse. Although this clearing mechanism is generally expected to reduce counterparty credit risk, it may disrupt or limit the swap market and may not result in swaps being easier to trade or value. As swaps become more standardized, the fund may not be able to enter into swaps that meet its investment needs. The fund also may not be able to find a clearinghouse willing to accept a swap for clearing. In a cleared swap, a central clearing organization will be the counterparty to the transaction. The fund will assume the risk that the clearinghouse may be unable to perform its obligations.

The fund will be required to maintain its positions with a clearing organization through one or more clearing brokers. The clearing organization will require the fund to post margin and the broker may require the fund to post additional margin to secure the fund's obligations. The amount of margin required may change from time to time. In addition, cleared transactions may be more expensive to maintain than over-the-counter transactions and may require the fund to deposit larger amounts of margin. The fund may not be able to recover margin amounts if the broker has financial difficulties. Also, the broker may require the fund to terminate a derivatives position under certain circumstances. This may cause the fund to lose money.

Futures are standardized, exchange-traded contracts that obligate a purchaser to take delivery, and a seller to make delivery, of a specific amount of an asset on a specified future date at a specified price. The primary risks associated with the use of futures contracts are: (a) the imperfect correlation between the change in market value of the instruments held by the fund and the price of the futures contract; (b) the possible lack of a liquid secondary market for a futures contract and the resulting inability to close a futures contract when desired; (c) losses caused by unanticipated market movements, which are potentially unlimited; (d) the subadviser's inability to predict correctly the direction of securities prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates and other economic factors; and (e) the possibility that the counterparty will default in the performance of its obligations.

An option is an agreement that, for a premium payment or fee, gives the option holder (the purchaser) the right but not the obligation to buy (a "call option") or sell (a "put option") the underlying asset (or settle for cash in an amount based on an underlying asset, rate, or index) at a specified price (the "exercise price") during a period of time or on a specified date. The fund may write a call or put option where it (i) owns or is short the underlying security in the case of a call or put option, respectively (sometimes referred to as a "covered option"), or (ii) does not own or is not short such security (sometimes referred to as a "naked option"). When the fund purchases an option, it may lose the total premium paid for it if the price of the underlying security or other assets decreased, remained the same or failed to increase to a level at or beyond the exercise price (in the case of a call option) or increased, remained the same or failed to decrease to a level at or below the exercise price (in the case of a put option). If a put or call option purchased by the fund were permitted to expire without being sold or exercised, its premium would represent a loss to the fund. To the extent that the fund writes or sells an option, in particular a naked option, if the decline or increase in the underlying asset is significantly below or above the exercise price of the written option, the fund could experience a substantial loss.

Risks associated with the use of derivatives are magnified to the extent that an increased portion of the fund's assets is committed to derivatives in general or is invested in just one or a few types of derivatives.

Leverage risk. The use of traditional borrowing (including to meet redemption requests), reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives creates leverage (i.e., a fund's investment exposures exceed its net asset value). Leverage increases a fund's losses when the value of its investments (including derivatives) declines. Because many derivatives have a leverage component (i.e., a notional value in excess of the assets needed to establish or maintain the derivative position), adverse changes in the value or level of the underlying asset, rate, or index may result in a loss substantially greater than the amount invested in the derivative itself. In the case of swaps, the risk of loss generally is related to a notional principal amount, even if the parties have not made any initial investment. Some derivatives, similar to short sales, have the potential for unlimited loss, regardless of the size of the initial investment. Similarly, the fund's portfolio will be leveraged and can incur losses if the value of the fund's assets declines between the time a redemption request is received or deemed to be received by the fund (which in some cases may be the business day prior to actual receipt of the transaction activity by the fund) and the time at which the fund liquidates assets to meet redemption requests. Such a decline in the value of a fund's assets is more likely in the case of funds managed from non-U.S. offices for which the time period between the NAV determination and corresponding liquidation of assets could be longer due to time zone differences and market schedules. In the case of redemptions representing a significant portion of the fund's portfolio, the leverage effects described above can be significant and could expose a fund and non-redeeming shareholders to material losses.

The fund may manage some of its derivative positions by offsetting derivative positions against one another or against other assets. To the extent offsetting positions do not behave in relation to one another as expected, the fund may perform as if it were leveraged.

Some funds are permitted to purchase securities on margin or to sell securities short, either of which creates leverage. To the extent the market prices of securities pledged to counterparties to secure the fund's margin account or short sale decline, the fund may be required to deposit additional funds with the counterparty to avoid having the pledged securities liquidated to compensate for the decline.

Illiquidity risk. Illiquidity risk exists when particular investments are impossible or difficult to sell and some assets that the fund wants to invest in may be impossible or difficult to purchase. Although most of the fund's investments must be liquid at the time of investment, investments may become illiquid after purchase by the fund, particularly during periods of market turmoil or due to adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers or sellers or when dealers are unwilling or unable to make a market for certain securities. As a general matter, dealers recently have been less willing to make markets for fixed income securities. Recent federal banking regulations may also cause certain dealers to reduce their inventories of certain securities, which may further decrease the ability to buy or sell such securities. When the fund holds illiquid investments, the portfolio may be harder to value, especially in changing markets, and if the fund is forced to sell these investments to meet redemption requests or for other cash needs, the fund may suffer a loss. The fund may

experience heavy redemptions that could cause the fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value, which could cause the value of your investment to decline. In addition, when there is illiquidity in the market for certain investments, the fund, due to limitations on illiquid investments, may be unable to achieve its desired level of exposure to a certain sector, industry or issuer. Transactions in less liquid or illiquid securities may entail transaction costs that are higher than those for transactions in liquid securities. Further, such securities, once sold, may not settle for an extended period (for example, several weeks or even longer). The fund will not receive its sales proceeds until that time, which may constrain the fund's ability to meet its obligations (including obligations to redeeming shareholders).

Foreign investments and emerging markets risk. The fund's investments in securities of foreign issuers or issuers with significant exposure to foreign markets involve additional risk as compared to investments in U.S. securities or issuers with predominantly domestic exposure, such as less liquid, less regulated, less transparent and more volatile markets. The markets for some foreign securities are relatively new, and the rules and policies relating to these markets are not fully developed and may change. The value of the fund's investments may decline because of factors affecting the particular issuer as well as foreign markets and issuers generally, such as unfavorable or unsuccessful government actions, tariffs and tax disputes, reduction of government or central bank support, inadequate accounting standards, lack of information and political, economic, financial or social instability. Foreign investments may also be adversely affected by U.S. government or international economic sanctions, which could eliminate the value of an investment.

The value of the fund's foreign investments may also be affected by foreign tax laws, special U.S. tax considerations and restrictions on receiving the investment proceeds from a foreign country. Dividends or interest on, or proceeds from the sale or disposition of, foreign securities may be subject to non-U.S. withholding or other taxes.

It may be difficult for the fund to pursue claims against a foreign issuer or other parties in the courts of a foreign country. Some securities issued by non-U.S. governments or their subdivisions, agencies and instrumentalities may not be backed by the full faith and credit of such governments. Even where a security is backed by the full faith and credit of a government, it may be difficult for the fund to pursue its rights against the government. In the past, some non-U.S. governments have defaulted on principal and interest payments. In certain foreign markets, settlement and clearance procedures may result in delays in payment for or delivery of securities not typically associated with settlement and clearance of U.S. investments.

If the fund buys securities denominated in a foreign currency, receives income in foreign currencies, or holds foreign currencies from time to time, the value of the fund's assets, as measured in U.S. dollars, can be affected unfavorably by changes in exchange rates relative to the U.S. dollar or other foreign currencies. Currency exchange rates can be volatile, and are affected by factors such as general economic conditions, the actions of the U.S. and foreign governments or central banks, the imposition of currency controls and speculation. The fund may be unable or may choose not to hedge its foreign currency exposure.

In certain foreign markets, settlement and clearance of trades may experience delays in payment for or delivery of securities not typically associated with settlement and clearance of U.S. investments. Settlement of trades in these markets can take longer than in other markets and the fund may not receive its proceeds from the sale of certain securities for an extended period (possibly several weeks or even longer) due to, among other factors, low trading volumes and volatile prices. The custody or holding of securities, cash and other assets by local banks, agents and depositories in securities markets outside the United States may entail additional risks. Governments or trade groups may compel local agents to hold securities in designated depositories that may not be subject to independent evaluation. Local agents are held only to the standards of care of their local markets, and thus may be subject to limited or no government oversight. In extreme cases, the fund's securities may be misappropriated or the fund may be unable to sell its securities. In general, the less developed a country's securities market is, the greater the likelihood of custody problems.

The risks of foreign investments are heightened when investing in issuers in emerging market countries. Emerging market countries tend to have economic, political and legal systems that are less developed and are less stable than those of more developed countries. They are often particularly sensitive to market movements because their market prices tend to reflect speculative expectations. Low trading volumes may result in a lack of liquidity and in extreme price volatility. Investors should be able to tolerate sudden, sometimes substantial, fluctuations in the value of investments in emerging markets. Emerging market countries may have policies that restrict investment by foreigners or that prevent foreign investors from withdrawing their money at will.

Risk of increase in expenses. Your actual costs of investing in the fund may be higher than the expenses shown in "Annual fund operating expenses" for a variety of reasons. For example, expenses may be higher if the fund's average net assets decrease, as a result of redemptions or otherwise, or if a fee limitation is changed or terminated. Net assets are more likely to decrease and fund expense ratios are more likely to increase when markets are volatile.

Prepayment or call risk. Many fixed income securities give the issuer the option to repay or call the security prior to its maturity date. Issuers often exercise this right when interest rates fall. Accordingly, if the fund holds a fixed income security subject to prepayment or call risk, it will not benefit fully from the increase in value that other fixed income securities generally experience when interest rates fall. Upon prepayment of the security, the fund would also be forced to reinvest the proceeds at then current yields, which would be lower than the yield of the security that was paid off. In addition, if the fund purchases a fixed income security at a premium (at a price that exceeds its stated par or principal value), the fund may lose the amount of the premium paid in the event of prepayment.

Extension risk. When interest rates rise, repayments of fixed income securities, particularly asset- and mortgage-backed securities, may occur more slowly than anticipated, extending the effective duration of these fixed income securities at below market interest rates and causing their market

prices to decline more than they would have declined due to the rise in interest rates alone. This may cause the fund's share price to be more volatile.

Risk of investing in fewer issuers. To the extent the fund invests its assets in a small number of issuers, or in issuers in related businesses or that are subject to related operating risks, the fund will be more susceptible to negative events affecting those issuers.

Convertible securities risk. Convertible securities are subject to both stock market risk associated with equity securities and the credit and interest rate risks associated with fixed income securities. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or obligor will not make timely payments of principal or interest or that its credit may be downgraded or perceived to be less creditworthy. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a fixed income security will fall when interest rates rise. A rise in rates tends to have a greater impact on the prices of longer term or duration securities. A general rise in interest rates may cause investors to move out of fixed income securities on a large scale, which could adversely affect the price and liquidity of fixed income securities. As the market price of the equity security underlying a convertible security falls, the convertible security tends to trade on the basis of its yield and other fixed income characteristics. As the market price of the equity security underlying a convertible security rises, the convertible security tends to trade on the basis of its equity conversion features.

Contingent convertible securities ("CoCos") risk. CoCos are hybrid securities most commonly issued by banking institutions that present risks similar to debt securities and convertible securities. CoCos are a form of hybrid security that are intended to either convert into equity or have their principal written down upon the occurrence of certain triggers. When an issuer's capital ratio falls below a specified trigger level, or in a regulator's discretion depending on the regulator's judgment about the issuer's solvency prospects, a CoCo may be written down, written off or converted into an equity security. Due to the contingent write-down, write-off and conversion feature, CoCos may have substantially greater risk than other securities in times of financial stress. If the trigger level is breached, the issuer's decision to write down, write off or convert a CoCo may be outside its control, and the fund may suffer a complete loss on an investment in CoCos with no chance of recovery even if the issuer remains in existence. The value of CoCos is unpredictable and may be influenced by many factors including, without limitation: the creditworthiness of the issuer and/or fluctuations in such issuer's applicable capital ratios; supply and demand for CoCos; general market conditions and available liquidity; and economic, financial and political events that affect the issuer, its particular market or the financial markets in general.

Valuation risk. Many factors may influence the price at which the fund could sell any particular portfolio investment. The sales price may well differ—higher or lower—from the fund's last valuation, and such differences could be significant, particularly for illiquid securities and securities that trade in relatively thin markets and/or markets that experience extreme volatility. If market conditions make it difficult to value some investments, the fund may value these investments using more subjective methods, such as fair value methodologies. Investors who purchase or redeem fund shares on days when the fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive fewer or more shares, or lower or higher redemption proceeds, than they would have received if the fund had not fair-valued securities or had used a different valuation methodology. The value of non-U.S. securities, certain fixed income securities and currencies, as applicable, may be materially affected by events after the close of the markets in which they are traded, but before the fund determines its net asset value. The fund's ability to value its investments may also be impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third party service providers. The valuation of the fund's investments involves subjective judgment.

Market events risk. The market values of securities or other assets will fluctuate, sometimes sharply and unpredictably, due to changes in general market conditions, overall economic trends or events, governmental actions or intervention, actions taken by the U.S. Federal Reserve or foreign central banks, market disruptions caused by trade disputes or other factors, political developments, investor sentiment, the global and domestic effects of a pandemic, and other factors that may or may not be related to the issuer of the security or other asset. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are increasingly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, public health events, terrorism, natural disasters and other circumstances in one country or region could have profound impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries directly affected, the value and liquidity of the fund's investments may be negatively affected.

The rapid and global spread of a highly contagious novel coronavirus respiratory disease, designated COVID-19, first detected in China in December 2019, has resulted in extreme volatility in the financial markets and severe losses; reduced liquidity of many instruments; restrictions on international and, in some cases, local travel; significant disruptions to business operations (including business closures); strained healthcare systems; disruptions to supply chains, consumer demand and employee availability; and widespread uncertainty regarding the duration and long-term effects of this pandemic. Some sectors of the economy and individual issuers have experienced particularly large losses. In addition, the COVID-19 pandemic may result in a sustained economic downturn or a global recession, domestic and foreign political and social instability, damage to diplomatic and international trade relations and increased volatility and/or decreased liquidity in the securities markets. The ultimate economic fallout from the pandemic, and the long-term impact on economies, markets, industries and individual issuers, are not known. The U.S. government and the Federal Reserve, as well as certain foreign governments and central banks, are taking extraordinary actions to support local and global economies and the financial markets in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, including by pushing interest rates to very low levels. This and other government intervention into the economy and financial markets to address the COVID-19 pandemic may not work as intended, particularly if the efforts are perceived by investors as being unlikely to achieve the desired results. The COVID-19 pandemic could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the fund's investments, impair the fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the fund's performance. In addition, the outbreak of COVID-19, and measures taken to mitigate its effects, could result in disruptions to the services provided to the fund by its service providers

LIBOR risk. The fund's investments, payment obligations, and financing terms may be based on floating rates, such as the London Interbank Offered Rate, or "LIBOR," which is the offered rate for short-term Eurodollar deposits between major international banks. Plans are underway to phase out the use of LIBOR by the end of 2021. There remains uncertainty regarding the nature of any replacement rate and the impact of the transition from LIBOR on the fund's transactions and the financial markets generally. As such, the potential effect of a transition away from LIBOR on the fund's investments cannot yet be determined.

Cash management and defensive investing risk. The value of the investments held by the fund for cash management or defensive investing purposes can fluctuate. Like other fixed income securities, they are subject to risk, including market, interest rate and credit risk. If the fund holds cash uninvested, the cash will be subject to the credit risk of the depository institution holding the cash and the fund will not earn income on the cash. If a significant amount of the fund's assets is used for cash management or defensive investing purposes, the fund will be less likely to achieve its investment objective. Defensive investing may not work as intended and the value of an investment in the fund may still decline.

Hedging risk. The decision as to whether and to what extent the fund will engage in hedging transactions to hedge against such risks as credit risk, currency risk and interest rate risk will depend on a number of factors, including prevailing market conditions, the composition of the fund and the availability of suitable transactions. Hedges are sometimes subject to imperfect matching between the derivative and the underlying asset or index; accordingly, there can be no assurance that the fund will engage in hedging transactions at any given time or from time to time, even under volatile market environments, or that any such strategies, if used, will be successful. Hedging transactions involve costs and may reduce gains or result in losses.

Risks relating to inflation-indexed securities. The value of inflation-indexed fixed income securities generally fluctuates in response to changes in real interest rates, which are in turn tied to the relationship between nominal interest rates and the rate of inflation. Therefore, if inflation were to rise at a faster rate than nominal interest rates, real interest rates might decline, leading to an increase in value of inflation-indexed securities. In contrast, if nominal interest rates increase at a faster rate than inflation, real interest rates might rise, leading to a decrease in value of inflation-indexed securities. The principal value of inflation-indexed securities declines in periods of deflation, and holders of such securities may experience a loss. Although the holders of U.S. TIPS receive no less than the par value of the security at maturity, if the fund purchases U.S. TIPS in the secondary market whose principal values have been adjusted upward due to inflation since issuance, it may experience a loss if there is a subsequent period of deflation. If inflation is lower than expected during the period the fund holds an inflation-indexed security, the fund may earn less on the security than on a conventional bond.

Any increase in principal value caused by an increase in the index the inflation-indexed securities are tied to is taxable in the year the increase occurs, even though the fund will not receive cash representing the increase at that time. As a result, the fund could be required at times to liquidate other investments, including when it is not advantageous to do so, in order to satisfy the distribution requirements applicable to regulated investment companies under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). See "Taxes" in the SAI.

If real interest rates rise (i.e., if interest rates rise for reasons other than inflation, for example, due to changes in currency exchange rates), the value of inflation-indexed securities held by the fund will decline. Moreover, because the principal amount of inflation-indexed securities would be adjusted downward during a period of deflation, the fund will be subject to deflation risk with respect to its investments in these securities. Inflation-indexed securities are tied to indices that are calculated based on rates of inflation for prior periods. There can be no assurance that such indices will accurately measure the actual rate of inflation in the prices of goods and services.

Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities risk. Mortgage-backed securities are particularly susceptible to prepayment and extension risks, because prepayments on the underlying mortgages tend to increase when interest rates fall and decrease when interest rates rise. Prepayments may also occur on a scheduled basis or due to foreclosure. When market interest rates increase, mortgage refinancings and prepayments slow, which lengthens the effective duration of these securities. As a result, the negative effect of the interest rate increase on the market value of mortgage-backed securities is usually more pronounced than it is for other types of fixed income securities, potentially increasing the volatility of the fund. Conversely, when market interest rates decline, while the value of mortgage-backed securities may increase, the rates of prepayment of the underlying mortgages tend to increase, which shortens the effective duration of these securities. Mortgage-backed securities are also subject to the risk that underlying borrowers will be unable to meet their obligations.

At times, some of the mortgage-backed securities in which the fund may invest will have higher than market interest rates and therefore will be purchased at a premium above their par value. Prepayments may cause losses on securities purchased at a premium.

The value of mortgage-backed securities may be affected by changes in credit quality or value of the mortgage loans or other assets that support the securities. In addition, for mortgage-backed securities, when market conditions result in an increase in the default rates on the underlying mortgages and the foreclosure values of the underlying real estate are below the outstanding amount of the underlying mortgages, collection of the full amount of accrued interest and principal on these investments may be doubtful. For mortgage derivatives and structured securities that have embedded leverage features, small changes in interest or prepayment rates may cause large and sudden price movements. Mortgage derivatives can also become illiquid and hard to value in declining markets.

Asset-backed securities are structured like mortgage-backed securities and are subject to many of the same risks. The ability of an issuer of asset-backed securities to enforce its security interest in the underlying assets or to otherwise recover from the underlying obligor may be limited. Certain asset-backed securities present a heightened level of risk because, in the event of default, the liquidation value of the underlying assets may be inadequate to pay any unpaid principal or interest.

Portfolio management risk. The value of your investment may decrease if the subadvisers' judgment about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, or about interest rates, is incorrect or does not produce the desired results, or if there are imperfections, errors or limitations in the models, tools and data used by the subadvisers. In addition, the fund's investment strategies or policies may change from time to time. Those changes may not lead to the results intended by the subadvisers and could have an adverse effect on the value or performance of the fund.

Investment in other investment companies risk. If the fund acquires shares of investment companies, including ones affiliated with the fund, shareholders bear both their proportionate share of expenses in the fund (including management and advisory fees) and, indirectly, the expenses of the investment companies (to the extent not offset by LMPFA or its affiliates through waivers).

Portfolio turnover risk. Active and frequent trading may increase a shareholder's tax liability and the fund's transaction costs, which could detract from fund performance.

Redemptions by affiliated funds and by other significant investors. The fund may be an investment option for other Legg Mason, Inc. ("Legg Mason") sponsored mutual funds and ETFs that are managed as "funds of funds," unaffiliated mutual funds and ETFs and other investors with substantial investments in the fund. As a result, from time to time, the fund may experience relatively large redemptions and could be required to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value, which could cause the value of your investment to decline.

Redemption risk. The fund may experience periods of heavy redemptions, particularly during periods of declining or illiquid markets, that could cause the fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or unfavorable prices or increase or accelerate taxable gains or transaction costs and may negatively affect the fund's net asset value, performance, or ability to satisfy redemptions in a timely manner which could cause the value of your investment to decline. Redemption risk is greater to the extent that the fund has investors with large shareholdings, short investment horizons, unpredictable cash flow needs or where one decision maker has control of fund shares owned by separate fund shareholders, including clients or affiliates of the fund's manager. In addition, redemption risk is heightened during periods of overall market turmoil. The redemption by one or more large shareholders of their holdings in the fund could hurt performance and/or cause the remaining shareholders in the fund to lose money.

Operational risk. Your ability to transact with the fund or the valuation of your investment may be negatively impacted because of the operational risks arising from factors such as processing errors and human errors, inadequate or failed internal or external processes, failures in systems and technology, changes in personnel, and errors caused by third party service providers or trading counterparties. It is not possible to identify all of the operational risks that may affect the fund or to develop processes and controls that completely eliminate or mitigate the occurrence of such failures. The fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

Cybersecurity risk. Cybersecurity incidents, both intentional and unintentional, may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to fund assets, fund or customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, cause the fund, the manager, the subadvisers and/or their service providers (including, but not limited to, fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality or prevent fund investors from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares or receiving distributions. The fund, the manager, and the subadvisers have limited ability to prevent or mitigate cybersecurity incidents affecting third party service providers, and such third party service providers may have limited indemnification obligations to the fund or the manager. Cybersecurity incidents may result in financial losses to the fund and its shareholders, and substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any future cybersecurity incidents. Issuers of securities in which the fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cybersecurity incidents.

Please note that there are other factors that could adversely affect your investment and that could prevent the fund from achieving its investment objective. More information about risks appears in the SAI. Before investing, you should carefully consider the risks that you will assume.

Portfolio holdings

A description of the fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of its portfolio holdings is available in the SAI. The fund posts its complete portfolio holdings at www.leggmason.com/mutualfunds (click on the name of the fund) on a quarterly basis. The fund intends to post its complete portfolio holdings 14 calendar days following the quarter-end. The fund intends to post partial information concerning the fund's portfolio holdings (such as top 10 holdings or sector breakdowns, for example) on the Legg Mason funds' website on a monthly basis. The fund intends to post this partial information 10 business days following each month-end. Such information will remain available until the next month's or quarter's holdings are posted.

More on fund management

Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC ("LMPFA" or the "manager") is the fund's investment manager. LMPFA, with offices at 620 Eighth Avenue, New York, New York 10018, also serves as the investment manager of other Legg Mason-sponsored funds. LMPFA provides administrative and certain oversight services to the fund. As of December 31, 2019, LMPFA's total assets under management were approximately \$202.1 billion.

Western Asset Management Company, LLC ("Western Asset") and Western Asset Management Company Limited ("Western Asset London" and collectively with Western Asset, the "subadvisers") provide the day-to-day portfolio management of the fund as subadvisers. Western Asset, established in 1971, has offices at 385 East Colorado Boulevard, Pasadena, California 91101 and 620 Eighth Avenue, New York, New York 10018. Western Asset London was founded in 1984 and has offices at 10 Exchange Square, Primrose Street, London EC2A 2EN.

Western Asset London undertakes investment-related activities including investment management, research and analysis, and securities settlement. Western Asset London provides certain subadvisory services relating to currency transactions and investments in non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities and related foreign currency instruments. Western Asset London generally manages global and non-U.S. dollar fixed income mandates. Western Asset London provides services relating to relevant portions of Western Asset's broader portfolios as appropriate.

Western Asset employs a team approach to investment management that utilizes relevant staff in multiple offices around the world. Expertise from Western Asset investment professionals in those offices add local sector investment experience as well as the ability to trade in local markets. Although the investment professionals at Western Asset London are responsible for the management of the investments in their local sectors, Western Asset provides overall supervision of their activities for the fund to maintain a cohesive investment management approach.

Western Asset and Western Asset London act as investment advisers to institutional accounts, such as corporate pension plans, mutual funds and endowment funds. As of December 31, 2019, the total assets under management of Western Asset and its supervised affiliates, including Western Asset London, were approximately \$456.3 billion.

LMPFA pays the subadvisers all of the management fee that it receives from the fund. The fund does not pay any additional advisory or other fees for advisory services provided by Western Asset or Western Asset London.

LMPFA, Western Asset and Western Asset London are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Legg Mason, Inc. ("Legg Mason"). Legg Mason, whose principal executive offices are at 100 International Drive, Baltimore, Maryland 21202, is a global asset management company. As of December 31, 2019, Legg Mason's asset management operations, including Western Asset and its supervised affiliates, had aggregate assets under management of approximately \$803.5 billion.

On February 18, 2020, Franklin Resources and Legg Mason announced that they have entered into a definitive agreement for Franklin Resources to acquire Legg Mason in an all-cash transaction. As part of this transaction, LMPFA and the subadviser(s), each currently a wholly owned subsidiary of Legg Mason, would become a wholly owned subsidiary of Franklin Resources. The transaction is subject to approval by Legg Mason's shareholders and customary closing conditions, including receipt of applicable regulatory approvals. Subject to such approvals and the satisfaction of the other conditions, the transaction is expected to be consummated in the latter part of 2020. Under the 1940 Act, consummation of the transaction will result in the automatic termination of the management and subadvisory agreements. Therefore, the fund's Board of Directors has approved new management and subadvisory agreements that will be presented to the shareholders of the fund for their approval. Additional informational materials will be mailed to shareholders.

Investment professionals

Primary responsibility for the day-to-day portfolio management, development of investment strategy, oversight and coordination of the fund lies with the following investment professionals. The fund is managed by a broad team of investment professionals. Senior members of the portfolio management team are responsible for the development of investment strategy and oversight for the fund and coordination of other relevant investment team members.

Investment professional	Title and Recent Biography	Investment professional of the fund since
S. Kenneth Leech	Chief Investment Officer and has been employed by Western Asset as an investment professional for at least the past five years.	2013*
John Bellows	Portfolio Manager/Research Analyst and he has been employed by Western Asset as an investment professional for at least the past five years.	2018
Mark S. Lindbloom	Portfolio Manager and has been employed by Western Asset as an investment professional for at least the past five years.	2006

Frederick R. Marki	Portfolio Manager and has been employed by Western Asset as an investment professional for at least the past five years.	2018
Julien A. Scholnick	Portfolio Manager and has been employed by Western Asset as an investment professional for at least the past five years.	2016

^{*} In addition, Mr. Leech had previously served as a member of the portfolio management team of the fund.

The SAI provides information about the compensation of the investment professionals, other accounts managed by the investment professionals and any fund shares held by the investment professionals.

Management fee

The fund pays a management fee at an annual rate that decreases as assets increase, as follows: 0.45% of the first \$500 million of average net assets, 0.425% of the next \$500 million of average net assets and 0.40% of average net assets over \$1 billion.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, the fund paid LMPFA an effective management fee of 0.35%, inclusive of fees recaptured pursuant to the fund's expense limitation arrangements, of the fund's average daily net assets for management services. The effective management fee reflects any fees waived by the manager (including any fees waived in connection with investments by the fund in affiliated investment companies for which the fund paid a management fee).

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the fund's management agreement and subadvisory agreements is available in the fund's Annual Report for the period ended December 31, 2019.

Expense limitation

The manager has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse operating expenses (other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses) so that the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses will not exceed 0.82% for Class A shares, 1.65% for Class C shares, 1.42% for Class C1 shares, 0.85% for Class FI shares, 1.15% for Class R shares, 0.45% for Class Is shares and 0.42% for Class IS shares, subject to recapture as described below. In addition, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses for Class Is shares, subject to recapture as described below. These arrangements are expected to continue until December 31, 2021, may be terminated prior to that date by agreement of the manager and the Board, and may be terminated at any time after that date by the manager. These arrangements, however, may be modified by the manager to decrease total annual fund operating expenses at any time. The manager is also permitted to recapture amounts waived and/or reimbursed to a class within two years after the fiscal year in which the manager earned the fee or incurred the expense if the class' total annual fund operating expenses have fallen to a level below the limits described above. In no case will the manager recapture any amount that would result, on any particular business day of the fund, in the class' total annual fund operating expenses exceeding the applicable limits described above or any other lower limit then in effect. The manager has agreed to waive the fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund. This management fee waiver is not subject to recapture.

Additional information

The fund enters into contractual arrangements with various parties, including, among others, the fund's investment manager and the subadvisers, who provide services to the fund. Shareholders are not parties to, or intended (or "third-party") beneficiaries of, those contractual arrangements.

This Prospectus and the SAI provide information concerning the fund that you should consider in determining whether to purchase shares of the fund. The fund may make changes to this information from time to time. Neither this Prospectus nor the SAI is intended to give rise to any contract rights or other rights in any shareholder, other than rights conferred by federal or state securities laws.

Distribution

Legg Mason Investor Services, LLC ("LMIS"), a wholly-owned broker/dealer subsidiary of Legg Mason, serves as the fund's sole and exclusive distributor.

The fund has adopted a shareholder services and distribution plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Under the plan, the fund pays distribution and/or service fees based on an annualized percentage of average daily net assets of up to 0.25% for Class A shares; up to 1.00% for Class C shares; up to 0.70% for Class C1 shares; up to 0.25% for Class FI shares and up to 0.50% for Class R shares. Payments by the fund under its plan go to LMIS, financial intermediaries and other parties that provide services in connection with or are otherwise involved in the distribution of its shares or administration of plans or programs that use its shares as their funding medium, and to reimburse certain other expenses and payments. From time to time, LMIS and/or financial intermediaries may agree to a reduction or waiver of these fees. These fees are an ongoing expense and, over time, will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than other types of sales charges. Class I shares and Class IS shares are not subject to distribution and/or service fees under the plan.

Additional payments

In addition to payments made to intermediaries under the fund's shareholder services and distribution plan and other payments made by the fund for shareholder services and/or recordkeeping, the distributor, the manager and/or their affiliates make payments for distribution, shareholder servicing, marketing and promotional activities and related expenses out of their profits and other available sources, including profits from their relationships with the fund. These payments are not reflected as additional expenses in the fee table contained in this Prospectus. The recipients of these payments may include the fund's distributor and affiliates of the manager, as well as Service Agents through which investors may purchase shares of the fund, including your Service Agent. The total amount of these payments is substantial, may be substantial to any given recipient and may exceed the costs and expenses incurred by the recipient for any fund-related marketing or shareholder servicing activities. The payments described in this paragraph are often referred to as "revenue sharing payments." Revenue sharing arrangements are separately negotiated between the distributor, the manager and/or their affiliates, and the recipients of these payments.

Revenue sharing payments create an incentive for an intermediary or its employees or associated persons to recommend or sell shares of the fund to you. Contact your Service Agent for details about revenue sharing payments it receives or may receive. Additional information about revenue sharing payments is available in the SAI. Revenue sharing payments, as well as payments by the fund under the shareholder services and distribution plan or for recordkeeping and/or shareholder services, also benefit the manager, the distributor and their affiliates to the extent the payments result in more assets being invested in the fund on which fees are being charged.

Choosing a class of shares to buy

Individual investors can generally invest in Class A and Class C shares. Class C shares are not available for purchase through accounts where LMIS is the broker-dealer of record ("LMIS Accounts"). Individual investors who invest directly with the fund and who meet the \$1,000,000 minimum initial investment requirement may purchase Class I shares. Retirement Plans and Institutional Investors and Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries should refer to "Retirement and Institutional Investors" below for a description of the classes available to them.

Investors not purchasing directly from the fund may purchase shares through a Service Agent. Please note that if you are purchasing shares through a Service Agent, your Service Agent may not offer all classes of shares. Service Agents making fund shares available to their clients determine which share class(es) to make available. Your Service Agent may receive different compensation for selling one class of shares than for selling another class, which may depend on, among other things, the type of investor account and the practices adopted by your Service Agent. Certain Service Agents may impose their own investment fees and practices for purchasing and selling fund shares, which are not described in this Prospectus or the SAI, and which will depend on the policies, procedures and trading platforms of the Service Agent. Consult a representative of your Service Agent about the availability of fund shares and the Service Agent's practices and other information.

Individual investors investing through a Service Agent may be eligible to invest in Class I or Class IS shares, if such Service Agent is acting solely as an agent on behalf of its customers pursuant to an agreement with LMIS and such investor's shares are held in an omnibus account on the books of the fund. Please contact your Service Agent for more information.

Please note that the fund does not charge any front-end load, deferred sales charge or other asset-based fee for sales or distribution of Class I shares and Class IS shares. However, if you purchase Class I or Class IS shares through a Service Agent acting solely as an agent on behalf of its customers pursuant to an agreement with LMIS, that Service Agent may charge you a commission in an amount determined and separately disclosed to you by the Service Agent.

Because the fund is not a party to any commission arrangement between you and your Service Agent, any purchases and redemptions of Class I or Class IS shares will be made by the fund at the applicable net asset value (before imposition of the sales commission). Any commissions charged by a Service Agent are not reflected in the fees and expenses listed in the fee table or expense example in this Prospectus nor are they reflected in the performance in the bar chart and table in this Prospectus because these commissions are not charged by the fund.

Each class has different sales charges and expenses, allowing you to choose a class that may be appropriate for you.

When choosing which class of shares to buy, you should consider:

- · How much you plan to invest
- How long you expect to own the shares
- The expenses paid by each class detailed in the fee table and example at the front of this Prospectus
- Whether you qualify for any reduction or waiver of sales charges
- · Availability of share classes

When choosing between Class A or Class C shares, you should be aware that, generally speaking, the larger the size of your investment and the longer your investment horizon, the more likely it will be that Class C shares will not be as advantageous as Class A shares. The annual distribution and/or service fees on Class C shares may cost you more over the longer term than the front-end sales charge and service fees you would have paid for larger purchases of Class A shares. If you are eligible to purchase Class I shares, you should be aware that Class I shares are not subject to a front-end sales charge or distribution or service fees and generally have lower annual expenses than Class A or Class C shares.

Class C1 shares are not available for purchase by new or existing investors (except for certain retirement plan programs authorized by LMIS prior to August 1, 2012). Class C1 shares are available for dividend reinvestment and incoming exchanges.

Each class of shares, except Class IS shares, is authorized to pay fees for recordkeeping services, account servicing, networking, or similar services to Service Agents. As a result, operating expenses of classes that incur new or additional recordkeeping fees may increase over time.

You may buy shares:

- (i) through a Service Agent or
- (ii) directly from the fund

Your Service Agent may provide shareholder services that differ from the services provided by other Service Agents. Services provided by your Service Agent may vary by class. You should ask your Service Agent to explain the shareholder services it provides for each class and the compensation it receives in connection with each class.

Your Service Agent may not offer all classes of shares. You should contact your Service Agent for further information.

More information about the fund's classes of shares is available through the Legg Mason funds' website. You'll find detailed information, free of charge and in a clear and prominent format, about sales charges and ways you can qualify for reduced or waived sales charges, including:

• The front-end sales charges that apply to the purchase of Class A shares

- The contingent deferred sales charges that apply to the redemption of Class C, Class C1 and certain Class A shares
- Who qualifies for lower sales charges on Class A shares
- · Who qualifies for a sales load waiver

To visit the website, go to www.leggmason.com/mutualfunds, and click on the name of the fund. On the selected fund's page, scroll to the bottom of the page and click on the disclosure labeled "Click here for Legg Mason Funds sales charge and breakpoint information."

Comparing the fund's classes

The following table compares key features of the fund's classes. You should also review the fee table and example at the front of this Prospectus carefully before choosing your share class. Your Service Agent can help you choose a class that may be appropriate for you. Please contact your Service Agent regarding the availability of Class FI, Class R or Class IS shares or, if you plan to purchase shares through the fund, contact the fund. You may be required to provide appropriate documentation confirming your eligibility to invest in these share classes. Your Service Agent may receive different compensation depending upon which class you choose. For more information please see the appendix located at the end of this Prospectus titled "Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents."

	Key features	Initial sales charge Cont	ngent deferred sales charge	Annual distribution and/or service fees	Exchange privilege ¹
Class A	Initial sales charge You may qualify for reduction or waiver of initial sales charge Generally lower annual expenses than Class C	Up to 4.25%; reduced or waived for large purchases and certain investors. No charge for purchases of \$1 million or more	1.00% on purchases of \$1 million or more if you redeem within 18 months of purchase; waived for certain investors	0.25% of average daily net assets	Class A shares of funds sold by the distributor
Class C	No initial sales charge Contingent deferred sales charge for only 1 year Generally higher annual expenses than Class A and Class C Not available through LMIS Accounts Effective April 15, 2019, generally converts to Class A on the next monthly conversion processing date (generally, the fifteenth day of the month) after the shares have been held for 10 years from the purchase date; please consult your Service Agent for more information	None	1.00% if you redeem within 1 year of purchase; waived for certain investors	1.00% of average daily net assets	Class C shares of funds sold by the distributor
Class C1	Closed to all new purchases (except for certain retirement plan programs authorized by LMIS prior to August 1, 2012) No initial sales charge Generally higher annual expenses than Class A Effective April 15, 2019, generally converts to Class A on the next monthly conversion processing date (generally, the fifteenth day of the month) after the shares have been held for 10 years from the purchase date; please consult your Service Agent for more information		1.00% if you redeem within 1 year of purchase; waived for certain investors	0.70% of average daily net assets	Class C1 shares of funds sold by the distributor, or if a fund sold by the distributor does not offer Class C1 shares, Class C shares
Class FI	No initial or contingent deferred sales charge Not available through LMIS Accounts Only offered to Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries and Retirement Plans	None	None	0.25% of average daily net assets	Class FI shares of funds sold by the distributor
Class R	No initial or contingent deferred sales charge Only offered to eligible Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund, Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries and Eligible Investment Programs	None	None	0.50% of average daily net assets	Class R shares of funds sold by the distributor
Class I*	No initial or contingent deferred sales charge Only offered to certain Institutional Investors, Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries and other eligible investors	None	None	None	Class I shares of funds sold by the distributor

	Key features	Initial sales charge	Contingent deferred sales charge	Annual distribution and/or service fees	Exchange privilege ¹
	Generally lower annual expenses than all classes, except Class IS				
Class IS*	No initial or contingent deferred sales charge Only offered to certain Institutiona Investors, Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the bool of the fund, Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries and other eligible investors Generally lower annual expenses than the other classes		None	None	Class IS shares of funds sold by the distributor

¹ Ask your Service Agent or the fund about the funds available for exchange.

* A Service Agent may assess its own commission on certain transactions in Class IS shares in an amount determined and separately disclosed to you by the Service Agent.

Sales charges

Class A shares

You buy Class A shares at the offering price, which is the net asset value plus a sales charge. You pay a lower rate as the size of your investment increases to certain levels called breakpoints. You do not pay a sales charge on the fund's distributions or dividends that you reinvest in additional Class A shares

The table below shows the rate of sales charge you pay, depending on the amount you purchase. It also shows the amount of Service Agent compensation that will be paid out of the sales charge if you buy shares from a Service Agent. For Class A shares sold by the distributor, the distributor will receive the sales charge imposed on purchases of Class A shares (or any contingent deferred sales charge paid on redemptions) and will retain the full amount of such sales charge. Service Agents will receive a distribution and/or service fee payable on Class A shares at an annual rate of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class A shares serviced by them.

Amount of investment	Sales charge as a % of offering price	sales charge as a % of net amount invested	commission as a % of offering price
Less than \$100,000	4.25	4.44	4.00
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.50	3.63	3.00
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.50	2.56	2.00
\$500,000 but less than \$750,000	2.00	2.04	1.60
\$750,000 but less than \$1 million	1.50	1.52	1.20
\$1 million or more ¹	-0-	-0-	up to 0.75

The distributor may pay a commission of up to 0.75% to a Service Agent for purchase amounts of \$1 million or more. In such cases, starting in the thirteenth month after purchase, the Service Agent will also receive an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class A shares held by its clients. Prior to the thirteenth month, the distributor will retain this fee. Where the Service Agent does not receive the payment of this commission, the Service Agent will instead receive the annual distribution and/or service fee starting immediately after purchase. Please contact your Service Agent for more information.

Investments of \$1,000,000 or more

You do not pay an initial sales charge when you buy \$1,000,000 or more of Class A shares. However, if you redeem these Class A shares within 18 months of purchase, you will pay a contingent deferred sales charge of 1.00%.

Qualifying for a reduced Class A sales charge

There are several ways you can combine multiple purchases of shares of funds or units of a Section 529 college savings plan sold by the distributor (a "Section 529 plan") to take advantage of the breakpoints in the Class A sales charge schedule. In order to take advantage of reductions in sales charges that may be available to you when you purchase fund shares, you must inform your Service Agent or the fund if you believe you are eligible for a letter of intent or a right of accumulation. Whether you purchased shares of funds and/or units of a Section 529 Plan through one or more Service Agents, directly from the fund or through a combination of the foregoing, it is your responsibility to inform your Service Agent or the fund if you own shares of other funds or units of a Section 529 plan that you believe are eligible to be aggregated with your purchases. **If you do not do so, you may not receive all sales charge reductions for which you are eligible**. Account statements may be necessary in order to verify your eligibility for a reduced sales charge.

Accumulation Privilege – allows you to combine the current value of shares of the fund with shares of other funds or units of a Section 529 plan sold by the distributor that are owned by:

- you or
- · your spouse and children under the age of 21

with the dollar amount of your next purchase of Class A shares for purposes of calculating the initial sales charges.

If you hold fund shares or units of a Section 529 plan in accounts at two or more Service Agents, please contact your Service Agents to determine whether your shares or units may be combined. Shares of money market funds sold by the distributor may be combined for purposes of the accumulation privilege. Please contact your Service Agent or the fund for additional information.

Certain trustees and other fiduciaries may be entitled to combine accounts in determining their sales charge.

Letter of Intent — allows you to purchase Class A shares of funds or units of a Section 529 plan sold by the distributor over a 13-month period and pay the same sales charge, if any, as if all shares or units had been purchased at once. At the time you enter into the letter of intent, you select your asset goal amount from among the levels of investment specified under "Amount of investment" in the chart above. Generally, purchases of shares of funds or units of a Section 529 plan sold by the distributor that are purchased during the 13-month period by:

- · you or
- · your spouse and children under the age of 21

are eligible for inclusion under the letter of intent, based on the public offering price at the time of the purchase and any capital appreciation on those shares or units. In addition, you can include the current value of any eligible holdings toward your asset goal amount.

If you hold shares of funds or units of a Section 529 plan sold by the distributor in accounts at two or more Service Agents, please contact your Service Agents to determine whether your shares or units may be credited toward your asset goal amount. Shares of money market funds sold by the distributor may be combined for purposes of the letter of intent. Please contact your Service Agent for additional information.

If you do not meet your asset goal amount, shares in the amount of any sales charges due, based on the amount of your actual purchases, will be redeemed from your account.

Waivers for certain Class A investors

Class A initial sales charges are waived for certain types of investors, including:

- Shareholders investing in Class A shares through LMIS Accounts
- Investors who redeemed at least the same amount of Class A shares of a fund sold by the distributor in the past 60 days, if the investor's Service
 Agent is notified
- · Directors and officers of any Legg Mason-sponsored fund
- Employees of Legg Mason and its subsidiaries
- Investors investing through certain Retirement Plans
- Investors who rollover fund shares from a qualified retirement plan into an individual retirement account administered on the same retirement plan platform

If you qualify for a waiver of the Class A initial sales charge, you must notify your Service Agent or the fund at 1-877-721-1926 at the time of purchase and provide sufficient information at the time of purchase to permit verification that the purchase qualifies for the initial sales charge waiver

Different Service Agents may impose different sales loads or offer different ways to reduce sales loads. These variations are described at the end of this Prospectus in the appendix titled "Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents."

For additional information regarding waivers of Class A initial sales charges, contact your Service Agent or the fund, consult the SAI or visit the Legg Mason funds' website, www.leggmason.com/mutualfunds, and click on the name of the fund. On the selected fund's page, scroll to the bottom of the page and click on the disclosure labeled "Click here for Legg Mason Funds sales charge and breakpoint information."

Class C shares

You buy Class C shares at net asset value with no initial sales charge. However, if you redeem your Class C shares within one year of purchase, you will pay a contingent deferred sales charge of 1.00%. Class C shares are not available for purchase through LMIS Accounts.

LMIS generally will pay Service Agents selling Class C shares a commission of up to 1.00% of the purchase price of the Class C shares they sell. LMIS will retain the contingent deferred sales charges and an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 1.00% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class C shares serviced by these Service Agents until the thirteenth month after purchase. Starting in the thirteenth month after purchase, these Service Agents will receive an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 1.00% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class C shares serviced by them.

Class C1 shares

Class C1 shares are not available for purchase by new or existing investors (except for certain retirement plan programs authorized by LMIS prior to August 1, 2012). Class C1 shares are available for dividend reinvestment and incoming exchanges of Class C1 shares from other funds sold by the distributor. You buy Class C1 shares at net asset value with no initial sales charge. However, if you redeem your Class C1 shares within one year of purchase, you will pay a contingent deferred sales charge of 1.00%. However, if you exchange Class C1 shares that were not subject to a contingent deferred sales charge when initially purchased for Class C1 shares of a fund that imposes a contingent deferred sales charge, your contingent deferred sales charge will be measured from the date of your exchange.

LMIS will retain the contingent deferred sales charges and an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 0.70% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class C1 shares serviced by these Service Agents until the thirteenth month after purchase. Starting in the thirteenth month after purchase, these Service Agents will receive an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 0.70% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class C1 shares serviced by them.

Class C and Class C1 share conversion

Effective April 15, 2019, except as noted below, Class C and Class C1 shares automatically convert to Class A shares after the shares have been held for 10 years from the purchase date; the shares will be converted on the next monthly conversion processing date after the 10 year anniversary of purchase (generally, on the fifteenth of the month, or the next business day if the fifteenth is not a business day). The initial Class C and Class C1

share conversion occurred on April 15, 2019, when Class C and Class C1 shares purchased on or prior to April 15, 2009 converted to Class A shares, except as noted below. It is the responsibility of your Service Agent and not the fund or LMIS to ensure that you are credited with the proper holding period. If your Service Agent does not have records verifying that your shares have been held for at least 10 years, your Service Agent may not convert your Class C or Class C1 shares to Class A shares. Group retirement plans held in an omnibus recordkeeping platform through a Service Agent that does not track participant-level share lot aging may not convert Class C or Class C1 shares to Class A shares. Customers of certain Service Agents may be subject to different terms or conditions, as set by their Service Agent, in connection with such conversions. Please refer to the appendix titled "Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents" on page A-1 of this Prospectus or contact your Service Agent for more information.

For Class C and Class C1 shares that have been acquired through an exchange from another fund sold by LMIS, the purchase date is calculated from the date the shares were originally acquired in the other fund. When Class C and Class C1 shares that a shareholder acquired through a purchase or exchange convert, any other Class C and Class C1 shares that the shareholder acquired as reinvested dividends and distributions related to those shares also will convert into Class A shares on a pro rata basis.

All conversions from Class C or Class C1 shares to Class A shares will be based on the per share net asset value without the imposition of any sales load, fee or other charge. The conversion from Class C or Class C1 shares to Class A shares is not considered a taxable event for federal income tax purposes.

Class FI shares

You buy Class FI shares at net asset value with no initial sales charge and no contingent deferred sales charge when redeemed. Class FI shares are not available for purchase through LMIS Accounts.

Service Agents receive an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class FI shares serviced by them.

Class R shares

You buy Class R shares at net asset value with no initial sales charge and no contingent deferred sales charge when redeemed.

Service Agents receive an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 0.50% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class R shares serviced by them.

Class I shares and Class IS shares

You buy Class I shares and Class IS shares at net asset value with no initial sales charge and no contingent deferred sales charge when redeemed. Class I shares and Class IS shares are not subject to any distribution and/or service fees. However, if you purchase Class I shares or Class IS shares through a Service Agent acting solely as an agent on behalf of its customers pursuant to an agreement with LMIS, the Service Agent may charge you a commission in an amount determined and separately disclosed to you by the Service Agent. In order to purchase Class I shares or Class IS shares, individual investors must meet the eligibility criteria to invest in such shares or purchase such shares through a Service Agent who holds shares through an omnibus account held on the books of the fund.

More about contingent deferred sales charges

The contingent deferred sales charge is based on the net asset value at the time of purchase or redemption, whichever is less, and therefore you do not pay a sales charge on amounts representing appreciation or depreciation.

In addition, you do not pay a contingent deferred sales charge:

- · When you exchange shares for shares of the same share class of another fund sold by the distributor
- On shares representing reinvested distributions and dividends
- On shares no longer subject to the contingent deferred sales charge

Each time you place a request to redeem shares, the fund will first redeem any shares in your account that are not subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and then redeem the shares in your account that have been held the longest.

If you redeem shares of a fund sold by the distributor and pay a contingent deferred sales charge, you may, under certain circumstances, reinvest all or part of the redemption proceeds within 60 days in any other fund sold by the distributor and receive pro rata credit for any contingent deferred sales charge imposed on the prior redemption. Please contact your Service Agent or the fund for additional information.

The distributor receives contingent deferred sales charges as partial compensation for its expenses in selling shares, including the payment of compensation to your Service Agent.

Contingent deferred sales charge waivers

The contingent deferred sales charge for each share class will generally be waived:

- · On payments made through certain systematic withdrawal plans
- On certain distributions from a Retirement Plan
- · For Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund
- For involuntary redemptions of small account balances
- For 12 months following the death or disability of a shareholder
- Effective May 1, 2020, on redemptions with respect to investors where the distributor did not pay the Service Agent a commission

To have your contingent deferred sales charge waived, you or your Service Agent must let the fund know at the time you redeem shares that you qualify for such a waiver.

Different Service Agents may offer different contingent deferred sales charge waivers. These variations are described at the end of this Prospectus in the appendix titled "Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents."

For additional information regarding waivers of contingent deferred sales charges, contact your Service Agent or the fund, consult the SAI or visit the Legg Mason funds' website, www.leggmason.com/mutualfunds and click on the name of the fund. On the selected fund's page, scroll to the bottom of the page and click on the disclosure labeled "Click here for Legg Mason Funds sales charge and breakpoint information."

Retirement and Institutional Investors — eligible investors

Retirement Plans

"Retirement Plans" include 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit-sharing plans, non-qualified deferred compensation plans, employer sponsored benefit plans (including health savings accounts), other similar employer-sponsored retirement and benefit plans, and individual retirement accounts that are administered on the same IRA recordkeeping platform and that invest in the fund through a single omnibus account pursuant to a special contractual arrangement with the fund or the distributor. Retirement Plans do not include individual retirement vehicles, such as traditional and Roth IRAs (absent an exception that is explicitly described in this Prospectus), Coverdell education savings accounts, individual 403(b)(7) custodial accounts, Keogh plans, SEPs, SARSEPs, SIMPLE IRAs or similar accounts.

Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund can generally invest in Class A, Class C, Class FI, Class R, Class I and Class IS shares. Certain Retirement Plan programs authorized by LMIS prior to August 1, 2012 can also invest in Class C1 shares.

Investors who rollover fund shares from a Retirement Plan into an individual retirement account administered on the same retirement plan platform may hold, purchase and exchange shares of the fund to the same extent as the applicable Retirement Plan.

Although Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund are not subject to minimum initial investment requirements for any of these share classes, certain investment minimums may be imposed by a Service Agent. The distributor may impose certain additional requirements. Please contact your Service Agent for more information.

Other Retirement Plans

"Other Retirement Plans" include Retirement Plans investing through brokerage accounts and also include certain Retirement Plans with direct relationships to the fund that are neither Institutional Investors nor investing through omnibus accounts. Other Retirement Plans and individual retirement vehicles, such as IRAs, are treated like individual investors for purposes of determining sales charges and any applicable sales charge reductions or waivers.

"Other Retirement Plans" do not include arrangements whereby an investor would rollover fund shares from a Retirement Plan into an individual retirement account administered on the same retirement plan platform. Such arrangements are deemed to be "Retirement Plans" and are subject to the rights and privileges described under "Retirement and Institutional Investors — eligible investors — Retirement Plans."

Other Retirement Plan investors and individual retirement vehicles can generally invest in Class A, Class C and Class I shares.

Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries

"Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries" are investors who invest in the fund through Service Agents that (i) charge such investors an ongoing fee for advisory, investment, consulting or similar services, or (ii) have entered into an agreement with the distributor to offer Class A, Class FI, Class R, Class I or Class IS shares through a no-load network or platform ("Eligible Investment Programs"). Such investors may include investors who invest in the fund through the program of a Service Agent where the investor typically invests \$10 million or more in assets under management in accounts with the Service Agent ("Management Accounts"). Such investors may also include pension and profit sharing plans, other employee benefit trusts, endowments, foundations and corporations. Eligible Investment Programs may also include college savings vehicles such as Section 529 plans and direct retail investment platforms through mutual fund "supermarkets," where the sponsor links its client's account (including IRA accounts on such platforms) to a master account in the sponsor's name. The Service Agent may impose separate investment minimums.

Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries may generally invest in Class A, Class FI, Class R, Class I or Class IS shares. Class I and Class IS shares are available for exchange from Class A, Class C1 or Class C shares of the fund by participants in Eligible Investment Programs.

Institutional Investors

"Institutional Investors" may include corporations, banks, trust companies, insurance companies, investment companies, foundations, endowments, defined benefit plans and other similar entities. The distributor or the Service Agent may impose additional eligibility requirements or criteria to determine if an investor, including the types of investors listed above, qualifies as an Institutional Investor.

Institutional Investors may invest in Class I or Class IS shares if they meet the \$1,000,000 minimum initial investment requirement. Institutional Investors may also invest in Class A and Class C shares, which have different investment minimums, fees and expenses.

Class A shares — Retirement Plans

Retirement Plans may buy Class A shares. Under certain programs for current and prospective Retirement Plan investors sponsored by Service Agents, the initial sales charge and contingent deferred sales charge for Class A shares are waived where:

- · Such Retirement Plan's recordkeeper offers only load-waived shares, and
- Fund shares are held on the books of the fund through an omnibus account.

LMIS does not pay Service Agents selling Class A shares to Retirement Plans with a direct omnibus relationship with the fund a commission on the purchase price of Class A shares sold by them. However, for certain Retirement Plans that are permitted to purchase shares at net asset value, LMIS

may pay Service Agents commissions of up to 0.75% of the purchase price of the Class A shares that are purchased with regular ongoing plan contributions. Please contact your Service Agent for more information.

Class C shares — Retirement Plans

Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund may buy Class C shares at net asset value without paying a contingent deferred sales charge. LMIS does not pay Service Agents selling Class C shares to Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund a commission on the purchase price of Class C shares sold by them. Instead, immediately after purchase, LMIS may pay these Service Agents an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 1.00% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class C shares serviced by them.

Certain Retirement Plan programs with exchange features in effect prior to November 20, 2006, as approved by LMIS, remain eligible for exchange from Class C shares to Class A shares in accordance with the program terms. Please see the SAI for more details.

Class C1 shares — Retirement Plans

Certain Retirement Plan programs authorized by LMIS prior to August 1, 2012 may buy Class C1 shares at net asset value without paying a contingent deferred sales charge. LMIS does not pay Service Agents selling Class C1 shares through such programs a commission on the purchase price of Class C1 shares sold by them. Instead, immediately after purchase, LMIS may pay these Service Agents an annual distribution and/or service fee of up to 0.70% of the average daily net assets represented by the Class C1 shares serviced by them.

Certain Retirement Plan programs with exchange features in effect prior to November 20, 2006, as approved by LMIS, remain eligible for exchange from Class C1 shares to Class A shares in accordance with the program terms. Please see the SAI for more details.

Class FI shares

Class FI shares are offered only to Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries and Retirement Plans.

Class R shares

Class R shares are offered only to Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund (either at the plan level or at the level of the Service Agent), to Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries and through Eligible Investment Programs.

Class I shares

Class I shares may be purchased by:

- Institutional Investors who meet the \$1,000,000 minimum initial investment requirement;
- Individual investors investing directly with the fund who meet the \$1,000,000 minimum initial investment requirement;
- · Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund;
- · Certain rollover IRAs;
- Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries;
- · Investors investing through a Service Agent acting solely as agent on behalf of its customers pursuant to an agreement with LMIS; and
- · Other investors authorized by LMIS.

Investors who qualify as Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries or who participate in Eligible Investment Programs made available through their Service Agents (such as investors in fee-based advisory or mutual fund "wrap" programs) are eligible to purchase, directly or via exchange, Class I shares, among other share classes. In such cases your ability to hold Class I shares may be premised on your continuing participation in a fee-based advisory or mutual fund wrap program.

Your Service Agent may reserve the right to redeem your Class I shares or exchange them for Class A shares of the same fund, as applicable, if you terminate your fee-based advisory or mutual fund wrap program and are no longer eligible for Class I shares. You may be subject to an initial sales charge in connection with such exchange, and you will be subject to the annual distribution and/or service fee applicable to Class A shares. Any redemption may generate a taxable gain or loss and significantly change the asset allocation of your account. Please contact your Service Agent for more information.

Certain waivers of these requirements for individuals associated with the fund, Legg Mason or its affiliates are discussed in the SAI.

Class IS shares

Class IS shares may be purchased by accounts which are not subject to the payment of recordkeeping, account servicing, networking or similar fees by the fund to any intermediary. Class IS shares may be purchased by:

- Retirement Plans with omnibus accounts held on the books of the fund (either at the plan level or at the level of the Service Agent):
- · Certain rollover IRAs;
- · Institutional Investors;
- · Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries (including Management Accounts);
- · Investors investing through a Service Agent acting solely as agent on behalf of its customers pursuant to an agreement with LMIS; and

Other investors authorized by LMIS.

Investors who qualify as Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries or who participate in Eligible Investment Programs made available through their Service Agents (such as investors in fee-based advisory or mutual fund "wrap" programs) are eligible to purchase, directly or via exchange, Class IS shares, among other share classes. In such cases your ability to hold Class IS shares may be premised on your continuing participation in a fee-based advisory or mutual fund wrap program.

Your Service Agent may reserve the right to redeem your Class IS shares or exchange them for Class A shares of the same fund, as applicable, if you terminate your fee-based advisory or mutual fund wrap program and are no longer eligible for Class IS shares. You may be subject to an initial sales charge in connection with such exchange and you will be subject to the annual distribution and/or service fee applicable to Class A shares. Any redemption may generate a taxable gain or loss and significantly change the asset allocation of your account.

Please contact your Service Agent for more information.

Other considerations

Plan sponsors, plan fiduciaries and other Service Agents may choose to impose qualification requirements that differ from the fund's share class eligibility standards. In certain cases this could result in the selection of a share class with higher distribution and/or service fees than otherwise would have been charged. The fund is not responsible for, and has no control over, the decision of any plan sponsor, plan fiduciary or Service Agent to impose such differing requirements. Please consult with your plan sponsor, plan fiduciary or Service Agent for more information about available share classes.

Your Service Agent may not offer all share classes. Please contact your Service Agent for additional details.

Buying shares

Generally

You may buy shares at their net asset value next determined after receipt by your Service Agent or the transfer agent of your purchase request in good order, plus any applicable sales charge.

The fund may not be available for sale in certain states. Prospective investors should inquire as to whether the fund is available for sale in their state of residence.

You must provide the following information for your order to be processed:

- · Name of fund being bought
- · Class of shares being bought
- Dollar amount or number of shares being bought (as applicable)
- Account number (if existing account)

Through a Service Agent

You should contact your Service Agent to open a brokerage account and make arrangements to buy shares.

Your Service Agent may charge an annual account maintenance fee.

Through the fund

Investors should contact the fund at 1-877-721-1926 to open an account and make arrangements to buy shares.

For initial purchases, complete and send your account application to the fund at one of the following addresses:

Regular Mail:

Legg Mason Funds P.O. Box 9699 Providence, RI 02940-9699

Express, Certified or Registered Mail:

Legg Mason Funds 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581

Subsequent purchases should be sent to the same address. Enclose a check to pay for the shares. The fund will accept checks from other fund families and investment companies as long as the registration name on your fund account is the same as that listed on the check.

For more information, please call the fund between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time).

Through a systematic investment plan

You may authorize your Service Agent or the fund transfer agent to transfer funds automatically from (i) a regular bank account, (ii) cash held in a brokerage account with a Service Agent, (iii) another Legg Mason fund or (iv) certain money market funds, in order to buy shares on a regular basis.

- Amounts transferred must meet the applicable minimums (see "Purchase and sale of fund shares")
- · Amounts may be transferred monthly, every alternate month, quarterly, semi-annually or annually
- If you do not have sufficient funds in your account on a transfer date, you may be charged a fee
- For amounts transferred from other Legg Mason funds, please see the section titled "Exchanging shares—Through a systematic exchange plan" in such fund's prospectus

For more information, please contact your Service Agent or the fund, or consult the SAI.

Additional information about purchases

If you pay with a check or ACH transfer that does not clear or if your payment is not received in a timely manner, your purchase may be cancelled and you may be liable for any loss to the fund. Please note that the fund will not accept cash, money orders, third-party checks, starter checks, internet

checks, cashier checks if not received from a financial institution in connection with a transfer of assets, credit card convenience checks and traveler's checks for purchase of fund shares. The fund and its agents have the right to reject or cancel any purchase due to nonpayment.

Account registration changes

Changes in registration or certain account options for accounts held directly with the fund must be made in writing. Medallion signature guarantees may be required. (See "Other things to know about transactions—Medallion signature guarantees" below.) All correspondence must include the account number and must be sent to one of the following addresses:

Regular Mail:

Legg Mason Funds P.O. Box 9699 Providence, RI 02940-9699

Express, Certified or Registered Mail:

Legg Mason Funds 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581

Exchanging shares

Generally

You may exchange shares of the fund for the same class of shares of other funds sold by the distributor on any day that both the fund and the fund into which you are exchanging are open for business. For investors who qualify as Clients of Eligible Financial Intermediaries and participate in Eligible Investment Programs made available through their Service Agents (such as investors in fee-based advisory or mutual fund "wrap" programs), an exchange may be made from Class A or Class C shares to Class I or Class IS shares of the same fund under certain limited circumstances. Please refer to the section of this Prospectus titled "Retirement and Institutional Investors — eligible investors" or contact your Service Agent for more information.

If you hold Class C1 shares, you may exchange those shares for Class C1 shares of other funds sold by the distributor, or if a fund does not offer Class C1 shares, for Class C shares. However, once you exchange Class C1 shares for Class C shares, you would not be permitted to exchange from Class C shares back to Class C1 shares.

An exchange of shares of one fund for shares of another fund is considered a sale and generally results in a capital gain or loss for federal income tax purposes, unless you are investing through an IRA, 401(k) or other tax-advantaged account. An exchange of shares of one class directly for shares of another class of the same fund normally should not be taxable for federal income tax purposes. You should talk to your tax advisor before making an exchange.

The exchange privilege is not intended as a vehicle for short-term trading. The fund may suspend or terminate your exchange privilege if you engage in a pattern of excessive exchanges.

Legg Mason offers a distinctive family of funds tailored to help meet the varying needs of large and small investors

You may exchange shares at their net asset value next determined after receipt by your Service Agent or the transfer agent of your exchange request in good order.

- If you bought shares through a Service Agent, contact your Service Agent to learn which funds your Service Agent
 makes available to you for exchanges
- If you bought shares directly from the fund, contact the fund at 1-877-721-1926 to learn which funds are available to you for exchanges
- Exchanges may be made only between accounts that have identical registrations
- Not all funds offer all classes.
- Some funds are offered only in a limited number of states. Your Service Agent or the fund will provide information about the funds offered in your state

Always be sure to read the Prospectus of the fund into which you are exchanging shares.

Investment minimums, sales * charges and other requirements

- In most instances, your shares will not be subject to an initial sales charge or a contingent deferred sales charge at the time of the exchange. You may be charged an initial or contingent deferred sales charge if the shares being exchanged were not subject to a sales charge
- Except as noted above, your contingent deferred sales charge (if any) will continue to be measured from the date of your original purchase of shares subject to a contingent deferred sales charge, and you will be subject to the contingent deferred sales charge of the fund that you originally purchased
- You will generally be required to meet the minimum investment requirement for the class of shares of the fund or share class into which your exchange is made (except in the case of systematic exchange plans)
- Your exchange will also be subject to any other requirements of the fund or share class into which you are exchanging shares
- The fund may suspend or terminate your exchange privilege if you engage in a pattern of excessive exchanges

By telephone

Contact your Service Agent or, if you hold shares directly with the fund, call the fund at 1-877-721-1926 between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time) for information. Exchanges are priced at the net asset value next determined. Telephone exchanges may be made only between accounts that have identical registrations and may be made on any day the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open.

By mail

Contact your Service Agent or, if you hold shares directly with the fund, write to the fund at one of the following addresses:

Regular Mail:

Legg Mason Funds P.O. Box 9699 Providence, RI 02940-9699

Express, Certified or Registered Mail:

Legg Mason Funds 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581

Through a systematic exchange plan

You may be permitted to schedule automatic exchanges of shares of the fund for shares of other funds available for exchange. All requirements for exchanging shares described above apply to these exchanges. In addition:

- Exchanges may be made monthly, every alternate month, quarterly, semi-annually or annually
- Each exchange must meet the applicable investment minimums for systematic investment plans (see "Purchase and sale of fund shares")

For more information, please contact your Service Agent or the fund or consult the SAI.

Redeeming shares

Generally

You may redeem shares at their net asset value next determined after receipt by your Service Agent or the fund transfer agent of your redemption request in good order, less any applicable contingent deferred sales charge. Redemptions made through your Service Agent may be subject to transaction fees or other conditions as set by your Service Agent.

If the shares are held by a fiduciary or corporation, partnership or similar entity, other documents may be required.

Redemption proceeds

Your redemption proceeds normally will be sent within 2 business days after your request is received in good order, but in any event within 7 days, regardless of the method the fund uses to make such payment (e.g., check, wire or electronic transfer (ACH)). If you make a redemption request before the fund has collected payment for the purchase of shares, the fund may delay your proceeds until payment is collected, for up to 10 days.

Your redemption proceeds may be delayed, or your right to receive redemption proceeds suspended beyond 7 days, if the NYSE is closed (other than on weekends or holidays) or trading is restricted, if an emergency exists, or otherwise as permitted by order of the SEC.

If you have a brokerage account with a Service Agent, your redemption proceeds may be sent to your Service Agent. Your redemption proceeds can be sent by check to your address of record or by wire or electronic transfer (ACH) to a bank account designated by you. To change the bank account designated to receive wire or electronic transfers, you will be required to deliver a new written authorization and may be asked to provide other documents. You may be charged a fee by your bank on a wire or an electronic transfer (ACH).

In other cases, unless you direct otherwise, your proceeds will be paid by check mailed to your address of record.

Under normal circumstances, the fund expects to meet redemption requests by using cash or cash equivalents in its portfolio and/or selling portfolio assets to generate cash. The fund also may pay redemption proceeds using cash obtained through borrowing arrangements that may be available from time to time.

The fund may pay all or a portion of your redemption proceeds by giving you securities (for example, if the fund reasonably believes that a cash redemption may have a substantial impact on the fund and its remaining shareholders). You may pay transaction costs to dispose of the securities, and you may receive less for them than the price at which they were valued for purposes of the redemption.

The fund has available an unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Redemption Facility") that may be used as an additional source of liquidity to fund redemptions of shares. Unless renewed, the Redemption Facility will terminate on November 16, 2020, and there can be no guarantee that it will be renewed.

During periods of deteriorating or stressed market conditions, when an increased portion of the fund's portfolio may be comprised of investments that have lower liquidity, or during extraordinary or emergency circumstances, the fund may be more likely to pay redemption proceeds with cash obtained through short-term borrowing arrangements (if available) or by giving you securities.

By mail

Contact your Service Agent or, if you hold shares directly with the fund, write to the fund at one of the following addresses:

Regular Mail:

Legg Mason Funds P.O. Box 9699 Providence, RI 02940-9699

Express, Certified or Registered Mail:

Legg Mason Funds 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581

Your written request must provide the following:

- The fund name, the class of shares being redeemed and your account number
- The dollar amount or number of shares being redeemed
- · Signature of each owner exactly as the account is registered
- Medallion signature guarantees, as applicable (see "Other things to know about transactions")

By telephone

If your account application permits, you may be eligible to redeem shares by telephone. Contact your Service Agent or, if you

hold shares directly with the fund, call 1-877-721-1926 between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time) for more information. Please have the following information ready when you call:

- · Name of fund being redeemed
- Class of shares being redeemed
- The dollar amount or number of shares being redeemed
- · Account number

Systematic withdrawal plans

You may be permitted to schedule automatic redemptions of a portion of your shares. To qualify, you must own shares of the fund with a value of at least \$5,000 and each automatic redemption must be at least \$50 per transaction per month and \$150 quarterly per fund.

The following conditions apply:

- Redemptions may be made monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually
- If your shares are subject to a contingent deferred sales charge, the charge will be required to be paid upon redemption.

 However, the charge will be waived if your automatic redemptions are equal to or less than 2% per month of your account balance on the date the redemptions commence, up to a maximum of 12% in one year
- · You must elect to have all dividends and distributions reinvested
- · Your Service Agent may impose a lower minimum amount for each automatic redemption on a monthly and quarterly basis.

For more information, please contact your Service Agent or the fund or consult the SAI.

Other things to know about transactions

When you buy, exchange or redeem shares, your request must be in good order. This means you have provided the following information, without which your request may not be processed:

- · Name of the fund
- · Your account number
- · In the case of a purchase (including a purchase as part of an exchange transaction), the class of shares being bought
- In the case of an exchange or redemption, the class of shares being exchanged or redeemed (if you own more than one class)
- Dollar amount or number of shares being bought, exchanged or redeemed
- In certain circumstances, the signature of each owner exactly as the account is registered (see "Redeeming shares")

In certain circumstances, such as during periods of market volatility, severe weather and emergencies, shareholders may experience difficulties placing exchange or redemption orders by telephone. In that case, shareholders should consider using the fund's other exchange and redemption procedures described under "Exchanging shares" and "Redeeming shares."

The transfer agent or the fund will employ reasonable procedures to confirm that any telephone, electronic or other exchange or redemption request is genuine, which may include recording calls, asking the caller to provide certain personal identification information, employing identification numbers, sending you a written confirmation or requiring other confirmation procedures from time to time. If these procedures are followed, neither the fund nor its agents will bear any liability for these transactions, subject to applicable law.

The fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or private delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, deposits in the mail or with such delivery services, or receipt at the fund's post office box, of purchase requests or redemption orders, do not constitute receipt by the fund or its transfer agent.

The fund has the right to:

- Suspend the offering of shares permanently or for a period of time
- · Waive or change minimum initial and additional investment amounts
- · Reject any purchase or exchange order
- · Change, revoke or suspend the exchange privilege
- · Suspend telephone transactions
- · Suspend or postpone redemptions of shares on any day when trading on the NYSE is restricted or as otherwise permitted by the SEC
- Redeem shares if information provided in the application should prove to be incorrect in any manner judged by the fund to be material (e.g., in a manner such as to render the shareholder ineligible to purchase shares of that class)
- Delay sending out redemption proceeds for up to seven days if, in the judgment of the subadviser, the fund could be adversely affected by immediate payment. The fund may delay redemptions beyond seven days, or suspend redemptions, only as permitted by the SEC or the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended
- · Close your account after a period of inactivity, as determined by state law, and transfer your shares to the appropriate state

For your protection, the fund or your Service Agent may request additional information in connection with large redemptions, unusual activity in your account, or otherwise to ensure your redemption request is in good order. Please contact your Service Agent or the fund for more information.

Medallion signature guarantees

To be in good order, your redemption request must include a Medallion signature guarantee if you:

- are redeeming shares and sending the proceeds to an address or bank account not currently on file or to an account in another Legg Mason fund with a different account registration
- changed your account registration or your address within 30 calendar days
- · want the check paid to someone other than the account owner(s)
- are transferring the redemption proceeds to an account with a different registration

For other types of transactions involving changes to your account registration information, please contact the fund or your Service Agent.

When a Medallion signature guarantee is called for, the shareholder should have a Medallion signature guarantee stamped under his or her signature. You can obtain a signature guarantee from most banks, dealers, brokers, credit unions and federal savings and loan institutions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations and clearing agencies (each an "Eligible Guarantor Institution"), but not from a notary public.

The fund and its agents reserve the right to reject any Medallion signature guarantee pursuant to written signature guarantee standards or procedures, which may be revised in the future to permit them to reject Medallion signature guarantees from Eligible Guarantor Institutions. The fund may change the signature guarantee requirements from time to time without prior notice to shareholders.

Restrictions on the availability of the fund outside the United States

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of shares of the fund are restricted in certain jurisdictions. This Prospectus is not an offer or solicitation in any jurisdiction where such offer or solicitation is unlawful, where the person making an offer or solicitation is not authorized to make it or a person receiving an offer or solicitation may not lawfully receive it or may not lawfully invest in the fund. Investors should inform themselves as to the legal requirements within their own country before investing in the fund.

This Prospectus, and the offer of shares hereunder, are not directed at persons outside the United States. In particular, the fund is not intended to be marketed to prospective investors in any member state of the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein or Norway (collectively, the "European Economic Area" or "EEA"). No notification or application has been made to the competent authority of any member state of the EEA under the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (or any applicable legislation or regulations made thereunder) to market the fund to investors in the EEA and it is not intended that any such notification or application shall be made.

U.S. citizens with addresses in the United States, and non-U.S. citizens who reside in the United States and have U.S. addresses, are permitted to establish accounts with the fund. For these purposes, the "United States" and "U.S." include U.S. territories.

The fund generally does not permit persons who do not reside in the United States or who do not have U.S. addresses to establish accounts. Therefore, U.S. citizens residing in foreign countries, as well as non-U.S. citizens residing in foreign countries, generally will not be permitted to establish accounts with the fund.

For further information, you or your Service Agent may contact the fund at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

Anti-money laundering

Federal anti-money laundering regulations require all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. When you sign your account application, you may be asked to provide additional information in order for the fund to verify your identity in accordance with these regulations. If you are opening the account in the name of a legal entity (e.g. partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, etc.), you may also be required to supply the identity of the beneficial owners and a control individual with management authority, prior to the opening of your account. Accounts may be restricted and/or closed, and the monies withheld, pending verification of this information or as otherwise required under these and other federal regulations.

Small account fees/Mandatory redemptions

Small accounts may be subject to a small account fee or to mandatory redemption, as described below. Please contact your Service Agent or the fund for information on the policy applicable to your account.

Small account fees

To offset the relatively higher impact on fund expenses of servicing smaller accounts, the fund may charge you a fee of \$3.75 per account that is determined and assessed quarterly by your Service Agent or by LMIS for LMIS Accounts on the next-to-last business day of the quarter (with an annual maximum of \$15.00 per account) if the value of your account is below \$1,000 (if applicable, \$250 for retirement plans that are not employer-sponsored) for any reason (including declines in net asset value). The small account fee will be charged by redeeming shares in your account. If the value of your account is \$3.75 or less, the amount in the account may be exhausted to pay the small account fee. If your Service Agent or LMIS assesses a small account fee, the small account fee will not be assessed on systematic investment plans until the end of the first quarter after the account has been established for 21 months. Payment of the small account fee through a redemption of fund shares may result in tax consequences to you (see "Taxes" for more information).

The small account fee will not be charged on, if applicable: (i) Retirement Plans (but will be charged on other plans that are not employer-sponsored such as traditional and Roth individual retirement accounts, Coverdell education savings accounts, individual 403(b)(7) custodial accounts, Keogh plans, SEPs, SARSEPs, SIMPLE IRAs or similar accounts); (ii) Legg Mason funds that have been closed to subsequent purchases for all classes; (iii) accounts that do not have a valid address as evidenced by mail being returned to the fund or its agents; (iv) Class FI, Class R, Class I and Class IS shares; and (v) for new accounts (except for new accounts opened by way of an exchange), a small account fee will not be charged during the calendar quarter in which you open your account.

If your share class is no longer offered, you may not be able to bring your account up to the minimum investment amount (although you may exchange into existing accounts of other Legg Mason funds in which you hold the same share class, to the extent otherwise permitted by those funds and subject to any applicable sales charges).

The small account fee is calculated on a fund-by-fund basis. If you have accounts in multiple funds, they will not be aggregated for the purpose of calculating the small account fee.

Some shareholders who hold accounts in Classes A, C and C1 of the same fund, may have those accounts aggregated for the purposes of these calculations. Please contact the fund or your Service Agent for more information.

Small account balance liquidations

The fund reserves the right to ask you to bring your account up to a minimum investment amount determined by your Service Agent if the aggregate value of the fund shares in your account is less than \$500 or \$250 for retirement plans that are not employer-sponsored for any reason (including

solely due to declines in net asset value and/or failure to invest at least \$500 or \$250 for retirement plans that are not employer-sponsored within a reasonable period). You will be notified in writing and will have 60 days to make an additional investment to bring your account value up to the required level. If you choose not to do so within this 60-day period, the fund may close your account and send you the redemption proceeds. If your share class is no longer offered, you may not be able to bring your account up to the minimum investment amount.

Some shareholders who hold accounts in multiple classes of the same fund may have those accounts aggregated for the purposes of these calculations. If your account is closed, you will not be eligible to have your account reinstated without imposition of any sales charges that may apply to your new purchase. Please contact your Service Agent for more information. Any redemption of fund shares may result in tax consequences to you (see "Taxes" for more information).

This policy does not apply to: (i) certain broker-controlled accounts established through the National Securities Clearing Corporation's Networking system; (ii) qualified retirement plans (such as 401(k) plans, 403(b) plans, profit sharing plans and money purchase plans); (iii) accounts with an active systematic investment plan; (iv) accounts with an active systematic withdrawal plan; (v) accounts that do not have a valid address as evidenced by mail being returned to the fund or its agents and (vi) accounts identified to us by the applicable Service Agent as being fee-based accounts.

General

The fund may, with prior notice, change the minimum size of accounts subject to mandatory redemption, which may vary by class, implement fees for other small accounts or change the amount of the fee for small direct accounts.

Subject to applicable law, the fund may, with prior notice, adopt other policies from time to time requiring mandatory redemption of shares in certain circumstances.

For more information, please contact your Service Agent or the fund or consult the SAI.

Frequent trading of fund shares

Frequent purchases and redemptions of fund shares may, in many cases, interfere with the efficient management of the fund, increase fund transaction costs, and have a negative effect on the fund's long-term shareholders. For example, in order to handle large flows of cash into and out of the fund, the subadviser may need to allocate more assets to cash or other short-term investments or sell securities, rather than maintaining full investment in securities selected to achieve the fund's investment objective. Frequent trading may cause the fund to sell securities at less favorable prices. Transaction costs, such as brokerage commissions and market spreads, can detract from the fund's performance. In addition, the return received by long-term shareholders may be reduced when trades by other shareholders are made in an effort to take advantage of certain pricing discrepancies, when, for example, it is believed that the fund's share price, which is determined at the close of the NYSE on each trading day, does not accurately reflect the value of the fund's investments. Funds investing in foreign securities have been particularly susceptible to this form of arbitrage, but other funds could also be affected.

Because of the potential harm to funds sold by the fund's distributor and their long-term shareholders, the Board has approved policies and procedures that are intended to detect and discourage excessive trading and market timing abuses through the use of various surveillance techniques. Under these policies and procedures, the fund may limit additional exchanges or purchases of fund shares by shareholders who are believed by the manager to be engaged in these abusive trading activities in the fund or in other funds sold by the distributor. In the event that an exchange or purchase request is rejected, the shareholder may nonetheless redeem its shares. The intent of the policies and procedures is not to inhibit legitimate strategies, such as asset allocation, dollar cost averaging, or similar activities that may nonetheless result in frequent trading of fund shares.

Under the fund's policies and procedures, the fund reserves the right to restrict or reject purchases of shares (including exchanges) without prior notice whenever a pattern of excessive trading by a shareholder is detected in funds sold by the distributor. A committee established by the manager administers the policy. The policy provides that the committee may take action, which may include using its best efforts to restrict a shareholder's trading privileges in funds sold by the distributor, if that shareholder has engaged in one or more "Round Trips" across all funds sold by the distributor. However, the committee has the discretion to determine that action is not necessary if it is determined that the pattern of trading is not abusive or harmful. In making such a determination, the committee will consider, among other things, the nature of the shareholder's account, the reason for the frequent trading, the amount of trading and the particular funds in which the trading has occurred. Additionally, the committee has the discretion to make inquiries or to take any action against a shareholder whose trading appears inconsistent with the frequent trading policy, regardless of the number of Round Trips. Examples of the types of actions the committee may take include heightened surveillance of a shareholder account, providing a written warning letter to an account holder, restricting the shareholder from purchasing additional shares in the fund altogether or imposing other restrictions (such as requiring purchase orders to be submitted by mail) that would deter the shareholder from trading frequently in the fund. The committee will generally follow a system of progressive deterrence, although it is not required to do so.

A "Round Trip" is defined as a purchase (including subscriptions and exchanges) into a fund sold by the distributor either preceded or followed by a sale (including redemptions and exchanges) of the same or a similar number of shares out of that fund within 30 days of such purchase. Purchases and sales of the fund's shares pursuant to an automatic investment plan or similar program for periodic transactions are not considered in determining Round Trips. These policies and procedures do not apply to money market funds sold by the distributor.

The policies apply to any account, whether a direct account or accounts with financial intermediaries such as investment advisers, broker/dealers or retirement plan administrators, commonly called omnibus accounts, where the intermediary holds fund shares for a number of its customers in one

account. The fund's ability to monitor trading in omnibus accounts may, however, be severely limited due to the lack of access to an individual investor's trading activity when orders are placed through these types of accounts. There may also be operational and technological limitations on the ability of the fund's service providers to identify or terminate frequent trading activity within the various types of omnibus accounts. The distributor has entered into agreements with intermediaries requiring the intermediaries to, among other things, help identify frequent trading activity and prohibit further purchases or exchanges by a shareholder identified as having engaged in frequent trading.

The fund has also adopted policies and procedures to prevent the selective release of information about the fund's holdings, as such information may be used for market-timing and similar abusive practices.

The policies provide for ongoing assessment of the effectiveness of current policies and surveillance tools, and the Board reserves the right to modify these or adopt additional policies and restrictions in the future. Shareholders should be aware, however, that any surveillance techniques currently employed by the fund or other techniques that may be adopted in the future may not be effective, particularly where the trading takes place through certain types of omnibus accounts. Furthermore, the fund may not apply its policies consistently or uniformly, resulting in the risk that some shareholders may be able to engage in frequent trading while others will bear the costs and effects of that trading.

Although the fund will attempt to monitor shareholder transactions for certain patterns of frequent trading activity, there can be no assurance that all such trading activity can be identified, prevented or terminated. Monitoring of shareholder transactions may only occur for shareholder transactions that exceed a certain transaction amount threshold, which may change from time to time. The fund reserves the right to refuse any client or reject any purchase order for shares (including exchanges) for any reason.

Record ownership

If you hold shares through a Service Agent, your Service Agent may establish and maintain your account and be the shareholder of record. In the event that the fund holds a shareholder meeting, your Service Agent, as record holder, will be entitled to vote your shares and may seek voting instructions from you. If you do not give your Service Agent voting instructions, your Service Agent, under certain circumstances, may nonetheless be entitled to vote your shares.

Confirmations and account statements

If you bought shares directly from the fund, you will receive a confirmation from the fund after each transaction (except a reinvestment of dividends or capital gain distributions, an investment made through the Systematic Investment Plan, exchanges made through a systematic exchange plan and withdrawals made through the Systematic Withdrawal Plan). Shareholders will receive periodic account statements.

To assist you in the management of your account you may direct the transfer agent to send copies of your confirmations and/or periodic statements to another party whom you designate, at no charge.

Dividends, other distributions and taxes

Dividends and other distributions

The fund declares dividends from any net investment income daily and pays them monthly. Shares will generally begin to earn dividends on the settlement date of purchase. The fund generally distributes capital gain, if any, once a year, typically in December. The fund may pay additional distributions and dividends in order to avoid a federal tax.

You can elect to receive dividends and/or other distributions in cash.

Unless you elect to receive dividends and/or other distributions in cash, your dividends and capital gain distributions will be automatically reinvested in shares of the same class you hold, at the net asset value determined on the reinvestment date. You do not pay a sales charge on reinvested distributions or dividends.

If you hold shares directly with the fund and you elect to receive dividends and/or distributions in cash, you have the option to receive such dividends and/or distributions via a direct deposit to your bank account or, provided that the dividend and/or distribution is \$10.00 or more, by check. If you choose to receive dividends and/or distributions via check, amounts less than \$10.00 will automatically be reinvested in fund shares as described above.

If you do not want dividends and/or distributions in amounts less than \$10.00 to be reinvested in fund shares, you must elect to receive dividends and distributions via a direct deposit to your bank account.

If you hold Class A, Class C1 or Class C shares directly with the fund, you may instruct the fund to have your dividends and/or distributions invested in the corresponding class of shares (or if Class C1 shares are not available, Class C shares) of another fund sold by the distributor, subject to the following conditions:

- You have a minimum account balance of \$10,000 in the fund and
- The other fund is available for sale in your state.

To change those instructions, you must notify your Service Agent or the fund at least three days before the next distribution is to be paid.

Please contact your Service Agent or the fund to discuss what options are available to you for receiving your dividends and other distributions.

The Board reserves the right to revise the dividend policy or postpone the payment of dividends, if warranted in the Board's judgment, due to unusual circumstances

Taxes

The following discussion is very general, applies only to shareholders who are U.S. persons, and does not address shareholders subject to special rules, such as those who hold fund shares through an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged account. Except as specifically noted, the discussion is limited to federal income tax matters, and does not address state, local, foreign or non-income taxes. Further information regarding taxes, including certain federal income tax considerations relevant to non-U.S. persons, is included in the SAI. Because each shareholder's circumstances are different and special tax rules may apply, you should consult your tax adviser about federal, state, local and/or foreign tax considerations that may be relevant to your particular situation.

In general, redeeming shares, exchanging shares and receiving dividends and distributions (whether received in cash or reinvested in additional shares or shares of another fund) are all taxable events. An exchange between classes of shares of the same fund normally is not taxable for federal income tax purposes, whether or not the shares are held in a taxable account.

The following table summarizes the tax status of certain transactions related to the fund.

Transaction	Federal income tax status
Redemption or exchange of shares	Usually capital gain or loss; long-term only if shares are owned more than one year
Dividends of investment income and distributions of net short-term capital gain	Ordinary income, or in certain cases qualified dividend income
Distributions of net capital gain (excess of net long-term capital gain over net	Long-term capital gain
short-term capital loss)	

Distributions attributable to short-term capital gains are taxable to you as ordinary income. Distributions attributable to qualified dividend income received by the fund, if any, may be eligible to be taxed to noncorporate shareholders at the reduced rates applicable to long-term capital gain if certain requirements are satisfied. Distributions of net capital gain reported by the fund as capital gain dividends are taxable to you as long-term capital gain regardless of how long you have owned your shares. Noncorporate shareholders ordinarily pay tax at reduced rates on long-term capital gain.

You may want to avoid buying shares when the fund is about to declare a capital gain distribution because it will be taxable to you even though it may economically represent a return of a portion of your investment.

A Medicare contribution tax is imposed at the rate of 3.8% on all or a portion of net investment income of U.S. individuals if their income exceeds specified thresholds and on all or a portion of undistributed net investment income of certain estates and trusts. Net investment income generally includes for this purpose dividends and capital gain distributions paid by the fund and gain on the redemption or exchange of fund shares.

A dividend declared by the fund in October, November or December and paid during January of the following year will, in certain circumstances, be treated as paid in December for tax purposes.

The fund's investment in certain foreign securities, foreign currencies or foreign currency derivatives may affect the amount, timing, and character of fund distributions to shareholders.

After the end of each year, your Service Agent or the fund will provide you with information about the distributions and dividends you received and any redemptions of shares during the previous year. Because each shareholder's circumstances are different and special tax rules may apply, you should consult your tax adviser about your investment in the fund.

Share price

You may buy, exchange or redeem shares at their net asset value next determined after receipt of your request in good order, adjusted for any applicable sales charge. The fund's net asset value per share is the value of its assets minus its liabilities divided by the number of shares outstanding. Net asset value is calculated separately for each class of shares.

The fund calculates its net asset value every day the NYSE is open. The fund generally values its securities and other assets and calculates its net asset value as of the scheduled close of regular trading on the NYSE, normally at 4:00 p.m. (Eastern time). If the NYSE closes at a time other than the scheduled closing time, the fund will calculate its net asset value as of the scheduled closing time. The NYSE is closed on certain holidays listed in the SAI.

In order to buy, redeem or exchange shares at a certain day's price, you must place your order with your Service Agent or the fund transfer agent before the scheduled close of regular trading on the NYSE on that day to receive that day's price. If the NYSE closes early on that day, you must place your order prior to the scheduled closing time. It is the responsibility of the Service Agent to transmit all orders to buy, exchange or redeem shares to the fund transfer agent on a timely basis.

Valuation of the fund's securities and other assets is performed in accordance with procedures approved by the Board. These procedures delegate most valuation functions to the manager, which generally uses independent third party pricing services approved by the Board. Under the procedures, assets are valued as follows:

- The valuations for fixed income securities and certain derivative instruments are typically the prices supplied by independent third party pricing services, which may use market prices or broker/dealer quotations or a variety of fair valuation techniques and methodologies.
- Equity securities and certain derivative instruments that are traded on an exchange are valued at the closing price (which may be reported at a different time than the time at which the fund's NAV is calculated) or, if that price is unavailable or deemed by the manager not representative of market value, the last sale price. Where a security is traded on more than one exchange (as is often the case overseas), the security is generally valued at the price on the exchange considered by the manager to be the primary exchange. In the case of securities not traded on an exchange, or if exchange prices are not otherwise available, the prices are typically determined by independent third party pricing services that use a variety of techniques and methodologies. Investments in mutual funds are valued at the net asset value per share of the class of the underlying fund held by the fund as determined on each business day.
- The valuations of securities traded on foreign markets and certain fixed income securities will generally be based on prices determined as of the earlier closing time of the markets in which they primarily trade. The prices of foreign equity securities typically are adjusted using a fair value model developed by an independent third party pricing service to estimate the value of those securities at the time of closing of the NYSE. When the fund holds securities or other assets that are denominated in a foreign currency, the fund will normally use the currency exchange rates as of 4:00 p.m. (Eastern time). Foreign markets are open for trading on weekends and other days when the fund does not price its shares. Therefore, the value of the fund's shares may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or redeem the fund's shares.
- If independent third party pricing services are unable to supply prices for a portfolio investment, or if the prices supplied are deemed by the manager to be unreliable, the market price may be determined by the manager using quotations from one or more broker/dealers. When such prices or quotations are not available, or when the manager believes that they are unreliable, the manager may price securities using fair value procedures approved by the Board. These procedures permit, among other things, the use of a formula or other method that takes into consideration market indices, yield curves and other specific adjustments to determine fair value. Fair value of a security is the amount, as determined by the manager in good faith, that the fund might reasonably expect to receive upon a current sale of the security. The fund may also use fair value procedures if the manager determines that a significant event has occurred between the time at which a market price is determined and the time at which the fund's net asset value is calculated.

Many factors may influence the price at which the fund could sell any particular portfolio investment. The sales price may well differ—higher or lower—from the fund's last valuation, and such differences could be significant, particularly for securities that trade in relatively thin markets and/or markets that experience extreme volatility. Moreover, valuing securities using fair value methodologies involves greater reliance on judgment than valuing securities based on market quotations. A fund that uses fair value methodologies may value those securities higher or lower than another fund using market quotations or its own fair value methodologies to price the same securities. There can be no assurance that the fund could obtain the value assigned to a security if it were to sell the security at approximately the time at which the fund determines its net asset value. Investors who purchase or redeem fund shares on days when the fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive a greater or lesser number of shares, or higher or lower redemption proceeds, than they would have received if the fund had not fair-valued the security or had used a different methodology.

Financial highlights

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the performance of each class for the past five years, unless otherwise noted. Certain information reflects financial results for a single fund share. Total return represents the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the fund, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and other distributions. Unless otherwise noted, this information has been audited by the fund's independent registered public accounting firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, whose report, along with the fund's financial statements, is incorporated by reference into the fund's SAI (see back cover) and is included in the fund's annual report. The fund's annual report is available upon request by calling toll-free 1-877-721-1926 or via the following hyperlink:

(https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/863520/000119312520058196/d83591dncsr.htm).

For a share of each class of capital stock outstanding thro	ughout each year ended Dec	ember 31:			
Class A Shares ¹	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$12.21	\$12.66	\$12.32	\$12.13	\$12.31
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.32	0.30	0.24	0.25	0.26
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.91	(0.44)	0.35	0.20	(0.17)
Total income (loss) from operations	1.23	(0.14)	0.59	0.45	0.09
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.34)	(0.31)	(0.25)	(0.26)	(0.27)
Net realized gains	(0.09)	_	_	_	_
Total distributions	(0.43)	(0.31)	(0.25)	(0.26)	(0.27)
Net asset value, end of year	\$13.01	\$12.21	\$12.66	\$12.32	\$12.13
Total return ²	10.03%	(0.99)%	4.82%	3.72%	0.75%
Net assets, end of year (millions)	\$520	\$320	\$419	\$422	\$329
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses	0.84% ³	0.84% ³	0.86% ³	0.85% ³	0.91%
Net expenses ⁴	0.82 ^{3,5}	0.82 ^{3,5}	0.82 ^{3,5}	$0.83^{3,5}$	0.90 ⁵
Net investment income	2.50	2.48	1.95	2.03	2.14
Portfolio turnover rate ⁶	125% ⁷	115%	102%	81%	85%

- 1 Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.
- 2 Performance figures, exclusive of sales charges, may reflect compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- 3 Reflects recapture of expenses waived/reimbursed from prior fiscal years.
- 4 As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Class A shares did not exceed 0.82%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2021 without the Board of Directors' consent. In addition, the manager has agreed to waive the Fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund. Prior to May 1, 2016, as a result of an expense limitation arrangement, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses and deferred organizational expenses, to average net assets of Class A shares did not exceed 0.90%.
- 5 Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.
- 6 Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions. If mortgage dollar roll transactions had been included, the portfolio turnover rate would have been 201%, 380%, 363%, 204%, and 237% for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- 7 Excludes securities delivered as a result of a redemption in-kind.

For a share of each class of capital stock outstanding three	oughout each year ended De	cember 31:			
Class C Shares ¹	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$12.22	\$12.67	\$12.33	\$12.14	\$12.32
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.23	0.22	0.15	0.16	0.18
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.90	(0.44)	0.35	0.21	(0.17)
Total income (loss) from operations	1.13	(0.22)	0.50	0.37	0.01
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.25)	(0.23)	(0.16)	(0.18)	(0.19)
Net realized gains	(0.09)	_	_	_	_
Total distributions	(0.34)	(0.23)	(0.16)	(0.18)	(0.19)
Net asset value, end of year	\$13.01	\$12.22	\$12.67	\$12.33	\$12.14
Total return ²	9.27%	(1.76)%	4.08%	3.01%	0.09%
Net assets, end of year (000s)	\$65,850	\$46,145	\$54,052	\$56,994	\$25,344
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses	1.52%	1.53%	1.53%	1.52%	1.56% ³
Net expenses ⁴	1.52 ⁵	1.52 ⁵	1.53	1.52	1.56 ³
Net investment income	1.80	1.78	1.23	1.31	1.50
Portfolio turnover rate ⁶	125% ⁷	115%	102%	81%	85%

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

3 Reflects recapture of expenses waived/reimbursed from prior fiscal years.

² Performance figures, exclusive of CDSC, may reflect compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

⁴ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Class C shares did not exceed 1.65%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2021 without the Board of Directors' consent. In addition, the manager has agreed to waive the Fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund.

⁵ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

⁶ Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions. If mortgage dollar roll transactions had been included, the portfolio turnover rate would have been 201%, 380%, 363%, 204%, and 237% for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

⁷ Excludes securities delivered as a result of a redemption in-kind.

For a share of each class of capital stock outstanding throu	ighout each year ended Dec	ember 31:			
Class C1 Shares ¹	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$12.22	\$12.67	\$12.33	\$12.14	\$12.32
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.29	0.26	0.19	0.21	0.22
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.89	(0.44)	0.35	0.19	(0.16)
Total income (loss) from operations	1.18	(0.18)	0.54	0.40	0.06
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.29)	(0.27)	(0.20)	(0.21)	(0.24)
Net realized gains	(0.09)	_	_	_	_
Total distributions	(0.38)	(0.27)	(0.20)	(0.21)	(0.24)
Net asset value, end of year	\$13.02	\$12.22	\$12.67	\$12.33	\$12.14
Total return ²	9.73%	(1.43)%	4.39%	3.31%	0.44%
Net assets, end of year (000s)	\$2,686	\$12,024	\$14,844	\$17,523	\$20,219
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses	1.19%	1.19%	1.23%	1.23%	1.22%
Net expenses ³	1.19 ⁴	1.19 ⁴	1.23 ⁴	1.23	1.22
Net investment income	2.30	2.11	1.53	1.65	1.82
Portfolio turnover rate ⁵	125% ⁶	115%	102%	81%	85%

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

² Performance figures, exclusive of CDSC, may reflect compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

³ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Class C1 shares did not exceed 1.42%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2021 without the Board of Directors' consent. In addition, the manager has agreed to waive the Fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund.

⁴ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

⁵ Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions. If mortgage dollar roll transactions had been included, the portfolio turnover rate would have been 201%, 380%, 363%, 204%, and 237% for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

⁶ Excludes securities delivered as a result of a redemption in-kind.

For a share of each class of capital stock outstanding throu	ighout each year ended Dece	mber 31:			
Class FI Shares ¹	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$12.22	\$12.67	\$12.33	\$12.14	\$12.32
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.32	0.31	0.25	0.26	0.27
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.90	(0.45)	0.34	0.20	(0.16)
Total income (loss) from operations	1.22	(0.14)	0.59	0.46	0.11
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.34)	(0.31)	(0.25)	(0.27)	(0.29)
Net realized gains	(0.09)	_	_	_	_
Total distributions	(0.43)	(0.31)	(0.25)	(0.27)	(0.29)
Net asset value, end of year	\$13.01	\$12.22	\$12.67	\$12.33	\$12.14
Total return ²	10.13%	(1.06)%	4.83%	3.74%	0.84%
Net assets, end of year (millions)	\$234	\$181	\$245	\$177	\$232
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses	0.81%	0.81%	0.81%	0.81% ³	0.82% ³
Net expenses ⁴	0.80 ⁵	0.81 ⁵	0.81 ⁵	0.81 ³	0.82^{3}
Net investment income	2.54	2.49	1.96	2.08	2.22
Portfolio turnover rate ⁶	125 % ⁷	115%	102%	81%	85%

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

² Performance figures may reflect compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

³ Reflects recapture of expenses waived/reimbursed from prior fiscal years.

⁴ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Class FI shares did not exceed 0.85%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2021 without the Board of Directors' consent. In addition, the manager has agreed to waive the Fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund. Prior to May 1, 2014, the manager voluntarily waived fees and/or reimbursed operating expenses so that total annual fund operating expenses did not exceed 0.79%. This expense limitation did not include interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses and deferred organizational expenses.

⁵ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

⁶ Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions. If mortgage dollar roll transactions had been included, the portfolio turnover rate would have been 201%, 380%, 363%, 204%, and 237% for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

⁷ Excludes securities delivered as a result of a redemption in-kind.

For a share of each class of capital stock outstanding the	roughout each year ended De	cember 31:			
Class R Shares ¹	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$12.23	\$12.68	\$12.33	\$12.14	\$12.32
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.28	0.26	0.20	0.21	0.24
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.90	(0.44)	0.36	0.20	(0.18)
Total income (loss) from operations	1.18	(0.18)	0.56	0.41	0.06
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.30)	(0.27)	(0.21)	(0.22)	(0.24)
Net realized gains	(0.09)	_	_	_	_
Total distributions	(0.39)	(0.27)	(0.21)	(0.22)	(0.24)
Net asset value, end of year	\$13.02	\$12.23	\$12.68	\$12.33	\$12.14
Total return ²	9.68%	(1.39)%	4.56%	3.41%	0.51%
Net assets, end of year (000s)	\$26,359	\$24,268	\$28,847	\$20,357	\$6,790
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses	1.13%	1.14% ³	1.16%	1.14% ³	1.18% ³
Net expenses ⁴	1.13 ⁵	1.14 ^{3,5}	1.15 ⁵	1.14 ³	1.15 ^{3,5}
Net investment income	2.23	2.16	1.63	1.69	1.92
Portfolio turnover rate ⁶	125% ⁷	115%	102%	81%	85%

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

² Performance figures may reflect compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

³ Reflects recapture of expenses waived/reimbursed from prior fiscal years.

⁴ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Class R shares did not exceed 1.15%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2021 without the Board of Directors' consent. In addition, the manager has agreed to waive the Fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund.

⁵ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

⁶ Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions. If mortgage dollar roll transactions had been included, the portfolio turnover rate would have been 201%, 380%, 363%, 204%, and 237% for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

⁷ Excludes securities delivered as a result of a redemption in-kind.

For a share of each class of capital stock outstanding throu	ighout each year ended Decem	ber 31:			
Class I Shares ¹	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 12.21	\$ 12.66	\$ 12.32	\$ 12.13	\$ 12.31
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.37	0.35	0.29	0.30	0.32
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.91	(0.44)	0.35	0.20	(0.17)
Total income (loss) from operations	1.28	(0.09)	0.64	0.50	0.15
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.39)	(0.36)	(0.30)	(0.31)	(0.33)
Net realized gains	(0.09)	_	_	_	_
Total distributions	(0.48)	(0.36)	(0.30)	(0.31)	(0.33)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 13.01	\$ 12.21	\$ 12.66	\$ 12.32	\$ 12.13
Total return ²	10.44%	(0.63)%	5.21%	4.12%	1.21%
Net assets, end of year (millions)	\$ 8,470	\$ 5,354	\$ 5,627	\$ 4,723	\$ 2,384
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses	0.54% ³	0.53%	0.55%	0.54%	0.54%
Net expenses ^{4,5}	0.45^{3}	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Net investment income	2.88	2.86	2.32	2.40	2.61
Portfolio turnover rate ⁶	125% ⁷	115%	102%	81%	85%

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

² Performance figures may reflect compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

³ Reflects recapture of expenses waived/reimbursed from prior fiscal years.

⁴ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

⁵ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, effective November 7, 2014, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Class I shares did not exceed 0.45%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2021 without the Board of Directors' consent. In addition, the manager has agreed to waive the Fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund.

⁶ Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions. If mortgage dollar roll transactions had been included, the portfolio turnover rate would have been 201%, 380%, 363%, 204%, and 237% for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

⁷ Excludes securities delivered as a result of a redemption in-kind.

For a share of each class of capital stock outstanding thro	ughout each year ended Decem	ber 31:			
Class IS Shares ¹	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$12.23	\$12.68	\$12.34	\$12.15	\$12.33
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.38	0.36	0.30	0.31	0.32
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.90	(0.45)	0.34	0.19	(0.17)
Total income (loss) from operations	1.28	(0.09)	0.64	0.50	0.15
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.39)	(0.36)	(0.30)	(0.31)	(0.33)
Net realized gains	(0.09)	_	_		
Total distributions	(0.48)	(0.36)	(0.30)	(0.31)	(0.33)
Net asset value, end of year	\$13.03	\$12.23	\$12.68	\$12.34	\$12.15
Total return ²	10.55%	(0.68)%	5.23%	4.14%	1.22%
Net assets, end of year (millions)	\$4,197	\$3,485	\$3,051	\$1,997	\$1,734
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses	0.43% ³	$0.42\%^{3}$	0.44%	0.43%	0.44% ³
Net expenses ⁴	0.42 ^{3,5}	$0.42^{3,5}$	0.42 ⁵	0.43	0.44^{3}
Net investment income	2.94	2.91	2.35	2.44	2.61
Portfolio turnover rate ⁶	125% ⁷	115%	102%	81%	85%

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

² Performance figures may reflect compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

³ Reflects recapture of expenses waived/reimbursed from prior fiscal years.

⁴ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses, deferred organizational expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Class IS shares did not exceed 0.42%. In addition, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses for Class I shares. These expense limitation arrangements cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2021 without the Board of Directors' consent. In addition, the manager has agreed to waive the Fund's management fee to an extent sufficient to offset the net management fee payable in connection with any investment in an affiliated money market fund. Prior to March 31, 2017, as a result of an expense limitation arrangement, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage commissions, taxes, extraordinary expenses and deferred organizational expenses, to average net assets of Class IS shares did not exceed 0.45%. In addition, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses for Class I shares.

⁵ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

⁶ Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions. If mortgage dollar roll transactions had been included, the portfolio turnover rate would have been 201%, 380%, 363%, 204%, and 237% for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

⁷ Excludes securities delivered as a result of a redemption in-kind.

Appendix: Waivers and Discounts Available from Certain Service Agents

The availability of certain sales charge waivers and discounts will depend on whether you purchase your shares directly from the fund or through a financial intermediary. Financial intermediaries may have different policies and procedures regarding the availability of front-end sales load waivers or contingent deferred (back-end) sales load waivers, which are discussed below. In all instances, it is the purchaser's responsibility to notify the fund or the purchaser's financial intermediary at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying the purchaser for sales charge waivers or discounts. For waivers and discounts not available through a particular financial intermediary, shareholders will have to purchase fund shares directly from the fund or through another financial intermediary to receive these waivers or discounts.

MERRILL LYNCH (Effective April 10, 2017 to June 29, 2020)

Effective April 10, 2017 to June 29, 2020, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Merrill Lynch platform or account are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Prospectus or SAI.

Initial sales charge waivers on Class A shares

Investors purchasing Class A shares of the fund through a Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated platform or account ("Merrill Lynch Accounts") are eligible for a waiver of the initial sales load on certain purchases of Class A shares that may differ from others described in this Prospectus. Merrill Lynch Accounts that are eligible for the waiver include: (i) employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan; (ii) shares purchased by or through a Section 529 plan; (iii) shares purchased through a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program; (iv) shares purchased by third-party investment advisers on behalf of their advisory clients through Merrill Lynch's platform; (v) shares of funds purchased through the Merrill Edge Self-Directed platform; (vi) shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family); (vii) shares exchanged from Class C (i.e., level-load) shares of the same fund in the month of or following the 10-year anniversary of the purchase date; (viii) employees and registered representatives of Merrill Lynch or its affiliates and their family members; (ix) Directors or Trustees of the fund, and employees of the fund's investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in this Prospectus; and (x) shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).

Contingent deferred sales charge waivers on Class A and C shares available at Merrill Lynch

Investors holding shares subject to a contingent deferred sales charge through Merrill Lynch Accounts are eligible for a waiver of the contingent deferred sales charge on the redemption of shares: (i) due to the death or disability of the shareholder; (ii) as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in this Prospectus; (iii) due to the return of excess contributions from an IRA Account; (iv) as part of a required minimum distribution for IRAs and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching age 70 1/2; (v) sold to pay Merrill Lynch fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Merrill Lynch; (vi) acquired through the Right of Reinstatement; and (vii) held in retirement brokerage accounts that are exchanged for a lower cost share class due to transfer to certain fee based accounts or platforms (applicable only to Class A shares and Class C shares).

Front-end load discounts on Class A shares

The following discounts are available on purchases of Class A shares through Merrill Lynch Accounts: (i) breakpoints in the Class A sales charge schedule described in this Prospectus; (ii) rights of accumulation (ROA), which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holdings of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Merrill Lynch; eligible fund family assets not held at Merrill Lynch may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial adviser about such assets; and (iii) letters of intent (LOI), which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, through Merrill Lynch, over a 13-month period of time.

Class A or Class A2 (as applicable) Sales Charge Waivers Available Only Through Certain Service Agents

Class A or Class A2 shares may be purchased at net asset without a sales charge by employees of any Service Agents that offer this waiver to their employees or employee-related accounts.

MERRILL LYNCH (Effective June 30, 2020)

Effective June 30, 2020, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Merrill Lynch platform or account will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's prospectus or SAI.

Front-end Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at Merrill Lynch

- Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan
- Shares purchased by a 529 Plan (does not include 529 Plan units or 529-specific share classes or equivalents)
- Shares purchased through a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program
- Shares exchanged due to the holdings moving from a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program to a Merrill Lynch brokerage (non-advisory) account pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers
- Shares purchased by third party investment advisors on behalf of their advisory clients through Merrill Lynch's platform
- Shares of funds purchased through the Merrill Edge Self-Directed platform (if applicable)
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family)
- Shares exchanged from Class C (i.e. level-load) shares of the same fund pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers
- Employees and registered representatives of Merrill Lynch or its affiliates and their family members
- Directors or Trustees of the fund, and employees of the fund's investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in this prospectus
- Eligible shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement). Automated transactions (i.e. systematic purchases and withdrawals) and purchases made after shares are automatically sold to pay Merrill Lynch's account maintenance fees are not eligible for reinstatement

CDSC Waivers on A, B and C Shares available at Merrill Lynch

- · Death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the fund's prospectus
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account
- · Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code
- Shares sold to pay Merrill Lynch fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Merrill Lynch
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement
- Shares held in retirement brokerage accounts, that are exchanged for a lower cost share class due to transfer to certain fee based accounts or platforms (applicable to A and C shares only)
- Shares received through an exchange due to the holdings moving from a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program to a Merrill Lynch brokerage (non-advisory) account pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers

Front-end load Discounts Available at Merrill Lynch: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus.
- Rights of Accumulation (ROA) which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts as described in the fund's prospectus will be automatically
 calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts (including 529 program holdings, where applicable) within the
 purchaser's household at Merrill Lynch. Eligible fund family assets not held at Merrill Lynch may be included in the ROA calculation only if the
 shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets
- Letters of Intent (LOI) which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, through Merrill Lynch, over a 13-month period of time (if applicable)

AMERIPRISE FINANCIAL

Class A Shares Front-End Sales Charge Waivers Available at Ameriprise Financial:

The following information applies to Class A shares purchases if you have an account with or otherwise purchase fund shares through Ameriprise Financial:

Effective June 1, 2018, shareholders purchasing fund shares through an Ameriprise Financial platform or account are eligible for the following frontend sales charge waivers and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's Prospectus or SAI:

• Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or SAR-SEPs.

- Shares purchased through an Ameriprise Financial investment advisory program (if an Advisory or similar share class for such investment advisory program is not available).
- Shares purchased by third party investment advisors on behalf of their advisory clients through Ameriprise Financial's platform (if an Advisory or similar share class for such investment advisory program is not available).
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the same fund family).
- Shares exchanged from Class C shares of the same fund in the month of or following the 10-year anniversary of the purchase date. To the extent that this Prospectus elsewhere provides for a waiver with respect to such shares following a shorter holding period, that waiver will apply to exchanges following such shorter period. To the extent that this Prospectus elsewhere provides for a waiver with respect to exchanges of Class C shares for load waived shares, that waiver will also apply to such exchanges.
- Employees and registered representatives of Ameriprise Financial or its affiliates and their immediate family members.
- Shares purchased by or through qualified accounts (including IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, 401(k)s, 403(b) TSCAs subject to ERISA
 and defined benefit plans) that are held by a covered family member, defined as an Ameriprise Financial advisor and/or the advisor's spouse,
 advisor's lineal ascendant (mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, great grandmother, great grandfather), advisor's lineal descendant (son,
 step-son, daughter, step-daughter, grandson, granddaughter, great granddaughter) or any spouse of a covered family member who
 is a lineal descendant.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (i.e. Rights of Reinstatement).

MORGAN STANLEY WEALTH MANAGEMENT

Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Morgan Stanley Wealth Management:

Effective July 1, 2018, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Morgan Stanley Wealth Management transactional brokerage account are eligible only for the following front-end sales charge waivers with respect to Class A shares, which may differ from and may be more limited than those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's Prospectus or SAI.

- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans.
- Morgan Stanley employee and employee-related accounts according to Morgan Stanley's account linking rules.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions when purchasing shares of the same fund.
- Shares purchased through a Morgan Stanley self-directed brokerage account.
- Class C (i.e., level-load) shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and are converted to Class A shares of the same fund pursuant to Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's share class conversion program.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (i) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (ii) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (iii) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge.

RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOCIATES, INC., RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. AND EACH ENTITY'S AFFILIATES ("RAYMOND JAMES")

Effective March 1, 2019, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Raymond James platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's Prospectus or SAI.

Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Raymond James

- Shares purchased in an investment advisory program.
- Shares purchased within the same fund family through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs with 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- A shareholder in the fund's Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the fund if the shares are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge Waivers on Class A and Class C Shares Available at Raymond James

- · Death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

Front-End Load Discounts Available at Raymond James: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation, and/or Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation ("ROA"), which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated
 holding of the fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Raymond James. Eligible fund family assets not held at
 Raymond James may be included in the calculation of rights of accumulation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such
 assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family over a 13-month time period. Eligible
 fund family assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her
 financial advisor about such assets.

EDWARD JONES (Effective May 1, 2020)

Effective on or after May 1, 2020, clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as "shareholders") purchasing fund shares on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as "breakpoints") and waivers, which can differ from breakpoints and waivers described elsewhere in the mutual fund prospectus or SAI or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the shareholder's responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of the Legg Mason Funds complex or other facts qualifying the purchaser for breakpoints or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance.

Breakpoints

Rights of Accumulation (ROA)

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A shares is determined by taking into account all share classes (except any money market funds and retirement plan share classes) of the Legg Mason Funds complex held by the shareholder or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations ("pricing groups"). This includes all share classes held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the rights of accumulation calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying his or her financial advisor of such assets at the time of calculation.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value (current shares x NAV).

Letter of Intent (LOI)

• Through a LOI, shareholders can receive the sales charge and breakpoint discounts for purchases shareholders intend to make over a 13-month period from the date Edward Jones receives the LOI. The LOI is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value of qualifying holdings at LOI initiation in combination with the value that the shareholder intends to buy over a 13-month period to calculate the front-end sales charge and any breakpoint discounts. Each purchase the shareholder makes during that 13-month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount. The inclusion of eligible fund family assets in the LOI calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying his or her financial advisor of such assets at the time of calculation. Purchases made before the LOI is received by Edward Jones are not covered under the LOI and will not reduce the sales charge previously paid. Sales charges will be adjusted if LOI is not met.

Sales Charge Waivers

Sales charges are waived for the following shareholders and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and their family members who are in the same pricing group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the associate. This waiver will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate retires from Edward Jones in good-standing.
- Shares purchased in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redeemed shares of the same fund family so long as the following conditions are met: 1) the proceeds are from the sale of shares within 60 days of the purchase, and 2) the sale and purchase are made in the same share class and the same account or the purchase is made in an individual retirement account with proceeds from liquidations in a non-retirement account.

- Shares exchanged into class A shares from another share class so long as the exchange is into the same fund and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the fund company, if applicable. Any future purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as disclosed in the prospectus.
- Exchanges from class C shares to class A shares of the same fund, generally, in the 84th month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward Jones.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC) Waivers

If the shareholder purchases shares that are subject to a CDSC and those shares are redeemed before the CDSC is expired, the shareholder is responsible to pay the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- · The death or disability of the shareholder
- Systematic withdrawals with up to 10% per year of the account value
- · Return of excess contributions from an Individual Retirement Account (IRA)
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts if the redemption is taken in or after the year the shareholder reaches qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations
- · Shares sold to pay Edward Jones fees or costs in such cases where the transaction is initiated by Edward Jones
- Shares exchanged in an Edward Jones fee-based program
- · Shares acquired through NAV reinstatement

Other Important Information

1.1 Minimum Purchase Amounts

- \$250 initial purchase minimum
- \$50 subsequent purchase minimum

1.2 Minimum Balances

- Edward Jones has the right to redeem at its discretion fund holdings with a balance of \$250 or less. The following are examples of accounts that are not included in this policy:
 - o A fee-based account held on an Edward Jones platform
 - o A 529 account held on an Edward Jones platform
 - An account with an active systematic investment plan or letter of intent (LOI)

1.3 Changing Share Classes

• At any time it deems necessary, Edward Jones has the authority to exchange at NAV a shareholder's holdings in a fund to Class A shares.

JANNEY MONTGOMERY SCOTT LLC ("JANNEY") (Effective May 1, 2020)

Effective May 1, 2020, if you purchase fund shares through a Janney brokerage account, you will be eligible for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC"), or back-end sales charge, waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's Prospectus or SAI.

Front-end sales charge* waivers on Class A shares available at Janney

- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other fund within the fund family).
- Shares purchased by employees and registered representatives of Janney or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Janney.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions within the same fund family, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within ninety (90) days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (i.e., right of reinstatement).
- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans.
- · Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.
- Class C shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and are converted to Class A shares of the same fund pursuant to Janney's policies and procedures.

CDSC waivers on Class A and C shares available at Janney

• Shares sold upon the death or disability of the shareholder.

- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Shares purchased in connection with a return of excess contributions from an IRA account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and other retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching age 70½ as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Janney fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Janney.
- · Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.
- · Shares exchanged into the same share class of a different fund.

Front-end sales charge* discounts available at Janney: breakpoints, rights of accumulation, and/or letters of intent

- Breakpoints as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation ("ROA"), which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of fund family assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Janney. Eligible fund family assets not held at Janney may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases within a fund family, over a 13-month time period. Eligible
 fund family assets not held at Janney Montgomery Scott may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his
 or her financial advisor about such assets.

^{*}Also referred to as an "initial sales charge."

Legg Mason Funds Privacy and Security Notice

Your Privacy and the Security of Your Personal Information is Very Important to the Legg Mason Funds

This Privacy and Security Notice (the "Privacy Notice") addresses the Legg Mason Funds' privacy and data protection practices with respect to nonpublic personal information the Funds receive. The Legg Mason Funds include any funds sold by the Funds' distributor, Legg Mason Investor Services, LLC, as well as Legg Mason-sponsored closed-end funds. The provisions of this Privacy Notice apply to your information both while you are a shareholder and after you are no longer invested with the Funds.

The Type of Nonpublic Personal Information the Funds Collect About You

The Funds collect and maintain nonpublic personal information about you in connection with your shareholder account. Such information may include, but is not limited to:

- Personal information included on applications or other forms;
- · Account balances, transactions, and mutual fund holdings and positions;
- Bank account information, legal documents, and identity verification documentation;
- Online account access user IDs, passwords, security challenge question responses; and
- Information received from consumer reporting agencies regarding credit history and creditworthiness (such as the amount of an individual's total debt, payment history, etc.).

How the Funds Use Nonpublic Personal Information About You

The Funds do not sell or share your nonpublic personal information with third parties or with affiliates for their marketing purposes, or with other financial institutions or affiliates for joint marketing purposes, unless you have authorized the Funds to do so. The Funds do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about you except as may be required to perform transactions or services you have authorized or as permitted or required by law. The Funds may disclose information about you to:

- Employees, agents, and affiliates on a "need to know" basis to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business or to comply with obligations to government regulators;
- Service providers, including the Funds' affiliates, who assist the Funds as part of the ordinary course of business (such as printing, mailing services, or processing or servicing your account with us) or otherwise perform services on the Funds' behalf, including companies that may perform statistical analysis, market research and marketing services solely for the Funds;
- Permit access to transfer, whether in the United States or countries outside of the United States to such Funds' employees, agents and affiliates and service providers as required to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business, or to comply with obligations to government regulators;
- The Funds' representatives such as legal counsel, accountants and auditors to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business, or to comply with obligations to government regulators;
- · Fiduciaries or representatives acting on your behalf, such as an IRA custodian or trustee of a grantor trust.

Except as otherwise permitted by applicable law, companies acting on the Funds' behalf, including those outside the United States, are contractually obligated to keep nonpublic personal information the Funds provide to them confidential and to use the information the Funds share only to provide the services the Funds ask them to perform.

The Funds may disclose nonpublic personal information about you when necessary to enforce their rights or protect against fraud, or as permitted or required by applicable law, such as in connection with a law enforcement or regulatory request, subpoena, or similar legal process. In the event of a corporate action or in the event a Fund service provider changes, the Funds may be required to disclose your nonpublic personal information to third parties. While it is the Funds' practice to obtain protections for disclosed information in these types of transactions, the Funds cannot guarantee their privacy policy will remain unchanged.

Keeping You Informed of the Funds' Privacy and Security Practices

The Funds will notify you annually of their privacy policy as required by federal law. While the Funds reserve the right to modify this policy at any time they will notify you promptly if this privacy policy changes.

The Funds' Security Practices

The Funds maintain appropriate physical, electronic and procedural safeguards designed to guard your nonpublic personal information. The Funds' internal data security policies restrict access to your nonpublic personal information to authorized employees, who may use your nonpublic personal information for Fund business purposes only.

Although the Funds strive to protect your nonpublic personal information, they cannot ensure or warrant the security of any information you provide or transmit to them, and you do so at your own risk. In the event of a breach of the confidentiality or security of your nonpublic personal information, the Funds will attempt to notify you as necessary so you can take appropriate protective steps. If you have consented to the Funds using electronic communications or electronic delivery of statements, they may notify you under such circumstances using the most current email address you have on record with them.

In order for the Funds to provide effective service to you, keeping your account information accurate is very important. If you believe that your account information is incomplete, not accurate or not current, if you have questions about the Funds' privacy practices, or our use of your nonpublic personal information, write the Funds using the contact information on your account statements, email the Funds by clicking on the Contact Us section of the Funds' website at www.leggmason.com, or contact the Funds at 1-877-721-1926. Revised April 2018.

Western Asset Core Bond Fund

You may visit www.leggmason.com/mutualfundsliterature for a free copy of a Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") or an Annual or Semi-Annual Report.

Shareholder reports Additional information about the fund's investments is available in the fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to shareholders. In the fund's Annual Report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the fund's performance during its last fiscal year. The independent registered public accounting firm's report and financial statements in the fund's Annual Report are incorporated by reference into (are legally a part of) this Prospectus (https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/863520/000119312520058196/d83591dncsr.htm).

The fund sends only one report to a household if more than one account has the same last name and same address. Contact your Service Agent or the fund if you do not want this policy to apply to you.

Statement of additional information The SAI provides more detailed information about the fund and is incorporated by reference into (is legally a part of) this Prospectus.

You can make inquiries about the fund or obtain shareholder reports or the SAI (without charge) by contacting your Service Agent, by calling the fund at 1-877-721-1926, or by writing to the fund at 100 First Stamford Place, Attn: Shareholder Services – 5th Floor, Stamford, Connecticut 06902.

Reports and other information about the fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of this information may be obtained for a duplicating fee by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

If someone makes a statement about the fund that is not in this Prospectus, you should not rely upon that information. Neither the fund nor the distributor is offering to sell shares of the fund to any person to whom the fund may not lawfully sell its shares.